

International Journal of Modern Physics B
Vol. 24, No. 8 (2010) 835–935
© World Scientific Publishing Company
DOI: 10.1142/S0217979210055378

BOGOLIUBOV'S VISION: QUASIAVERAGES AND BROKEN SYMMETRY TO QUANTUM PROTECTORATE AND EMERGENCE

A. L. KUZEMSKY

Bogoliubov Laboratory of Theoretical Physics, Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, 141980 Dubna, Moscow Region, Russia. http://theor.jinr.ru/~kuzemsky kuzemsky@theor.jinr.ru

Received 17 February 2010

In the present interdisciplinary review, we focus on the applications of the symmetry principles to quantum and statistical physics in connection with some other branches of science. The profound and innovative idea of quasiaverages formulated by N. N. Bo-goliubov, gives the so-called macro-objectivation of the degeneracy in the domain of quantum statistical mechanics, quantum field theory and quantum physics in general. We discuss the complementary unifying ideas of modern physics, namely: spontaneous symmetry breaking, quantum protectorate and emergence. The interrelation of the concepts of symmetry breaking, quasiaverages and quantum protectorate was analyzed in the context of quantum theory and statistical physics. The chief purposes of this paper were to demonstrate the connection and interrelation of these concepts, though different in details, have certain common features. Several problems in the field of statistical physics of complex materials and systems (e.g., the chirality of molecules) and the foundations of the microscopic theory of magnetism and superconductivity were discussed in relation to these ideas.

Keywords: Symmetry principles; the breaking of symmetries; statistical physics and condensed matter physics; quasiaverages; Bogoliubov's inequality; quantum protectorate; emergence; chirality; quantum theory of magnetism; theory of superconductivity.

1. Introduction

There have been many interesting and important developments in statistical physics during the past decades. It is well-known that symmetry principles play a crucial role in physics.^{1–8} The theory of symmetry is a basic tool for understanding and formulating the fundamental notions of physics.^{9,10} Symmetry considerations show that symmetry arguments are very powerful tools for bringing order into the very complicated picture of the real world.^{11–14} As was rightly noticed by R. L. Mills, "symmetry is a driving force in the shaping of physical theory".¹⁵ According to D. Gross, "the primary lesson of physics of this century is that the secret of nature

Contents

1	Introduction	2
2	Gauge Invariance	4
3	Spontaneous Symmetry Breaking	6
4	Goldstone Theorem	10
5	Higgs Phenomenon	12
6	Chiral Symmetry	13
7	Quantum Protectorate	16
8	 Emergent Phenomena 8.1 Quantum Mechanics And Its Emergent Macrophysics	18 19 21
9	Magnetic Degrees of Freedom and Models of Magnetism9.1Ising Model.9.2Heisenberg Model.9.3Itinerant Electron Model.9.4Hubbard Model.9.5Multi-Band Models. Model with $s - d$ Hybridization.9.6Spin-Fermion Model.9.7Symmetry and Physics of Magnetism.9.8Quantum Protectorate and Microscopic Models of Magnetism.	 23 24 25 27 28 29 30 30 32
10	Bogoliubov's Quasiaverages in Statistical Mechanics 10.1 Bogoliubov Theorem on the Singularity of $1/q^2$	33 40 43
	Broken Symmetries and Condensed Matter Physics 11.1 Superconductivity 11.2 Antiferromagnetism 11.3 Bose Systems Conclusions and Discussions	51 53 57 62 64

