



NEW TRENDS IN HIGH-ENERGY PHYSICS

24-30 September 2018

Montenegro/Europe
Budva, Becici

Splendid Hotel,
Conference Hall



WHAT MAKES US THINK THAT PHYSICS BEYOND THE STANDARD MODEL EXISTS?

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BLTP JINR



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The Standard Model of Fundamental Interactions

Higgs Sector

Neutrino Sector

Flavour Sector

Dark Matter

New particles and Interactions

THE LAGRANGIAN

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{gauge} + \mathcal{L}_{fermion} + \mathcal{L}_{Higgs}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{gauge} = -\frac{1}{4} G_{\mu\nu}^c G_{\mu\nu}^c + i\bar{L}_\alpha \gamma^\mu D_\mu L_\alpha + i\bar{U}_\alpha \gamma^\mu D_\mu U_\alpha + i\bar{N}_\alpha \gamma^\mu D_\mu N_\alpha$$

$$+ i\bar{L}_\alpha \gamma^\mu D_\mu L_\alpha + i\bar{U}_\alpha \gamma^\mu D_\mu U_\alpha + i\bar{N}_\alpha \gamma^\mu D_\mu N_\alpha$$

$$+ i\bar{N}_\alpha \gamma^\mu D_\mu N_\alpha$$

\mathcal{L}_{Yuk}

$$+ y_{\alpha\beta}^L \bar{L}_\alpha E_\beta H + y_{\alpha\beta}^N \bar{L}_\alpha N_\beta H$$

$$+ y_{\alpha\beta}^N \bar{L}_\alpha N_\beta H$$

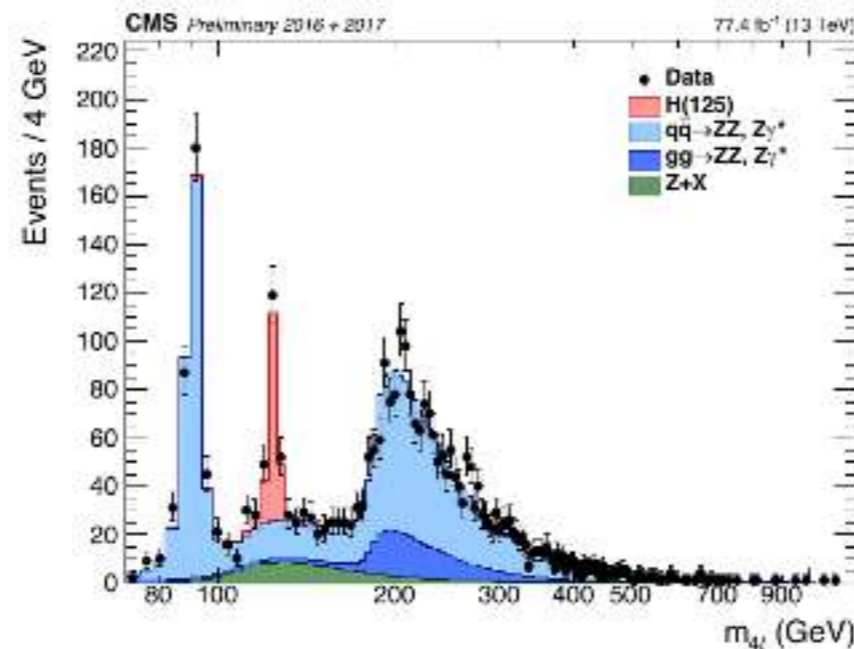
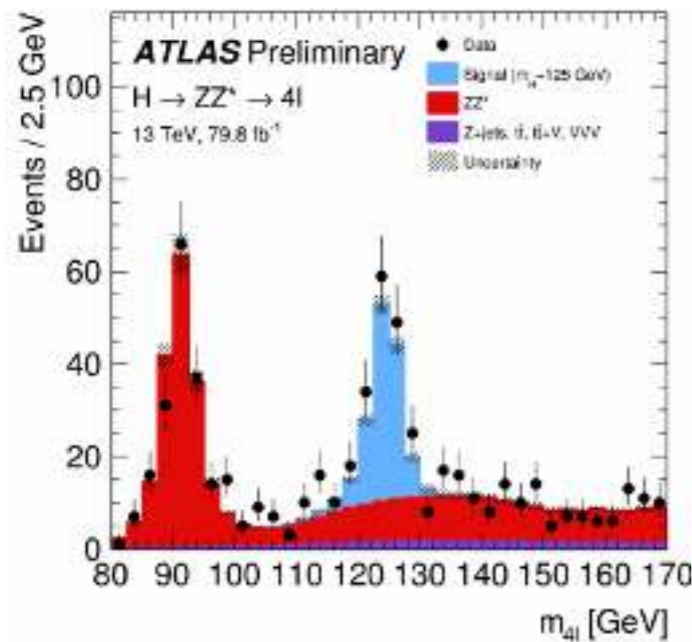
$$\mathcal{L}_{Higgs} = -V =$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{SM} = & -\frac{1}{2} \partial_\nu g_\mu^a \partial_\nu g_\mu^a - g_s f^{abc} \partial_\mu g_\nu^a g_\mu^b g_\nu^c - \frac{1}{4} g_s^2 f^{abc} f^{ade} g_\mu^b g_\nu^c g_\mu^d g_\nu^e - \partial_\nu W_\mu^+ \partial_\nu W_\mu^- - \\ & M^2 W_\mu^+ W_\mu^- - \frac{1}{2} \partial_\nu Z_\mu^0 \partial_\nu Z_\mu^0 - \frac{1}{2c_w^2} M^2 Z_\mu^0 Z_\mu^0 - \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu A_\nu \partial_\mu A_\nu - igc_w (\partial_\nu Z_\mu^0 (W_\mu^+ W_\nu^- - \\ & W_\nu^+ W_\mu^-) - Z_\nu^0 (W_\mu^+ \partial_\nu W_\mu^- - W_\mu^- \partial_\nu W_\mu^+) + Z_\mu^0 (W_\nu^+ \partial_\nu W_\mu^- - W_\nu^- \partial_\nu W_\mu^+)) - \\ & igs_w (\partial_\nu A_\mu (W_\mu^+ W_\nu^- - W_\nu^+ W_\mu^-) - A_\nu (W_\mu^+ \partial_\nu W_\mu^- - W_\mu^- \partial_\nu W_\mu^+) + A_\mu (W_\nu^+ \partial_\nu W_\mu^- - \\ & W_\nu^- \partial_\nu W_\mu^+)) - \frac{1}{2} g^2 W_\mu^+ W_\mu^- W_\nu^+ W_\nu^- + \frac{1}{2} g^2 W_\mu^+ W_\nu^- W_\mu^- W_\nu^+ + g^2 c_w^2 (Z_\mu^0 W_\mu^+ Z_\nu^0 W_\nu^- - \\ & Z_\mu^0 Z_\nu^0 W_\mu^+ W_\nu^-) + g^2 s_w^2 (A_\mu W_\mu^+ A_\nu W_\nu^- - A_\mu A_\nu W_\mu^+ W_\nu^-) + g^2 s_w c_w (A_\mu Z_\nu^0 (W_\mu^+ W_\nu^- - \\ & W_\nu^+ W_\mu^-) - 2A_\mu Z_\nu^0 W_\mu^+ W_\nu^-) - \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu H \partial_\mu H - 2M^2 \alpha_h H^2 - \partial_\mu \phi^+ \partial_\mu \phi^- - \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu \phi^0 \partial_\mu \phi^0 - \\ & \beta_h \left(\frac{2M^2}{g^2} + \frac{2M}{g} H + \frac{1}{2} (H^2 + \phi^0 \phi^0 + 2\phi^+ \phi^-) \right) + \frac{2M^4}{g^2} \alpha_h - \\ & g\alpha_h M (H^3 + H\phi^0 \phi^0 + 2H\phi^+ \phi^-) - \\ & \frac{1}{8} g^2 \alpha_h (H^4 + (\phi^0)^4 + 4(\phi^+ \phi^-)^2 + 4(\phi^0)^2 \phi^+ \phi^- + 4H^2 \phi^+ \phi^- + 2(\phi^0)^2 H^2) - \\ & gMW_\mu^+ W_\mu^- H - \frac{1}{2} g \frac{M}{c_w^2} Z_\mu^0 Z_\mu^0 H - \\ & \frac{1}{2} ig (W_\mu^+ (\phi^0 \partial_\mu \phi^- - \phi^- \partial_\mu \phi^0) - W_\mu^- (\phi^0 \partial_\mu \phi^+ - \phi^+ \partial_\mu \phi^0)) + \\ & \frac{1}{2} g (W_\mu^+ (H \partial_\mu \phi^- - \phi^- \partial_\mu H) + W_\mu^- (H \partial_\mu \phi^+ - \phi^+ \partial_\mu H)) + \frac{1}{2} g \frac{1}{c_w} (Z_\mu^0 (H \partial_\mu \phi^0 - \phi^0 \partial_\mu H) + \\ & M (\frac{1}{c_w} Z_\mu^0 \partial_\mu \phi^0 + W_\mu^+ \partial_\mu \phi^- + W_\mu^- \partial_\mu \phi^+) - ig \frac{s_w^2}{c_w} M Z_\mu^0 (W_\mu^+ \phi^- - W_\mu^- \phi^+) + igs_w M A_\mu (W_\mu^+ \phi^- - \\ & W_\mu^- \phi^+) - ig \frac{1-2c_w^2}{2c_w} Z_\mu^0 (\phi^+ \partial_\mu \phi^- - \phi^- \partial_\mu \phi^+) + igs_w A_\mu (\phi^+ \partial_\mu \phi^- - \phi^- \partial_\mu \phi^+) - \\ & \frac{1}{4} g^2 W_\mu^+ W_\mu^- (H^2 + (\phi^0)^2 + 2\phi^+ \phi^-) - \frac{1}{8} g^2 \frac{1}{c_w^2} Z_\mu^0 Z_\mu^0 (H^2 + (\phi^0)^2 + 2(2s_w^2 - 1)^2 \phi^+ \phi^-) - \\ & \frac{1}{2} g^2 \frac{s_w^2}{c_w} Z_\mu^0 \phi^0 (W_\mu^+ \phi^- + W_\mu^- \phi^+) - \frac{1}{2} ig^2 \frac{s_w^2}{c_w} Z_\mu^0 H (W_\mu^+ \phi^- - W_\mu^- \phi^+) + \frac{1}{2} g^2 s_w A_\mu \phi^0 (W_\mu^+ \phi^- + \\ & W_\mu^- \phi^+) + \frac{1}{2} ig^2 s_w A_\mu H (W_\mu^+ \phi^- - W_\mu^- \phi^+) - g^2 \frac{s_w}{c_w} (2c_w^2 - 1) Z_\mu^0 A_\mu \phi^+ \phi^- - \\ & g^2 s_w^2 A_\mu A_\mu \phi^+ \phi^- + \frac{1}{2} ig_s \lambda_{ij}^a (\bar{q}_i^\alpha \gamma^\mu q_j^\alpha) g_\mu^a - \bar{e}^\lambda (\gamma \partial + m_e^\lambda) e^\lambda - \bar{\nu}^\lambda (\gamma \partial + m_\nu^\lambda) \nu^\lambda - \bar{u}_j^\lambda (\gamma \partial + \\ & m_u^\lambda) u_j^\lambda - \bar{d}_j^\lambda (\gamma \partial + m_d^\lambda) d_j^\lambda + igs_w A_\mu (-\bar{e}^\lambda \gamma^\mu e^\lambda + \frac{2}{3} (\bar{u}_j^\lambda \gamma^\mu u_j^\lambda) - \frac{1}{3} (\bar{d}_j^\lambda \gamma^\mu d_j^\lambda)) + \\ & \frac{ig}{4c_w} Z_\mu^0 \{ (\bar{\nu}^\lambda \gamma^\mu (1 + \gamma^5) \nu^\lambda) + (\bar{e}^\lambda \gamma^\mu (4s_w^2 - 1 - \gamma^5) e^\lambda) + (\bar{d}_j^\lambda \gamma^\mu (\frac{4}{3}s_w^2 - 1 - \gamma^5) d_j^\lambda) + \\ & (\bar{u}_j^\lambda \gamma^\mu (1 - \frac{8}{3}s_w^2 + \gamma^5) u_j^\lambda) \} + \frac{ig}{2\sqrt{2}} W_\mu^+ ((\bar{\nu}^\lambda \gamma^\mu (1 + \gamma^5) U^{lep}{}_{\lambda\kappa} e^\kappa) + (\bar{u}_j^\lambda \gamma^\mu (1 + \gamma^5) C_{\lambda\kappa} d_j^\kappa)) + \\ & \frac{ig}{2\sqrt{2}} W_\mu^- ((\bar{e}^\lambda U^{lep}{}_{\kappa\lambda}^\dagger \gamma^\mu (1 + \gamma^5) \nu^\lambda) + (\bar{d}_j^\lambda C_{\kappa\lambda}^\dagger \gamma^\mu (1 + \gamma^5) u_j^\lambda)) + \\ & \frac{ig}{2M\sqrt{2}} \phi^+ (-m_e^\kappa (\bar{\nu}^\lambda U^{lep}{}_{\lambda\kappa} (1 - \gamma^5) e^\kappa) + m_\nu^\lambda (\bar{\nu}^\lambda U^{lep}{}_{\lambda\kappa} (1 + \gamma^5) e^\kappa) + \\ & \frac{ig}{2M\sqrt{2}} \phi^- (m_e^\lambda (\bar{e}^\lambda U^{lep}{}_{\lambda\kappa}^\dagger (1 + \gamma^5) \nu^\kappa) - m_\nu^\kappa (\bar{e}^\lambda U^{lep}{}_{\lambda\kappa}^\dagger (1 - \gamma^5) \nu^\kappa) - \frac{g}{2} \frac{m_\nu^\lambda}{M} H (\bar{\nu}^\lambda \nu^\lambda) - \\ & \frac{g}{2} \frac{m_\nu^\lambda}{M} H (\bar{e}^\lambda e^\lambda) + \frac{ig}{2} \frac{m_\nu^\lambda}{M} \phi^0 (\bar{\nu}^\lambda \gamma^5 \nu^\lambda) - \frac{ig}{2} \frac{m_\nu^\lambda}{M} \phi^0 (\bar{e}^\lambda \gamma^5 e^\lambda) - \frac{1}{4} \bar{\nu}_\lambda M_{\lambda\kappa}^R (1 - \gamma_5) \bar{\nu}_\kappa - \\ & \frac{1}{4} \bar{\nu}_\lambda M_{\lambda\kappa}^R (1 - \gamma_5) \bar{\nu}_\kappa + \frac{ig}{2M\sqrt{2}} \phi^+ (-m_d^\kappa (\bar{u}_j^\lambda C_{\lambda\kappa} (1 - \gamma^5) d_j^\kappa) + m_u^\lambda (\bar{u}_j^\lambda C_{\lambda\kappa} (1 + \gamma^5) d_j^\kappa) + \\ & \frac{ig}{2M\sqrt{2}} \phi^- (m_d^\lambda (\bar{d}_j^\lambda C_{\lambda\kappa}^\dagger (1 + \gamma^5) u_j^\kappa) - m_u^\kappa (\bar{d}_j^\lambda C_{\lambda\kappa}^\dagger (1 - \gamma^5) u_j^\kappa) - \frac{g}{2} \frac{m_u^\lambda}{M} H (\bar{u}_j^\lambda u_j^\lambda) - \\ & \frac{g}{2} \frac{m_u^\lambda}{M} H (\bar{d}_j^\lambda d_j^\lambda) + \frac{ig}{2} \frac{m_u^\lambda}{M} \phi^0 (\bar{u}_j^\lambda \gamma^5 u_j^\lambda) - \frac{ig}{2} \frac{m_u^\lambda}{M} \phi^0 (\bar{d}_j^\lambda \gamma^5 d_j^\lambda) + \bar{G}^a \partial^2 G^a + g_s f^{abc} \partial_\mu \bar{G}^a G^b g_\mu^c + \\ & \bar{X}^+ (\partial^2 - M^2) X^+ + \bar{X}^- (\partial^2 - M^2) X^- + \bar{X}^0 (\partial^2 - \frac{M^2}{c_w^2}) X^0 + \bar{Y} \partial^2 Y + igc_w W_\mu^+ (\partial_\mu \bar{X}^0 X^- - \\ & \partial_\mu \bar{X}^+ X^0) + igs_w W_\mu^+ (\partial_\mu \bar{Y} X^- - \partial_\mu \bar{X}^+ Y) + igc_w W_\mu^- (\partial_\mu \bar{X}^- X^0 - \\ & \partial_\mu \bar{X}^0 X^+) + igs_w W_\mu^- (\partial_\mu \bar{X}^- Y - \partial_\mu \bar{Y} X^+) + igc_w Z_\mu^0 (\partial_\mu \bar{X}^+ X^+ - \\ & \partial_\mu \bar{X}^- X^-) + igs_w A_\mu (\partial_\mu \bar{X}^+ X^+ - \\ & \partial_\mu \bar{X}^- X^-) - \frac{1}{2} g M (\bar{X}^+ X^+ H + \bar{X}^- X^- H + \frac{1}{c_w^2} \bar{X}^0 X^0 H) + \frac{1-2c_w^2}{2c_w} ig M (\bar{X}^+ X^0 \phi^+ - \bar{X}^- X^0 \phi^-) + \\ & \frac{1}{2c_w} ig M (\bar{X}^0 X^- \phi^+ - \bar{X}^0 X^+ \phi^-) + ig M s_w (\bar{X}^0 X^- \phi^+ - \bar{X}^0 X^+ \phi^-) + \\ & \frac{1}{2} ig M (\bar{X}^+ X^+ \phi^0 - \bar{X}^- X^- \phi^0) . \end{aligned}$$

All these parameters are not predicted

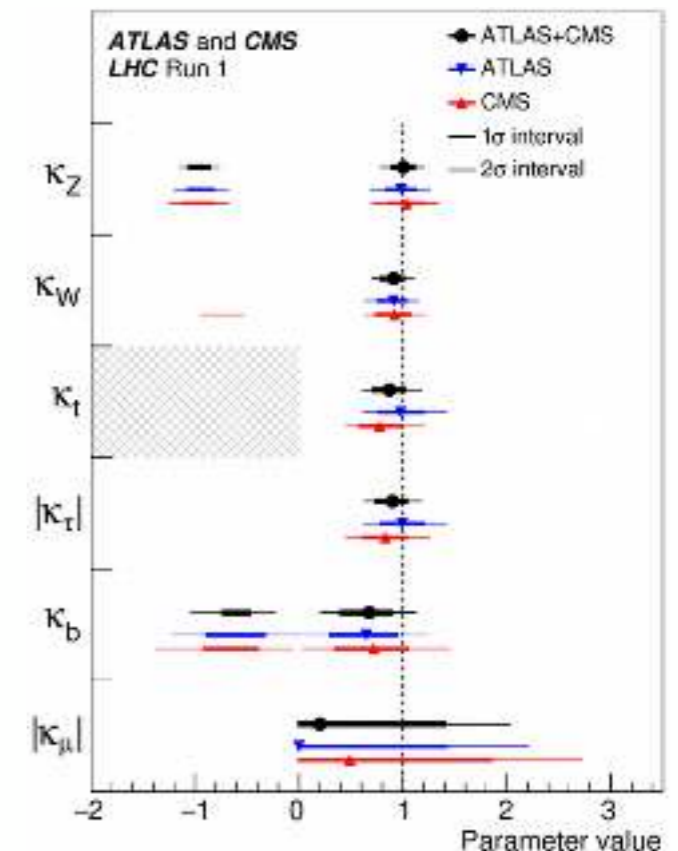
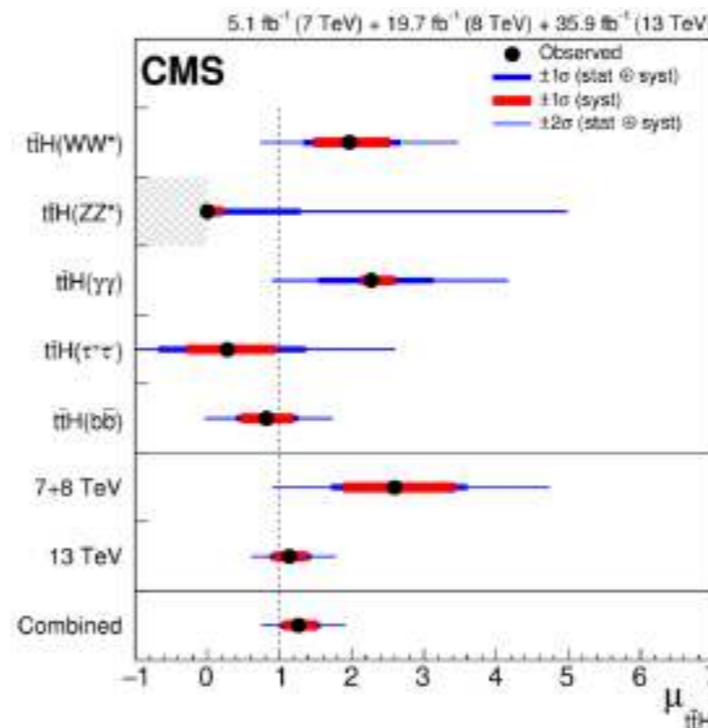
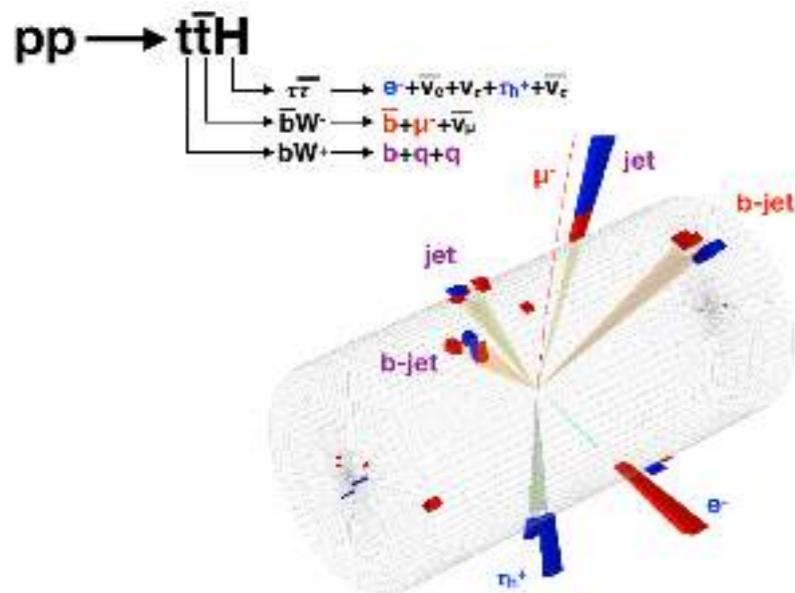
Higgs bosons - entering precision era

Run-2 analyses with 80 fb^{-1} for the first time – higher precision is coming!



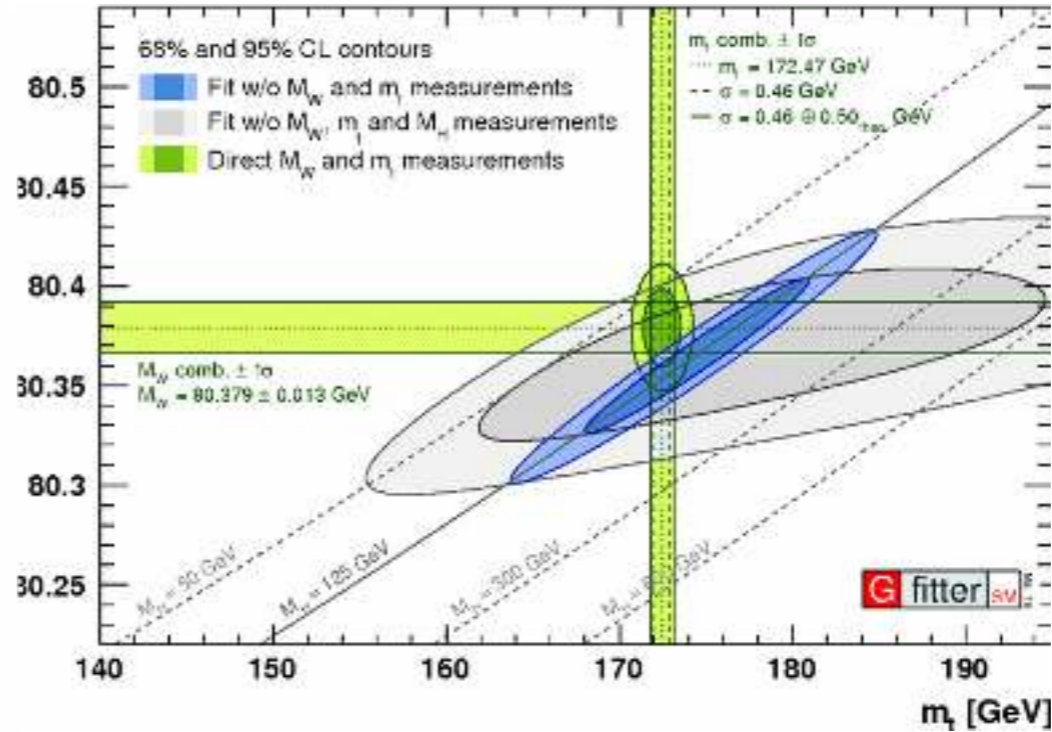
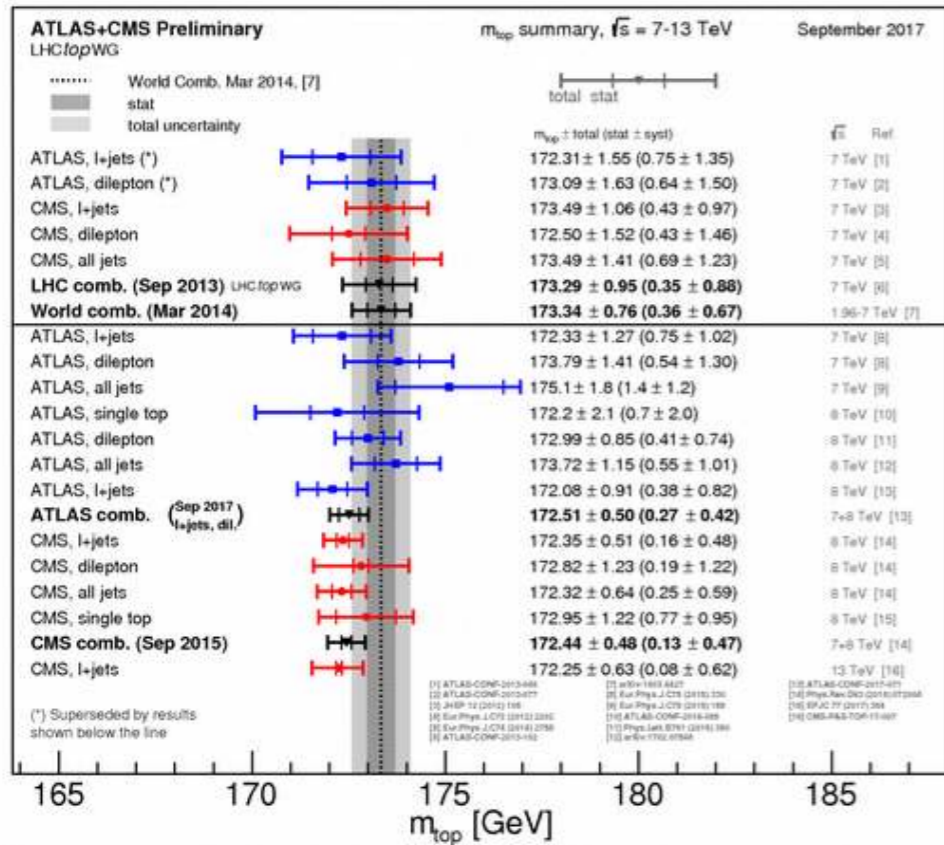
D. Charlton
 LHCp2018

ttH observation



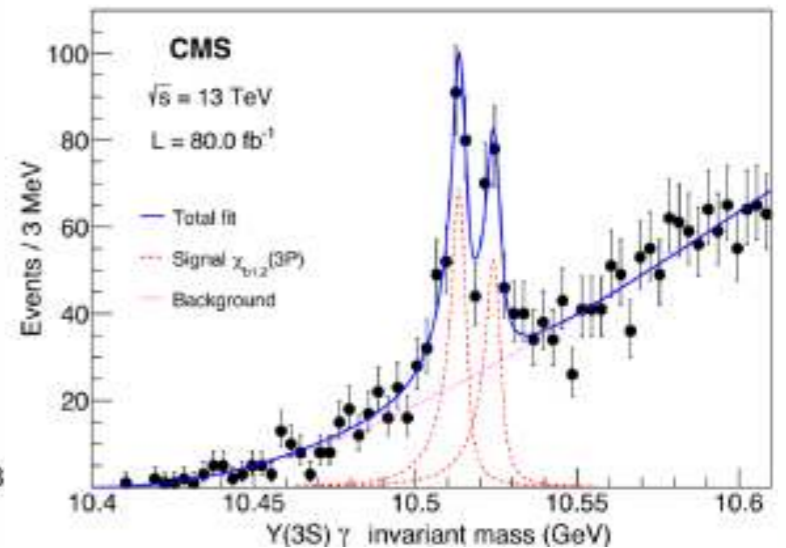
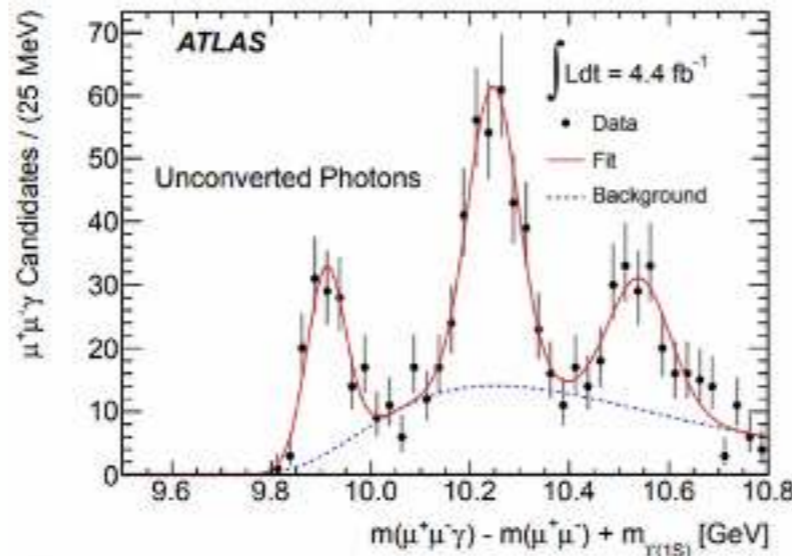
Precision EW mass measurements

D. Charlton
LHCp2018



Precision spectroscopy!

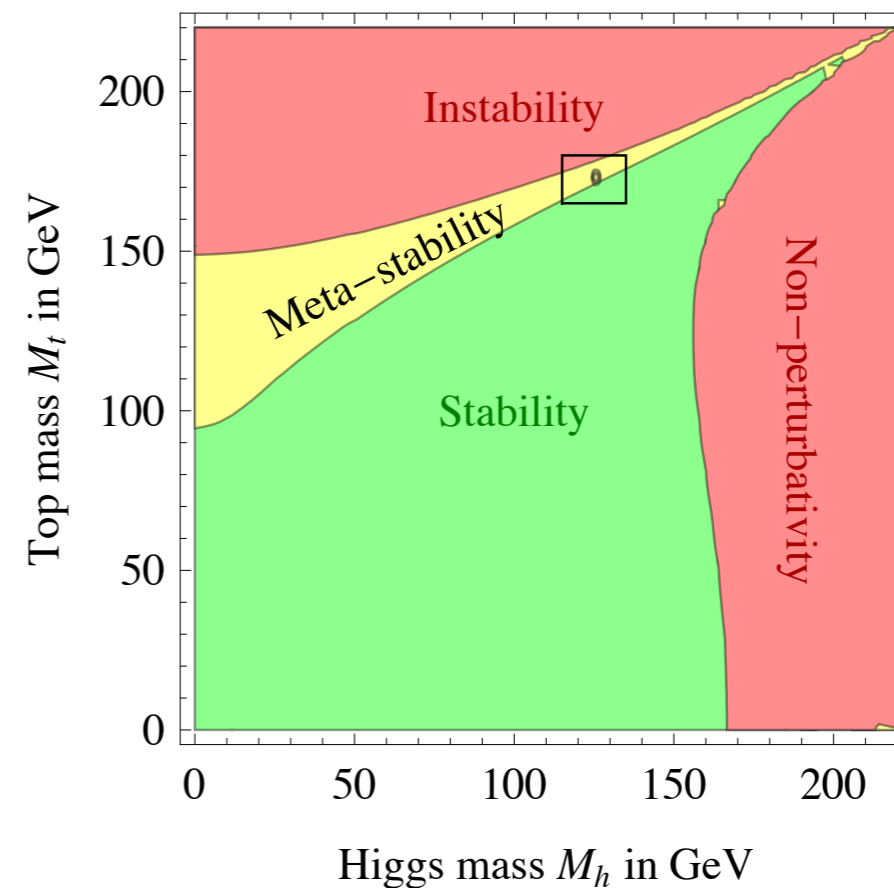
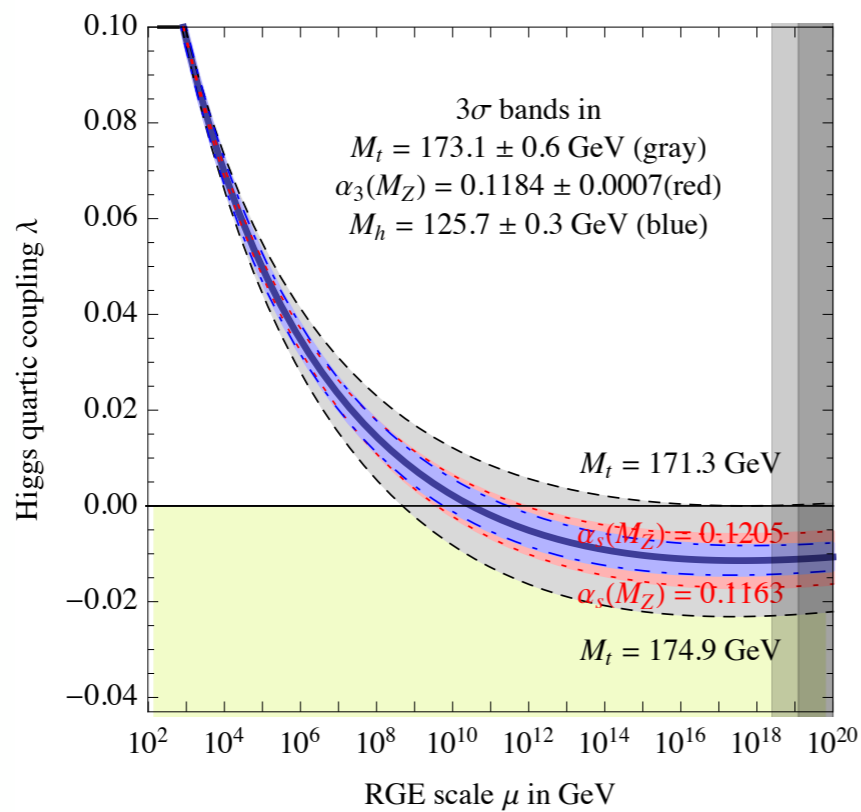
$$m(\chi_{b2}(3P)) - m(\chi_{b2}(3P)) = 10.60 \pm 0.64(\text{stat}) \pm 0.17(\text{syst}) \text{ MeV}$$



THE STANDARD MODEL: THE STATUS REPORT AND OPEN QUESTIONS

The electroweak vacuum is unstable under radiative corrections

The whole construction of the SM may be in trouble being metastable or even unstable



the situation crucially depends on the top and Higgs mass values and requires severe fine-tuning and high accuracy of calculations (3 loops)

Muon anomalous magnetic moment

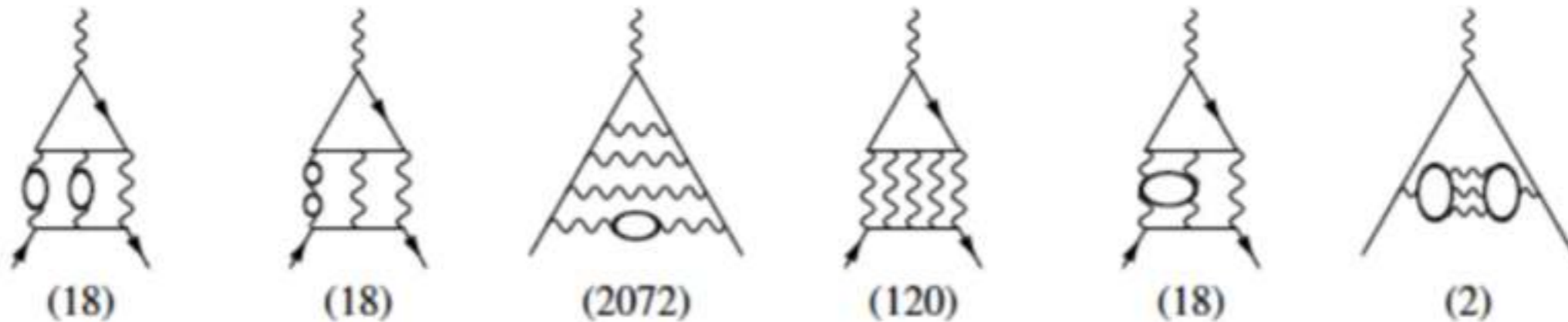
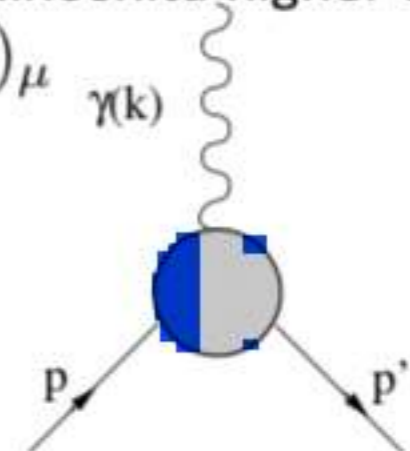
$$ie\bar{u}_\ell(p') \left[\gamma^\mu - \frac{a_\ell}{2m_\ell} i\sigma^{\mu\nu} q_\nu \right] u_\ell(p) \epsilon_\mu^*$$

(Schwinger α/π ,
Kinoshita higher orders in α)

$$q_\mu = (p - p')_\mu$$

Dirac equation predicts $g=2$ $a = (g - 2)/2$

For electron a_e theory and experiment agrees!



$$a_\mu^{th} - a_\mu^{exp} = -(3.06 \pm 0.76) \times 10^{-8} \quad 4\sigma$$

Theory: uncertainty in hadronic contributions to the muon $g - 2$, (Jägerlehner, 1802.08019).
Lattice QCD great progress light-by-light study (RBC & UKQCD, 1801.07224).

Fermilab and J-Park experiments are expected to clarify existing discrepancy!

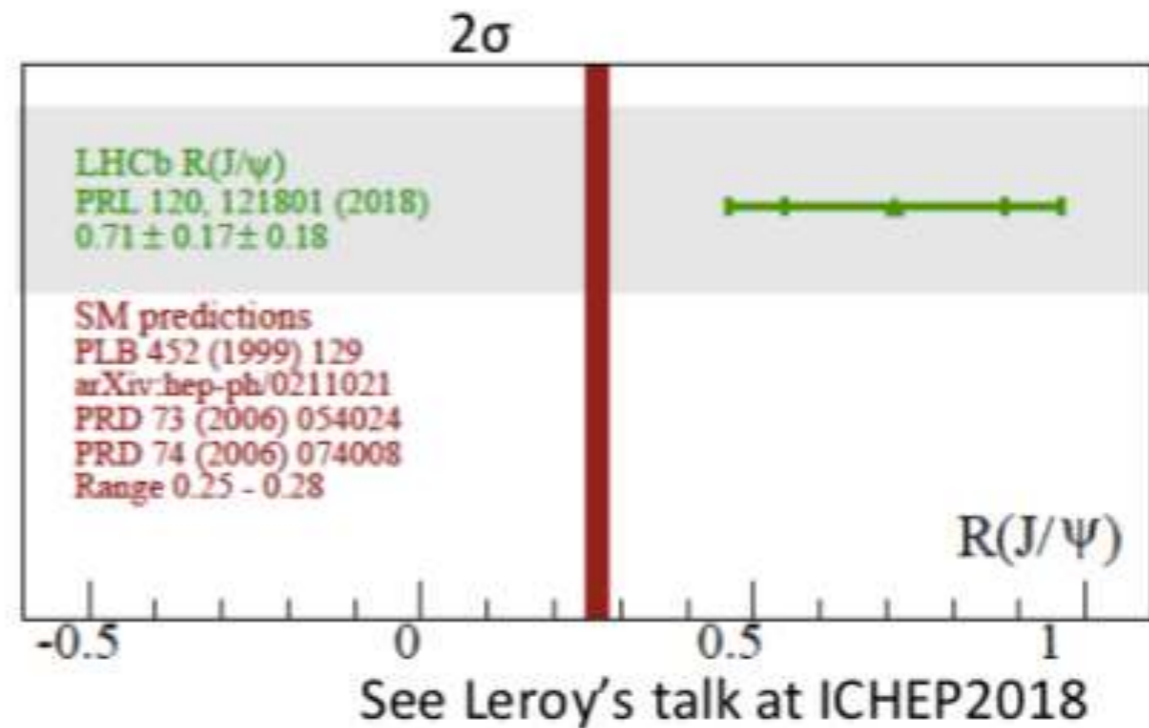
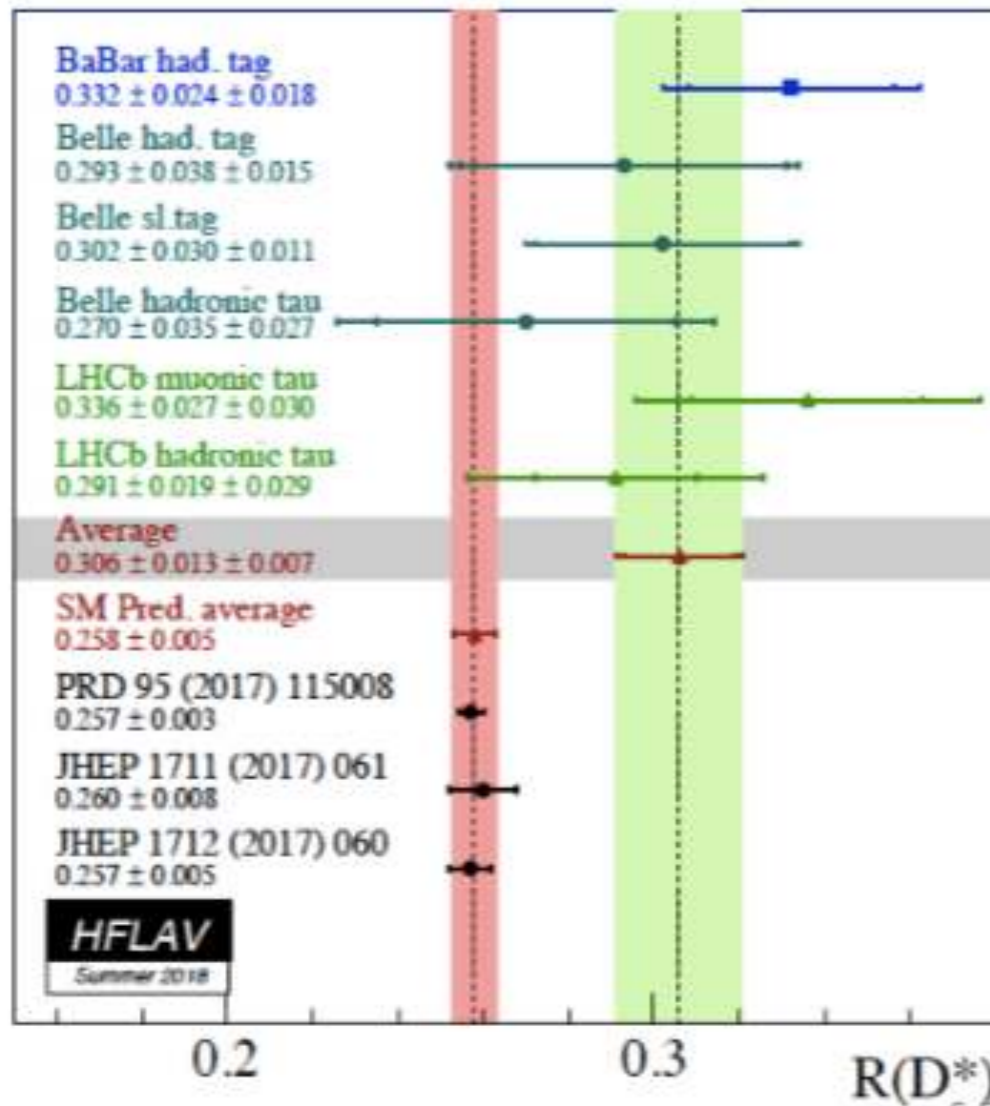
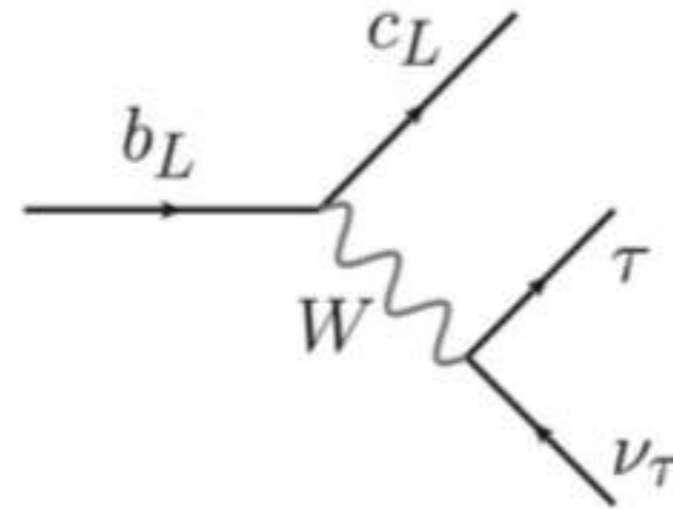
THE STANDARD MODEL: THE STATUS REPORT AND OPEN QUESTIONS

B physics anomalies: experimental results \neq SM predictions!

charged current (SM tree level)

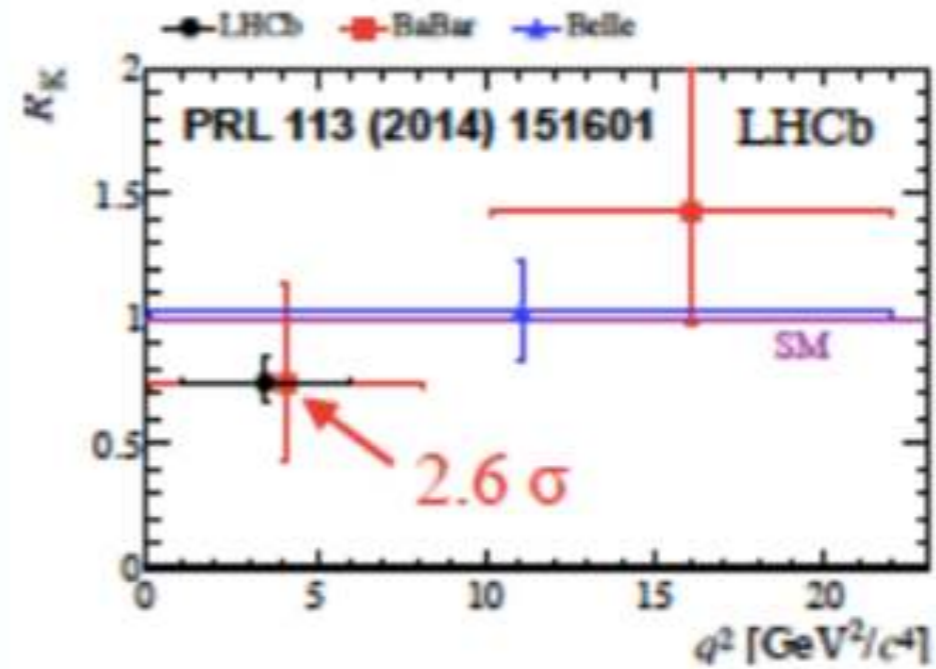
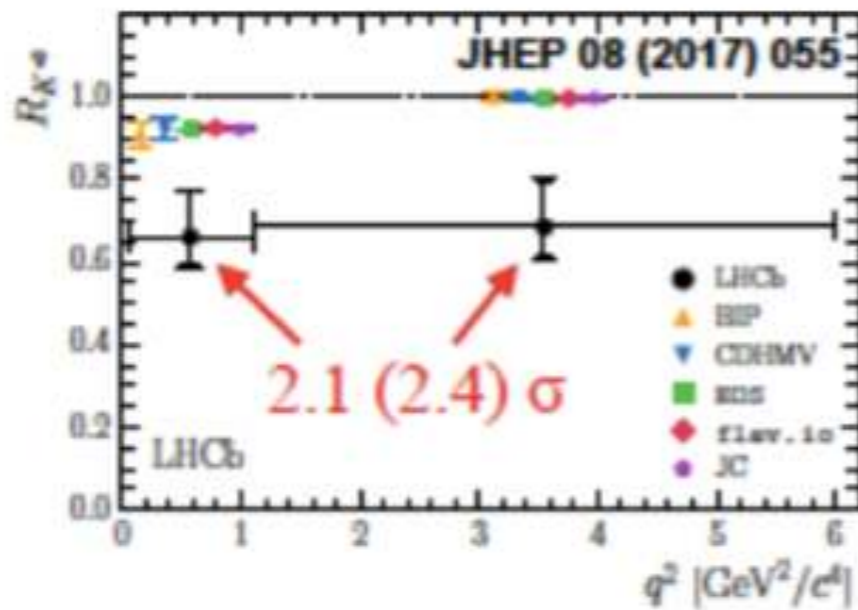
$$R_{D^{(*)}} = \frac{BR(B \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau \nu_\tau)}{BR(B \rightarrow D^{(*)} \mu \nu_\mu)}$$

3.8 σ



FCNC - SM loop process: $R_{K^{(*)}}$ anomaly

$$R_{K^{(*)}} = \frac{BR(B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \mu \mu)}{BR(B \rightarrow K^{(*)} e e)} \Bigg|_{q^2 \in [q_{min}^2, q_{max}^2]}$$

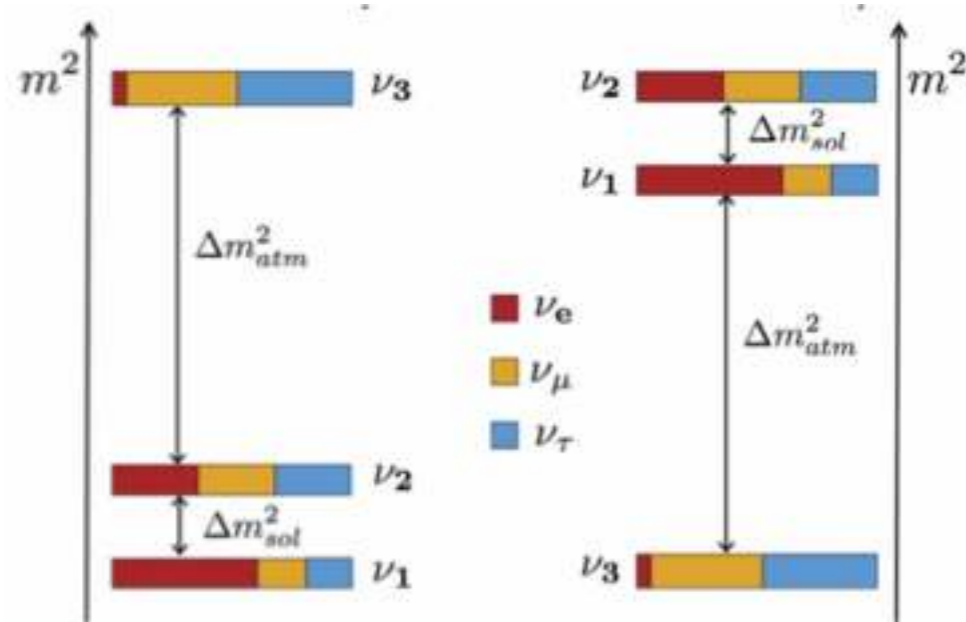


P_5' in $B \rightarrow K^* \mu^+ \mu^-$ (angular distribution functions) 3σ

LHCb: the discrepancy present in $B_s \rightarrow \phi \mu \mu$ and $\Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda \mu \mu$

(see Capriotti talk at ICHEP2018)

Neutrino Physics



- Absolute value of neutrino masses ?
- Mass hierarchy?
- Dirac or Majorana?
- Fourth sterile neutrino?
- Neutrino dark matter?

$$0.06 \text{ eV} < \sum m_\nu < 0.12 \text{ eV}$$

↑
↑
 ν -OSC
CMB

PMNS-matrix parameters are measured with high accuracy of few %

- Normal hierarchy favoured at 3.1σ
- Nonzero CP phase favoured
- Upper octant favoured

parameter	best fit $\pm 1\sigma$	3σ range
Δm_{21}^2 [10^{-5}eV^2]	$7.55^{+0.20}_{-0.16}$	7.05–8.14
$ \Delta m_{31}^2 $ [10^{-3}eV^2] (NO)	2.50 ± 0.03	2.41–2.60
$ \Delta m_{31}^2 $ [10^{-3}eV^2] (IO)	$2.42^{+0.03}_{-0.04}$	2.31–2.51
$\sin^2 \theta_{12} / 10^{-1}$	$3.20^{+0.20}_{-0.16}$	2.73–3.79
$\sin^2 \theta_{23} / 10^{-1}$ (NO)	$5.47^{+0.20}_{-0.30}$	4.45–5.99
$\sin^2 \theta_{23} / 10^{-1}$ (IO)	$5.51^{+0.18}_{-0.30}$	4.53–5.98
$\sin^2 \theta_{13} / 10^{-2}$ (NO)	$2.160^{+0.083}_{-0.069}$	1.96–2.41
$\sin^2 \theta_{13} / 10^{-2}$ (IO)	$2.220^{+0.074}_{-0.076}$	1.99–2.44
δ / π (NO)	$1.32^{+0.21}_{-0.15}$	0.87–1.94
δ / π (IO)	$1.56^{+0.13}_{-0.15}$	1.12–1.94

Is it just the SM or requires New physics?

Three Types of Seesaw Mechanisms

Require the existence of new degrees of freedom (particles) beyond those present in the SM

Type I seesaw mechanism: ν_{IR} - RH ν s' (heavy).

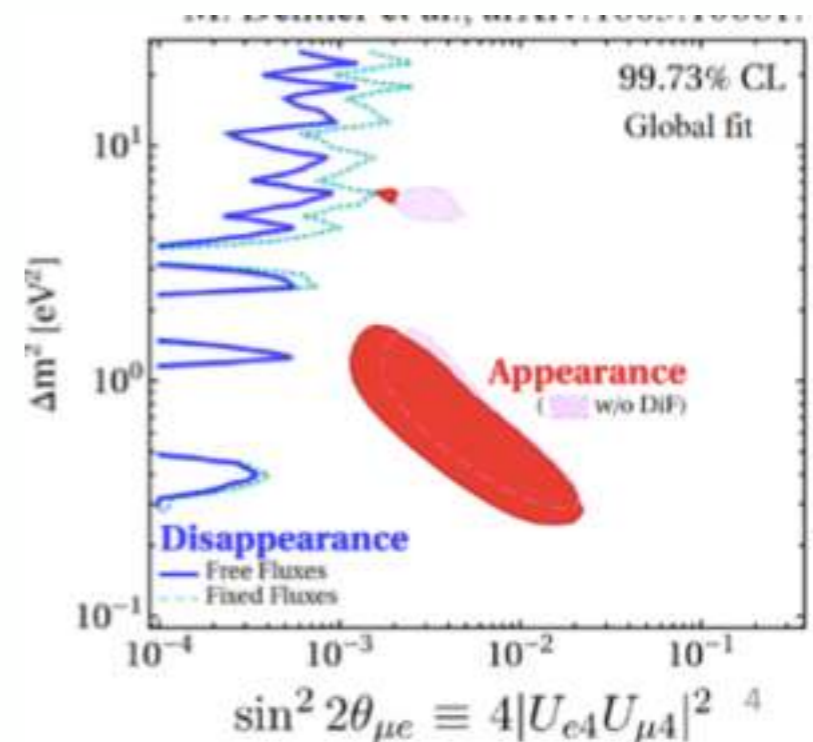
Type II seesaw mechanism: $H(x)$ - a triplet of H^0, H^-, H^{--} Higgs fields.

Type III seesaw mechanism: $T(x)$ - a triplet of fermion fields.

M. Weber ICHEP2018

• Possible Sterile Neutrino?

- **New MiniBooNE consistent with LSND (but low energy excess?)**
- **Reactor anomaly questioned by Daya Bay/RENO time dependence**
- **New SBL and source experiments**
- **Conflict with ν_μ disappearance**



Major problem: 85% of matter is dark and remains invisible!

Is this compatible with the SM?

Does it requires modification of the SM or addition of gravity?

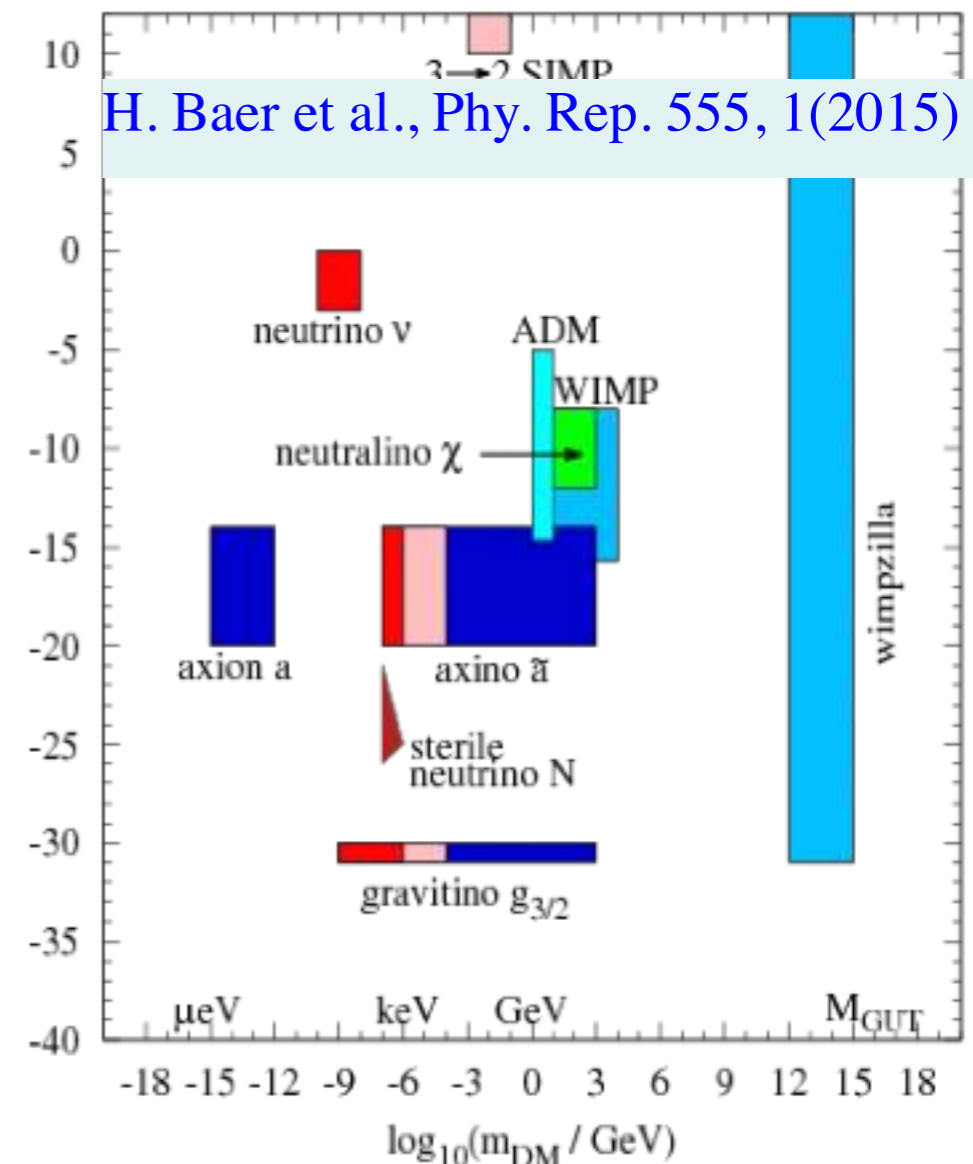
• Many candidates in many orders of magnitude of mass:

- **MOND** (Problems: large scales, Bullet cluster)
- **Primordial black holes** (LIGO, but constraints)
- **Fuzzy** (very light bosons)
- **Warm** (KeV sterile)
- **WIMP**
- **Axions/ALPs**
- **Dark sector**
- **Gravitinos**
- **Moduli**
- **Wimpzillas**



M. Drees

• Direct, indirect, collider



BEYOND THE STANDARD MODEL: THE MASS SPECTRUM AND MIXINGS

- Mass spectrum?

$$m_{quark} = y_{quark} \cdot v$$

$$m_{lepton} = y_{lepton} \cdot v$$

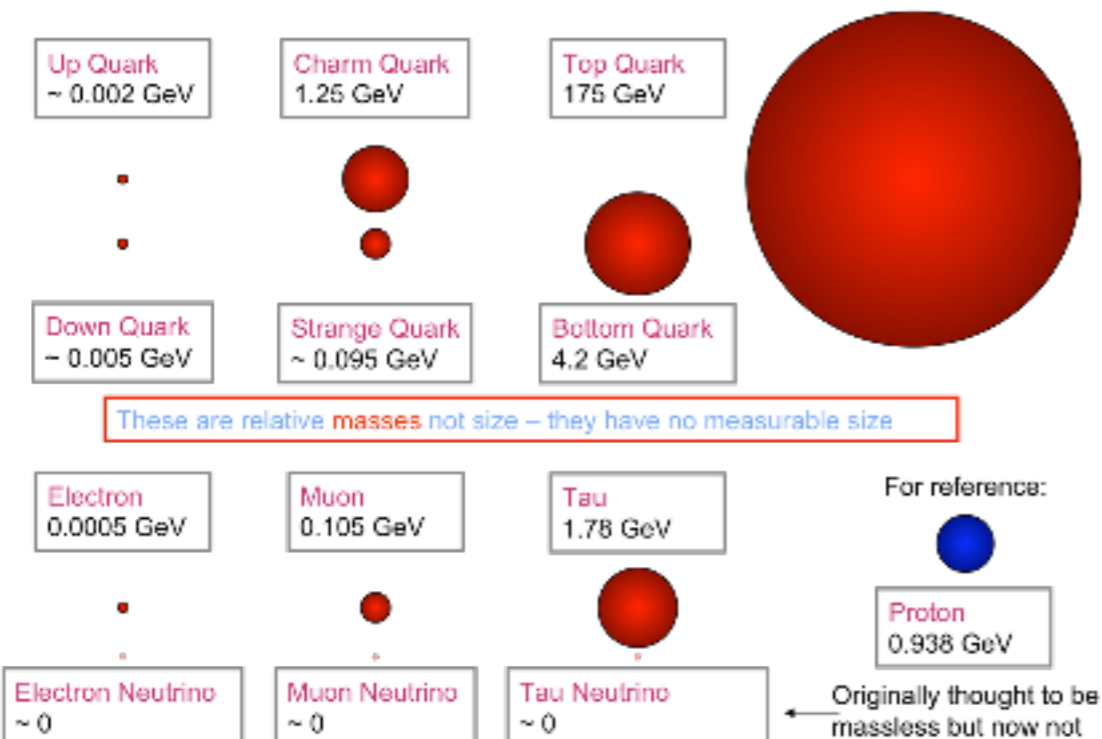
$$m_W = g/\sqrt{2} \cdot v$$

$$m_Z = \sqrt{g^2 + g'^2}/\sqrt{2} \cdot v$$

$$m_H = \sqrt{\lambda} \cdot v$$

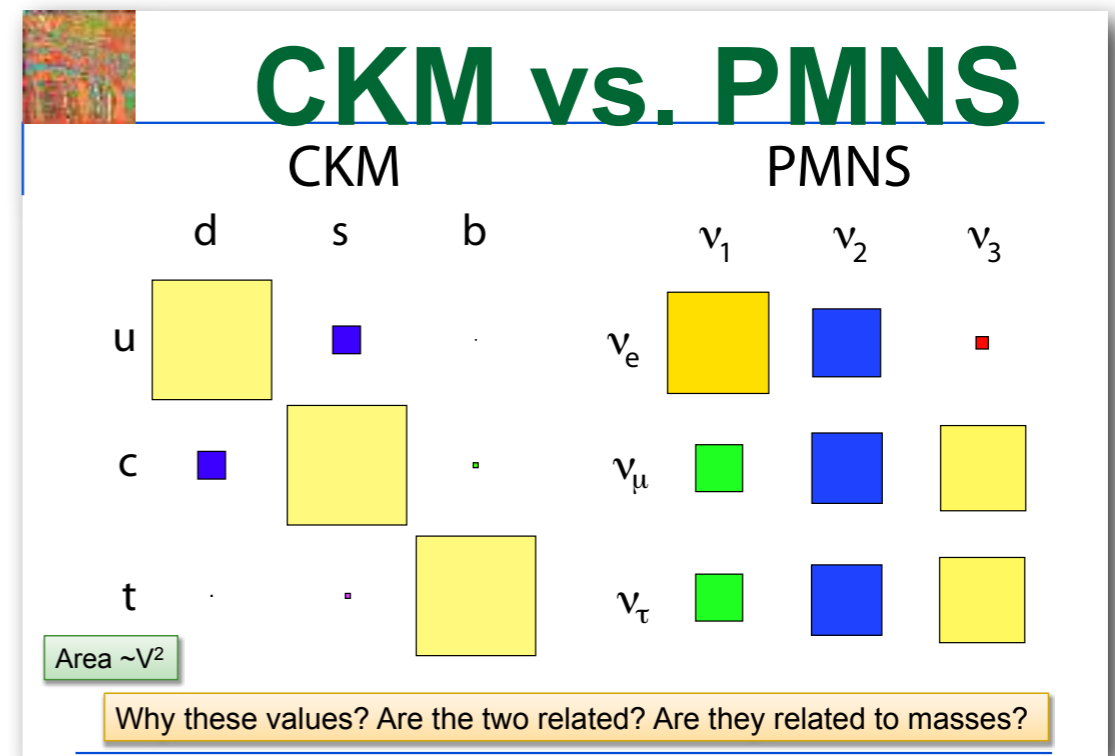
SM $m_\gamma = 0$

$$m_{gluon} = 0$$



- Mixing Matrices?

- Quark-Lepton Symmetry
- Strong difference in parameters



- What are the CKM and PMNS phases?
- Where lies the source of CP violation: in quark or lepton sector?

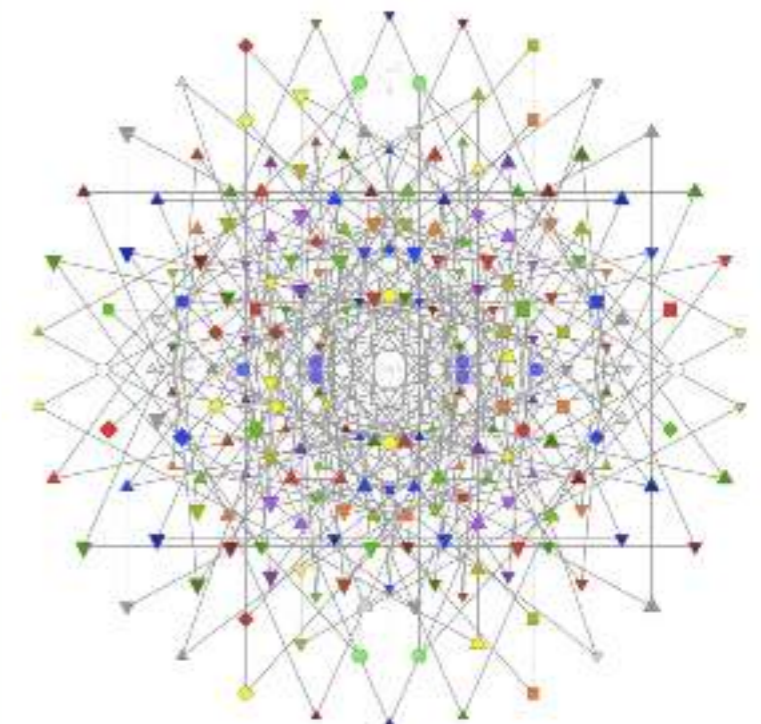
$$J_{CP} = \frac{1}{8} \sin 2\theta_{12} \sin 2\theta_{23} \sin 2\theta_{13} \cos \theta_{13} \sin \delta$$

Neutrino Mixing: New Symmetry?

- $\theta_{12} = \theta_{\odot} \simeq \frac{\pi}{5.4}$, $\theta_{23} = \theta_{\text{atm}} \simeq \frac{\pi}{4}(?)$, $\theta_{13} \simeq \frac{\pi}{20}$

Follows the attempts in quark sector with 30 years delay: so far unsuccessful

$$U_{\text{TBM}} = \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} & 0 \\ -\sqrt{\frac{1}{6}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} & -\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \\ -\sqrt{\frac{1}{6}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}, \quad U_{\text{HGM}} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}$$



Symmetry might be tricky

E8 roots

THE STANDARD MODEL: CONCEPTUAL PROBLEMS

- Baryon asymmetry of the Universe

$$\frac{N(B) - N(\bar{B})}{N_\gamma} \sim (6.19 \pm 0.14) \times 10^{-10}$$

- still not explained
- three conditions (A.D.Sakharov)

- Violation of a thermal equilibrium

A possible scenario in the early Universe when particles drop from thermal equilibrium

violations T invariance \longleftrightarrow $\left(\frac{T}{\cancel{T}}\right)$

2. Violation of baryon number \longleftrightarrow $\left(\frac{B}{\cancel{B}}\right)$ $B = \frac{N_q - N_{\bar{q}}}{3}$

Baryon number is conserved in the SM with exponential accuracy

Violation of baryon number occurs in Grand Unified Theories and in Lepton=fourth color models (Pati-Salam model) } New particles = Leptoquarks, Extended Higgs sector

3. Violation of CP invariance (requires larger CP than in the SM) \longleftrightarrow $\left(\frac{CP}{\cancel{CP}}\right)$

In the SM achieved via phase factors in the CKM and PMNS mixing matrices

The presence of new phase factors in extended models (2HDM, SUSY, etc)

CPT is exact symmetry of Nature

WHAT MAKES US THINK THAT THERE IS PHYSICS BEYOND THE STANDARD MODEL?

- Small discrepancy with experimental data
- Possible new ingredients in neutrino sector (majorana neutrino)
- Instability of electroweak vacuum
- Inability to describe the Dark matter (unless it has pure gravitational nature)
- Baryon asymmetry of the Universe is a fundamental problem (Baryon and Lepton genesis might require new ingredients)
- Lack of understanding of flavor structure of the SM calls for explanation at higher level
- New era in gravity due to discovery of gravitational waves and black holes might change the landscape

Ideas (conventional and not)

- **Symmetries**
 - Supersymmetry, family, ...
- **Compositeness**
 - Higgs, fermions, ...
- **Extra dimensions**
 - large, warped, ...
- **Dark or hidden sectors**
 - Dark, SUSY-breaking, random, ...
- **Unification**
 - GUT, string, ...
- **New dynamical ideas**
 - Relaxion, unnaturalness, clockwork, string instantons, ...
- **Random or environmental**
 - multiverse
- **String remnants**
 - (need not solve SM problem)
 - Z' , vector fermions, extended Higgs, dark, moduli, axions, ...

BEYOND THE STANDARD MODEL: CONCLUSIONS



How Will We Make Progress?

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