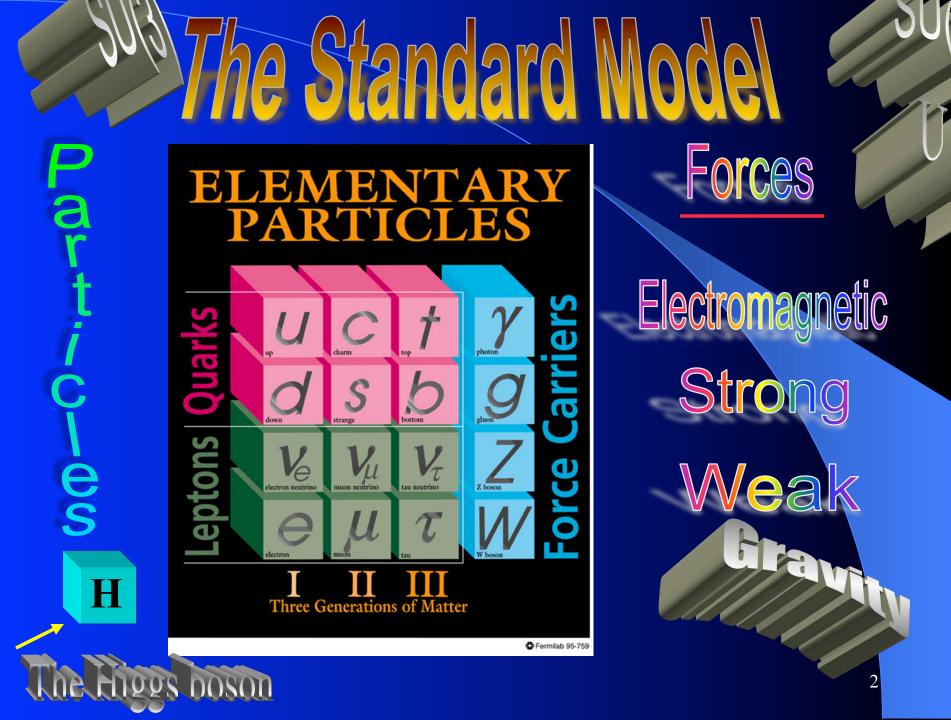
Problems of Modern Particle Physics

and new Challenges a TeV scale

e+

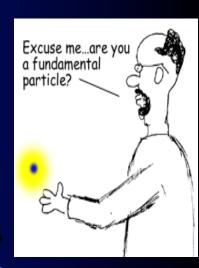
e-

Dmitri Kazakov JINR/ITEP



Unresolved Questions within the SM

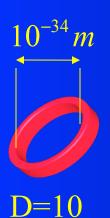
- Group Structure: Why SU(3)xSU(2)xU(1)?
- Number of Generations: Why do we need 3 copies?
- Number of Dimensions: Do we live on a brane?
- Matter-Antimatter assymetry: Why and How?
- Symmerty Breaking: Dynamical? Spontaneous? Explicit?
- The origin of the mass spectrum?
- The origin of CP violation?
- Do we see anything beyond the SM?
- Are there new particles?
- Are there new forces?
- Are there new states of matter?
- Does one need them?



Unification Paradigm (?!)

Mass is a form of energy!





Unification Theories

Electricity and magnetism are different manifestations of a unified "electromagnetic" force. Electromagnetism, gravity, and the nuclear forces may be parts of a single unified force or interaction. Grand Unification and Superstring theories attempt to describe this unified force and make predictions which can be tested with the Tevatron.

Snifier

Electromagnetic

Weak

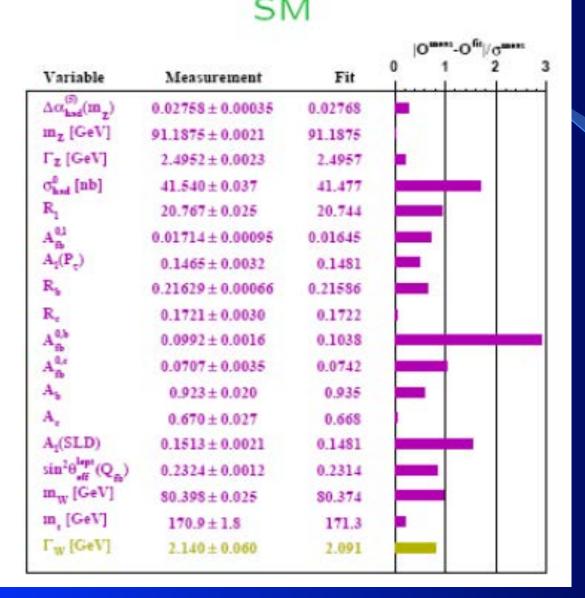
Strong

Electroweak

Unification of strong, weak and electromagnetic interactions within Grand Unified Theories is the new step in unification of all forces of Nature
Creation of a unified theory of everything based on string paradigm seems to be possible

GUT

SM Pull Distribution

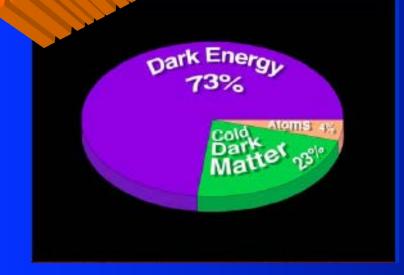


Are there any deviation from the SM ?

Neutrino masses ?

Is neutrino Majorana or Dirac particle ?

Experimental Challenge



R

HEAVY ELEMENTS	0.03 %
MASSIVE NEUTRINOS	0.3 %
STARS	0.5 %
H AND He	4 %
DARK MATTER	23 %
DARK ENERGY	72 %

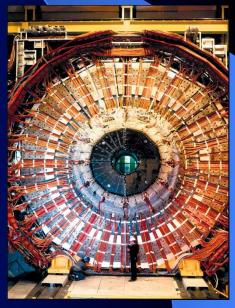
What is the Dark Matter made of?

Physics beyond the SM

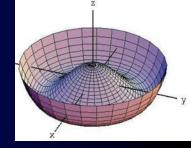
- Low Energy Supersymmetry
- Extra gauge bosons
- Axions
- Extra dimensions
- Deviation from Unitarity triangle
- Modification of Newton law
- Free quarks
- New forces / particles
- Violation of Baryon number
- Violation of Lepton number
- Monopoles
- Violation of Lorentz invariance
- Compositeness

Not found so far .









Target # 1

Mechanism of Electroweak Symmetry Breaking:

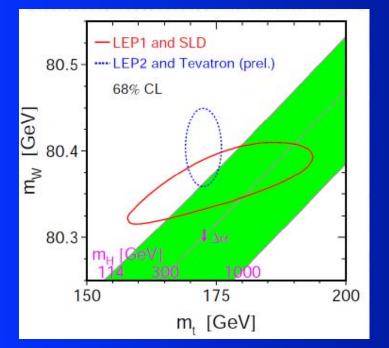
The Higgs mechanismAlternatives



The SM Higgs Boson

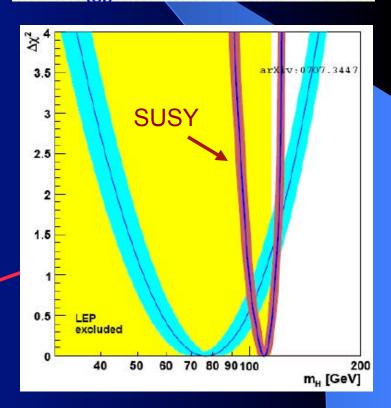
Indirect limit from radiative corrections
Direct limit from Higgs non observation at LEP II (CERN)

Precision measurement of M_w and m_t



If it is there we may see it soon

χ² versus M_H for SM Fit ↓ M_H=89 +42-30 @68%CL ↓ M_H < 165 GeV @95%CL for m_{top}=172.5 GeV





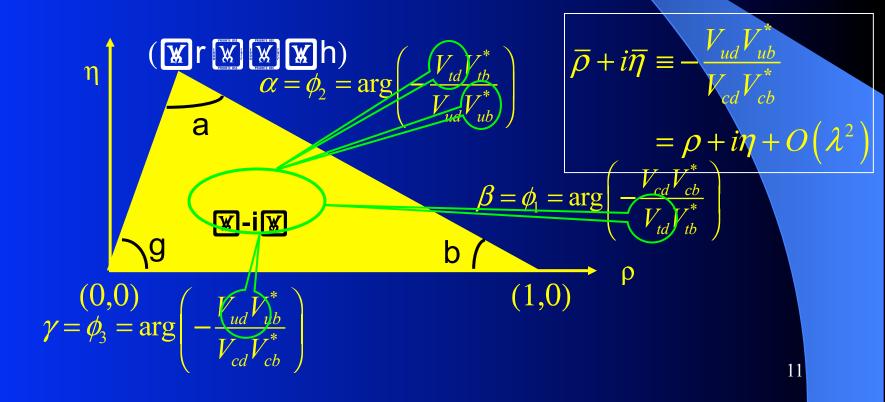
Target # 2

Flavour Mixing & CP-violation:

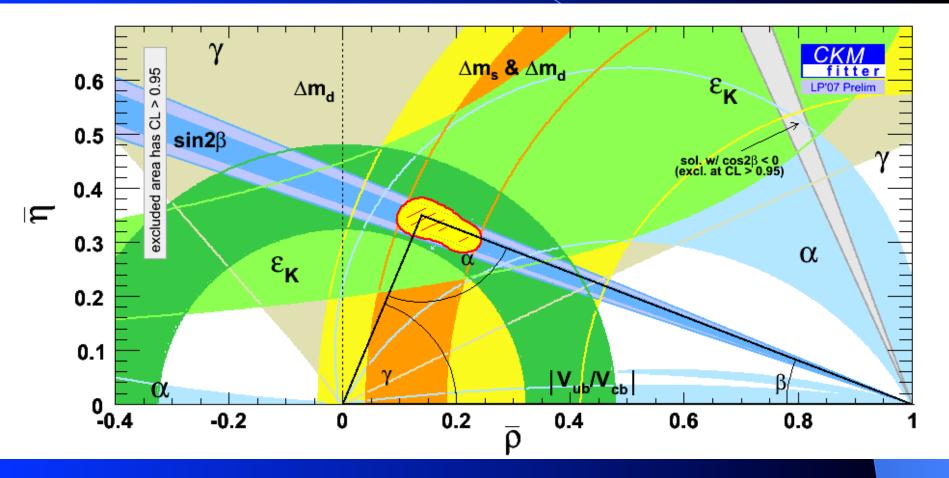
- Unitariry Triangle
- The phase in CKM mixing matrix
- Strong CP-violation ?
- Alternatives ?

The Unitarity Triangle(s)

- Graphical expression of unitarity condition(s)
 - 1 triangle has roughly equal-length sides
- CKM Unitarity violation would imply New Physics
 - Test SM + CKM by over-constraining angles and sides



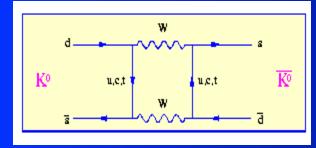
The Unitarity Triangle: all constraints



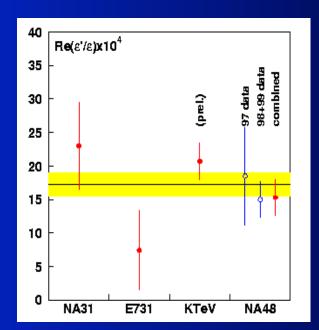
A consistent picture across a huge array of measurements

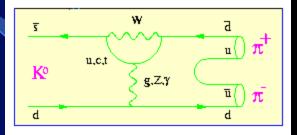
Discovery CP Violation

$$K_{L} = K_{2}^{-1} + \varepsilon K_{1}^{+1} \qquad \underbrace{\pi \pi, \pi^{0} \pi^{0}}_{CP = +1}^{0}$$



Indirect CP violation
in K-mesons and
B-mesons
PEP II (BaBar)
KEKB (Belle)

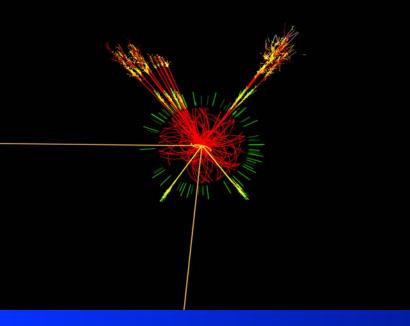




Direct CP
 violation in
 K-mesons
 Fermilab (KTeV)
 CERN (NA48)

13

 $\operatorname{Re}(\varepsilon'/\varepsilon) = (15.3 \pm 2.3) \ 10^{-4}$

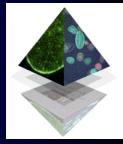




New physics at the TeV scale:

- Supersymmetry
- Extra Dimensions
- New Particles/Forces ?

What is SUSY?



SUSY is boson-fermion symmetry

Bosons and Fermions come in pairs

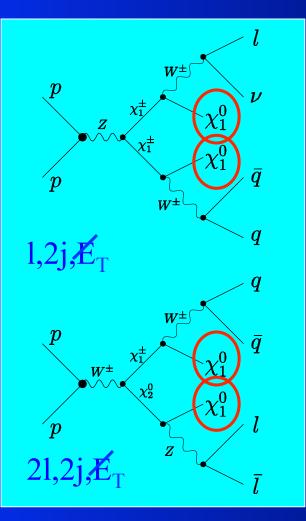
Spin 0 Spin 1/2 Spin 1/2 Spin 1

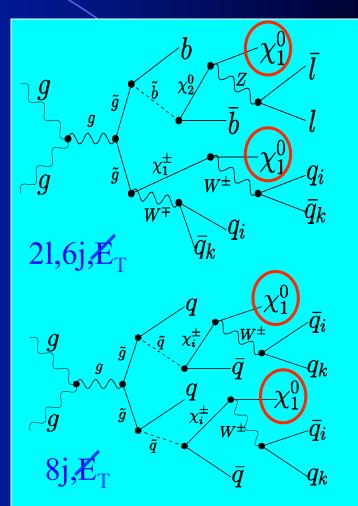
 (φ, ψ) (λ, A_{μ})

(g,g) Spin 3/2 Spin 2

SUSY Production and Decay in Cascade Processes at LHC



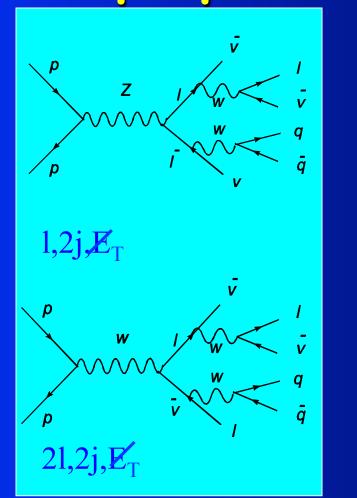


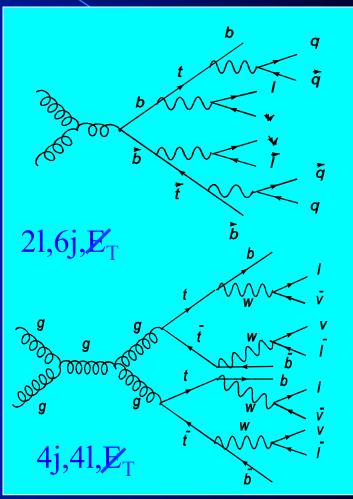




Typical SUSY signature: Missing energy and transverse momentum

SM Background Processes for Superpartner Production

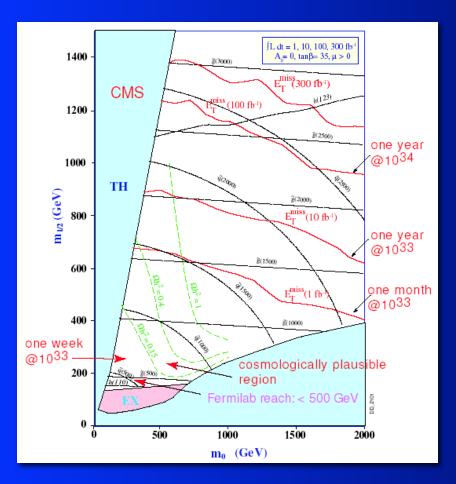




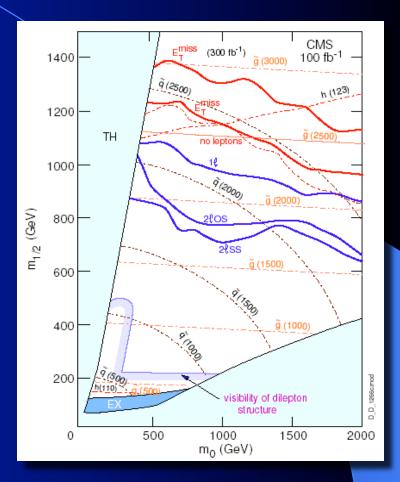
17

The x-sections are typically smaller than for SUSY production

SUSY Searches at LHC



5 σ reach in jets + \mathcal{E}_T channel



Reach limits for various channels at 100 fb⁻¹



Target # 4

What is Dark Matter ? TRANSPARENT DARK

INVISIBLE

19

What is it made of ?

The Origin of Dark Matter

The Dark Matter is made of:

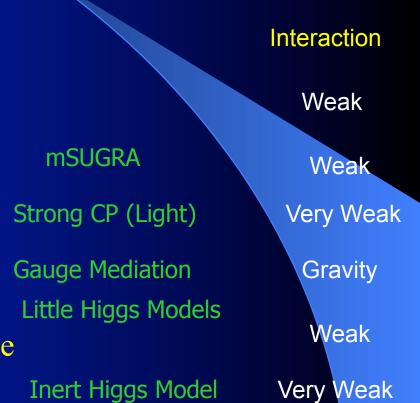
Macro objects – Not seen

Not

SM

from the

- New particles right neutrino
 - neutralino
 - sneutrino
 - axion (axino)
 - gravitino
 - heavy photon
 - heavy pseudo-goldstone
 - light sterile higgs



DM Detection

Direct detection



No convincing evidence so far Hope for new results soon

Indirect detection

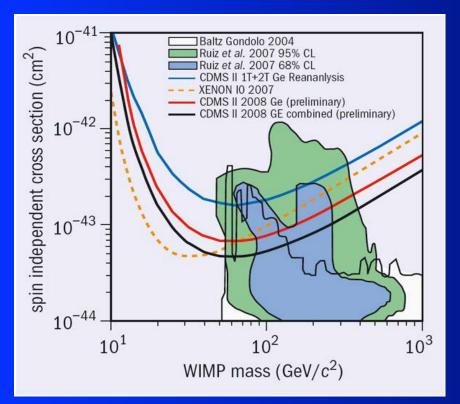
EGRET -> GLAST
Diffuse Gamma Rays
HEAT, AMS01 -> PAMELA
Positrons in Cosmic Rays
BESS -> AMS02
Antiprotons in Cosmic Rays

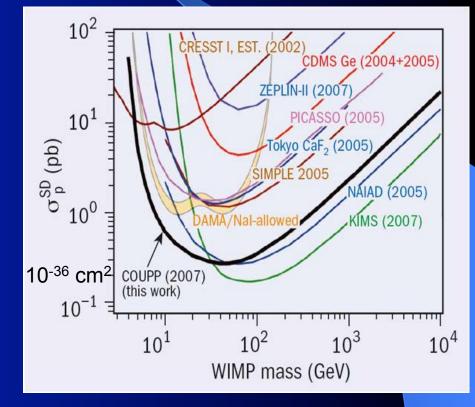
First Evidence of DM annihilation!

Recent Results on Direct Detection

Spin Independent

Spin Dependent





The Chicagoland Observatory for Underground Particle Physics (COUPP)

Cryogenic Dark Matter Search (CDMS)

Discovery Potential of LHC

- LHC has potential for major discoveries already in the first year of operation (1 day of LHC at 10³³ = 10 years of previous machines)
- SUSY might be discovered "quickly", light Higgs more difficult
- Machine luminosity performance is crucial in the first year
- However: lot of data and time is needed in the beginning to
 - -- commission the detectors
 - -- reach the performance
 - -- understand the SM physics at $\sqrt{s=14}$ TeV

The Role of ILC

Explore new Physics through high precision at high energy

Discovery Machine $e^+e^- \rightarrow X_{new}(+Y_{SM})$

> Study the properties of new particles (cross sections, BR's, quantum numbers)

Study known SM processes to look for tiny deviations through virtual effects

 $e^+e^- \rightarrow SM$

Precision Machine

Precision measurements will allow
distinction of different physical models
extrapolation to higher energies

What the future may bring?

- New discoveries are waiting for us
- New bunch of particles to be discovered and their properties studied
- New laws of nature to be found and understood
- Bright new technologies lead to monstrous accelerators & detectors
- The cost of accelerators & detectors exceeds scientific budget
- The construction time is comparable to professional career

What is our goal ? What do we want to achieve ? What is the right way?