

High Energy Scattering and Search for Extra Dimensions at the LHC

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Outline

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- **Main tasks for LHC**

Higgs, Susy, extra-dimensions

- **Reasons to think about extra dimensions**

- Kaluza-Klein,
- Strings
- D-branes
- TeV-gravity scenario

- **Possible manifestations of Extra Dimensions**

- **KK modes**

Extra heavy particles

- **Black Hole/Wormhole production**

Thermal Hawking radiation

- **Signs of strong quantum gravity**

Change of scattering amplitudes
Lost momentum



INTRODUCTION. Main tasks for LHC

- **Higgs.**

Search for Higgs bosons is one of the first priority tasks of CMS and ATLAS Physics program



- **Extensive searches for physics beyond the SM**

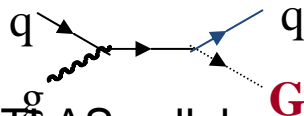
- **Susy**

- **Extra-dimensions. Different models: flat(ADD), warped(RS)**

- **KK modes** real emission of KK gravitons,

virtual graviton exchange

Missing transverse energy (ATLAS)



For recent review:
Kong,Matchev,Servant,
1001.4801



- **BH production** (ATLAS collaboration)

Guidice, Rattazzi,Well, hep-ph/0112161,
ADD contributions to the Drell-Yan,
Hewett, PRL,1999

- **Signs of strong quantum gravity**



The CMS Muon Detector

Building CMS Going Underground

HB+ February 2007

Piece #	CMS Designation	Weight in tonnes
1	HF+	250
2	YE+3	410
3	YE+2	880
4	YE+1	1310
5	YB+2	1250
6	YB+1	1250
7	HB+	700
8	YB0	1920
9	HB-	700
10	YB-1	1250
11	YB-2	1250
12	YE-1	1310
13	YE-2	880
14	YE-3	410
15	HF-	250

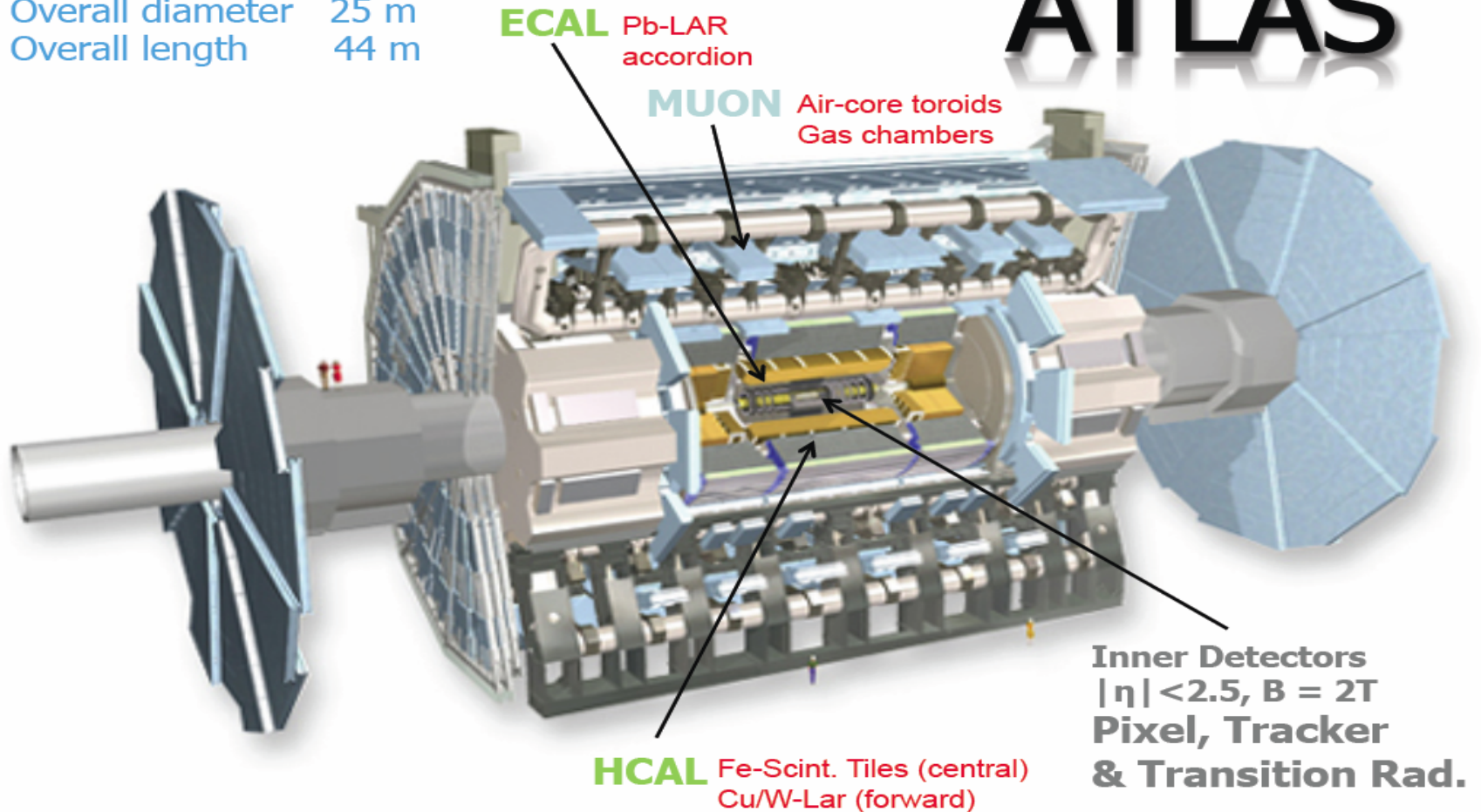
CMS completed &
ready for beam in
September 2008





Total weight 7000 t
Overall diameter 25 m
Overall length 44 m

ATLAS



ATLAS: $7.7 \times$ CMS in volume / $0.56 \times$ CMS in weight

INTRODUCTION. Reasons to think about extra dimensions

- Kaluza-Klein
- Strings
- D-branes
- TeV-gravity scenario (an alternative to SUSY in addressing the hierarchy problem)

INTRODUCTION. Raisons to think about extra dimensions.

TeV-gravity scenario

N. Arkani-Hamed, S. Dimopoulos, G.R. Dvali, I. Antoniadis, 1998

$$M_{SM} \approx 1 \text{ TeV}$$

$$M_{Pl} \approx 1.2 \cdot 10^{16} \text{ TeV}$$

$$M_D \approx 1 \text{ TeV}$$

$$S = M_D^{D-2} \int d^D x \sqrt{-g} R(g)$$

$$S = M_{Pl}^2 \int d^4 x \sqrt{-g} R(g)$$

$$G_D = \frac{1}{M_D^{D-2}}$$

$$M_{Pl}^2 = M_D^2 \left(\frac{M_D}{M_c} \right)^n$$

$$\text{If } \frac{M_D}{M_c} \gg 1 \Rightarrow M_D^2 \ll M_{Pl}^2$$

INTRODUCTION. Raisons to think about extra dimensions.

TeV-gravity scenario. Scale of Extra Dimensions

$$M_{Pl}^2 = M_D^2 \left(\frac{M_D}{M_c} \right)^n$$

$$L_c = \frac{1}{M_c}$$

$$L_c = M_D^{-1} \left(\frac{M_{Pl}}{M_D} \right)^{2/n}$$

$$n = 2, \quad L_c \approx 10^{-1} \text{ cm}$$

$$n = 4, \quad L_c \approx 10^{-9} \text{ cm}$$

$$n = 6, \quad L_c \approx 10^{-12} \text{ cm}$$

$$M_{Pl} \approx 10^{16} \text{ TeV}$$

$$M_D \approx \text{TeV}$$

$$L_{Pl} \approx 10^{-33} \text{ cm}, \quad L_{SM} \approx 2 \cdot 10^{-17} \text{ cm},$$

INTRODUCTION. Raisons to think about extra dimensions.

TeV-gravity scenario. Modification of the Newton law

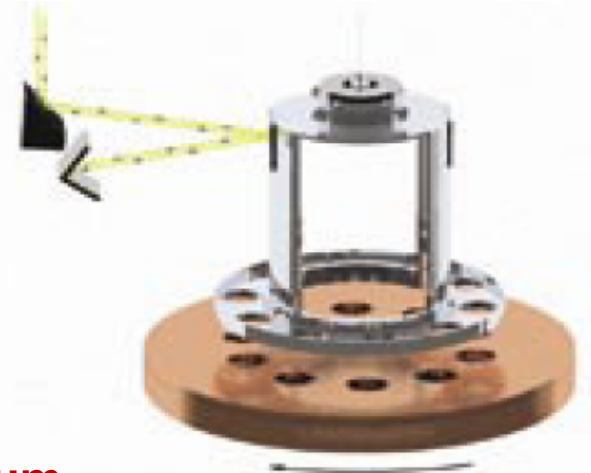
$$F = \frac{G_{Newton}}{r^2} m_1 m_2 \quad \Rightarrow \quad F = \frac{G_{Newton}}{r^2} m_1 m_2 \quad \text{for } r \geq L_c$$

$$F = \frac{V_n}{r^n} \frac{G_{Newton}}{r^2} m_1 m_2 \quad \text{for } r \leq L_c$$

Tabletop experiments:

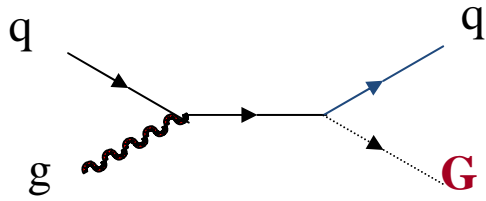
Schematic drawing of the Eöt-Wash group's search for deviations from Newton's Law of Gravitation.

Image: Eöt-Wash group, University of Washington



Cavendish-type experiments using torsion pendulum

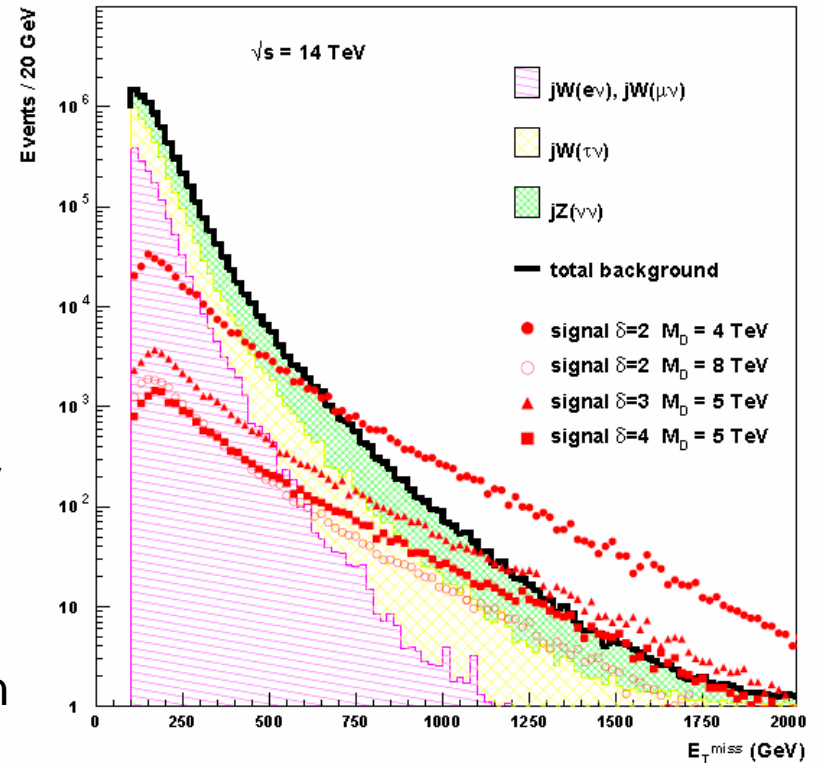
Possible manifestations of Extra Dimensions. Kaluza-Klein modes. Missed energies



Direct graviton production analysis
(ATLAS)

Directly produced KK gravitons interact weakly with ordinary matter and go undetected

Signature is large E_{tr} from undetected graviton
+ a high P_{tr} jet /photon



$$\delta = n \equiv D - 4$$

Missing transverse energy, from
Vacavant, Hinchliffe, J.Phys.G, 27,2001,1839

Possible manifestations of Extra Dimensions.

High Energy Scattering. Transplanckian energy



Transplanckian energy

$$M_{Pl,D} < E$$

$$M_{Pl} = \sqrt{\frac{\hbar c}{G_{Newton}}}$$

$$c = 1, \quad \hbar = 1$$

D=4

$$M_{Pl,4} \cong 10^{19} Gev$$

$$G_4 \equiv G_{Newton}$$

D > 4

$$M_{Pl,D} \approx 1 TeV$$

$$G_D = \frac{1}{M_D^{D-2}}$$

Possible manifestations of Extra Dimensions.

Black Hole/Wormhole production. Transplanckian energy

- **TeV Gravity (1998)**
N. Arkani-Hamed, S. Dimopoulos, G.R. Dvali,
I. Antoniadis, 1998
- **TeV Gravity can produce BH at Labs (1999)**
Banks, Fischler, hep-th/9906038
I.A., hep-th/9910269,
Giudice, Rattazzi, Wells, hep-ph/0112161
Giddings, hep-ph/0106219
Dimopoulos, Landsberg, hep-ph/0106295,

.....

Possible manifestations of Extra Dimensions.

Black Hole/Wormhole production. **Black Holes in GR**

4-dimensional Schwarzschild Solution

$$R_{\mu\nu} = 0$$

$$ds^2 = -\left(1 - \frac{R_S}{r}\right) dt^2 + \left(1 - \frac{R_S}{r}\right)^{-1} dr^2 + r^2 d\Omega_2^2$$

$$R_S = 2 G_{Newton} M_{BH}$$

$$G_{Newton} = \frac{1}{M_{Pl}^2}$$

Possible manifestations of Extra Dimensions.

Black Hole/Wormhole production. **Black Holes in GR**

D-dimensional Schwarzschild Solution

$$R_{\mu\nu} = 0, \quad \mu, \nu = 0, 1 \dots D-1$$

$$ds^2 = - \left(1 - \left(\frac{R_S}{r} \right)^{D-3} \right) dt^2 + \left(1 - \left(\frac{R_S}{r} \right)^{D-3} \right)^{-1} dr^2 + r^2 d\Omega_{D-2}^2$$

$$R_S = \gamma_{BH}(D) \frac{1}{M_D} \left(\frac{M_{BH}}{M_D} \right)^{\alpha_{BH}}$$

$$\alpha_{BH} = \frac{1}{D-3}$$

$$\gamma_{BH}(D) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left(\frac{8\Gamma(D-1/2)}{D-2} \right)^{1/(D-3)}$$

$$G_D = \frac{1}{M_D^{D-2}}$$

$$G_4 \equiv G_{Newton}$$

Possible manifestations of Extra Dimensions.

Black Hole production in particles collisions

- In 1987 't Hooft and Amati, Ciafaloni and Veneziano conjectured that in string theory and in QG at energies much higher than the Planck mass BH emerges.

Aichelburg-Sexl shock waves to describe particles,

Shock Waves -----> BH

- Colliding plane gravitation waves to describe particles

Plane Gr. Waves -----> BH

I.A., Viswanathan, I.Volovich, Nucl.Phys., 1999

- Boson stars (solitons) to describe particles

Boson stars -----> BH

M.Choptuik and F.Pretorius, Phys.Rev.Lett, 2010

Possible manifestations of Extra Dimensions.

Black Hole production in particles collisions. BHs in Quantum Gravity

S Matrix and path integral

$$\langle h'', \varphi'', \Sigma'' | h', \varphi', \Sigma' \rangle = \int_{\text{Sum over topologies}} \exp\left\{\frac{i}{\hbar} S[g, \Phi]\right\} dg d\Phi,$$

$$\Sigma'' : h_{ij}'', \varphi'' \quad ; \quad \Sigma' : h_{ij}', \varphi',$$

$$g|_{\Sigma''} = h'', \Phi|_{\Sigma''} = \varphi''; \quad g|_{\Sigma'} = h', \Phi|_{\Sigma'} = \varphi'$$

I.A., Viswanathan, I.Volovich, Nucl.Phys., 1995

I.A., L.D.Faddeev, A.A.Slavnov

Generating Functional for the S Matrix in Gauge Theories. TMP(1974)

By analogy with

Possible manifestations of Extra Dimensions.

Black Hole production in particles collisions. **Quantum Gravity**

Quantum Gravity = summation over topologies

$$\langle h'', \Sigma'' | h', \Sigma' \rangle = \int_{\text{sum over topologies}} \exp\left\{\frac{i}{\hbar} S[g, \cdot]\right\} dg ,$$
$$g|_{\Sigma''} = h''; \quad g|_{\Sigma'} = h'$$

No coupling constant to suppress-out channels with nontrivial topology

Theorem (Geroch, Tipler):

Topology-changing spacetimes must have CTC
(closed timelike curve=time machine)

I.A., I.Volovich,
Time Machine at the LHC, 2007