

TRIPLE POINT AND QUARKYONIC MATTER IN THE NICA SLICE OF THE PHASE DIAGRAM

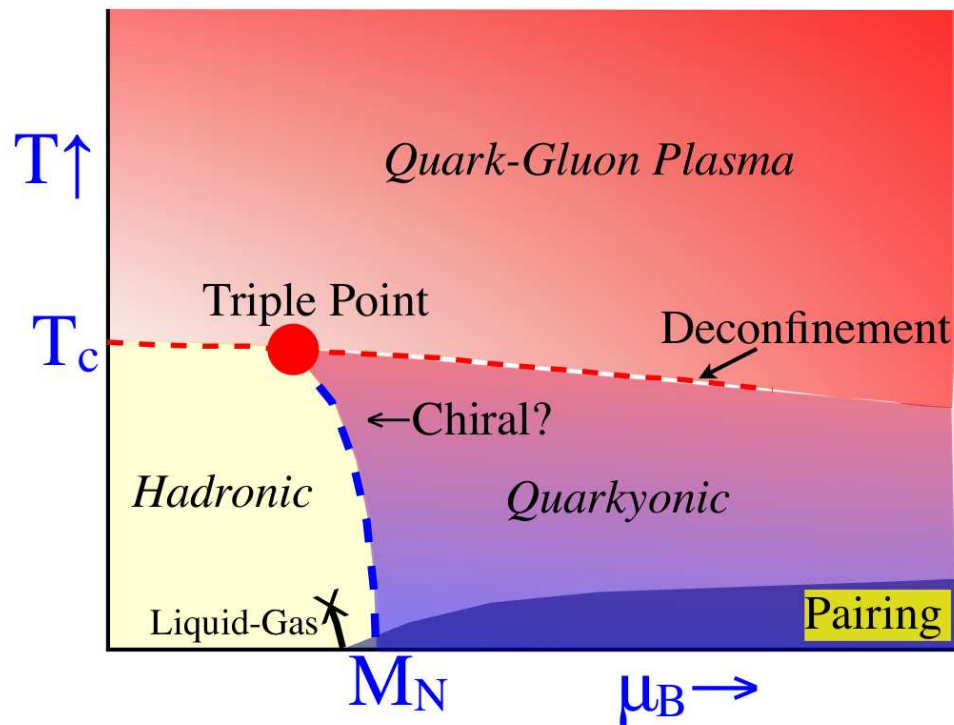
Larry McLerran^a, Krzysztof Redlich^{b,c}, David Blaschke^{b,d}

^a BNL and RIKEN Brookhaven Center, Upton, USA

^b Institute for Theoretical Physics, University of Wrocław, Poland

^c CERN, Theory Division, Geneva, Switzerland

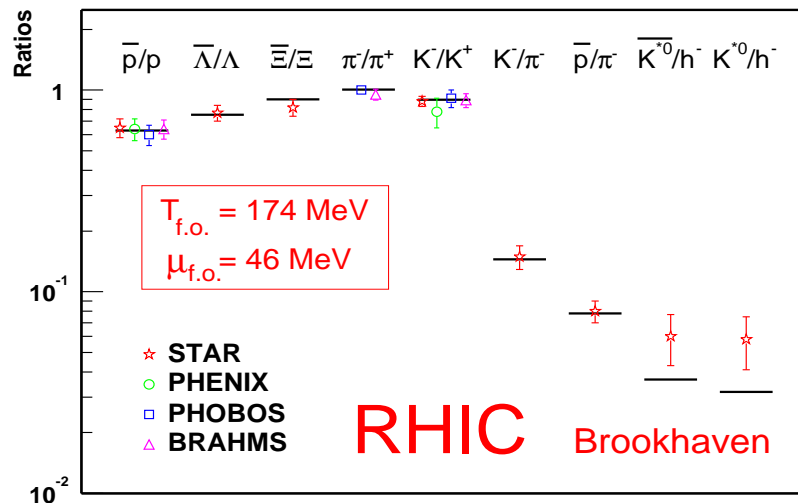
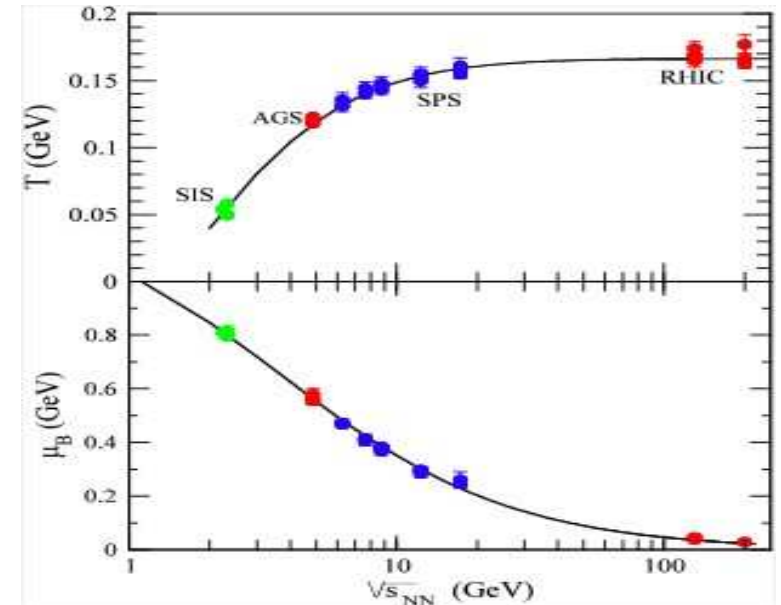
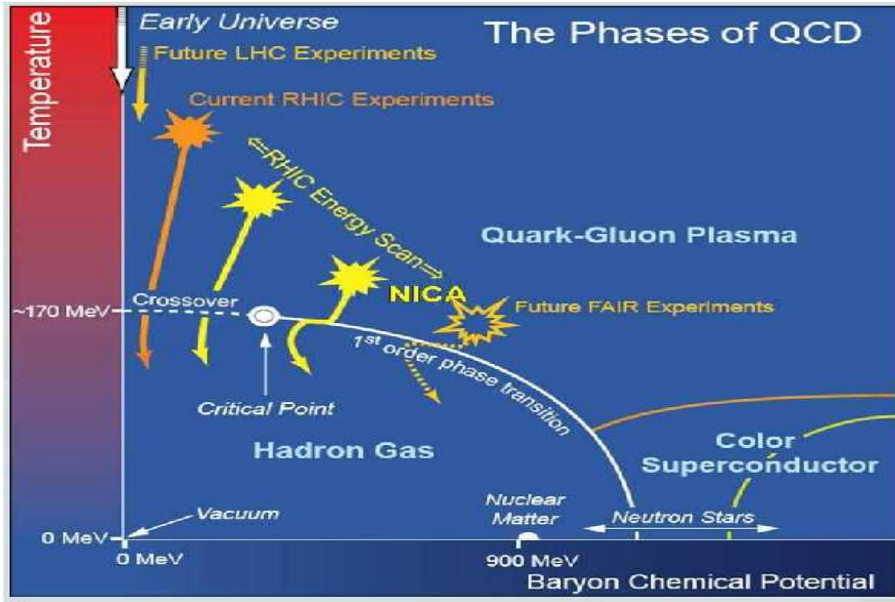
^d Bogoliubov Laboratory for Theoretical Physics, JINR Dubna, Russia



- Hadronic Freezeout
- Quarkyonic matter in phase diagram
- Chiral resonance model
- NICA / Nuclotron-N on “Happy Island”

Andronic, D.B., Braun-Munzinger, Cleymans, Fukushima, Oeschler, Pisarski, McLerran, Redlich, Sasaki, Satz, Stachel, [arxiv:0911.4806 \[hep-ph\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/0911.4806)

PHASE DIAGRAM: FREEZE-OUT IN HEAVY-ION COLLISIONS (II)



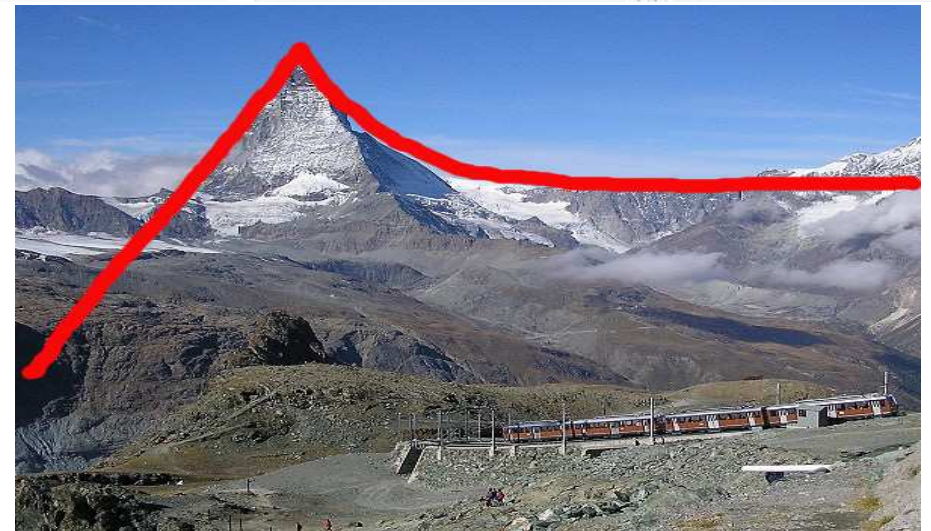
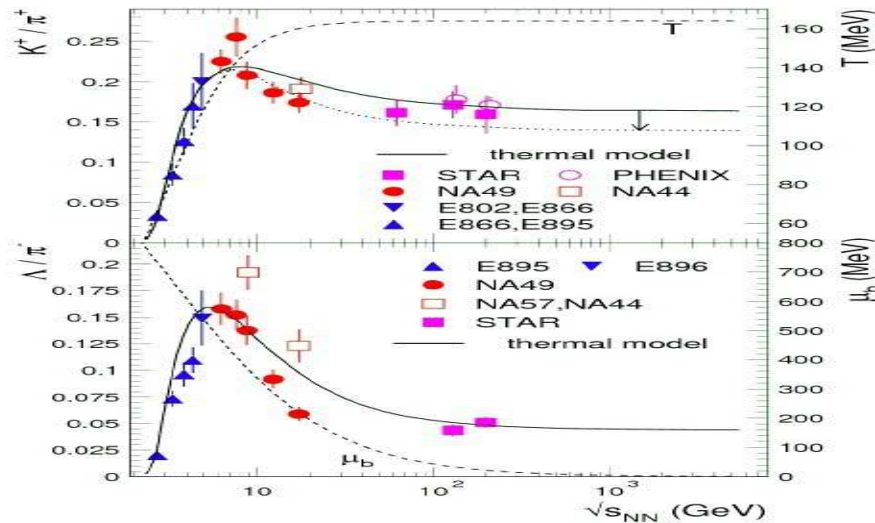
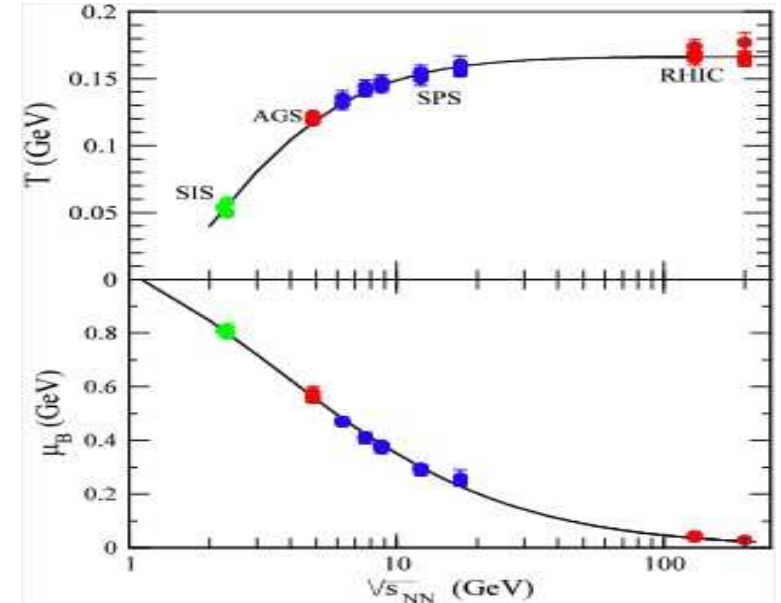
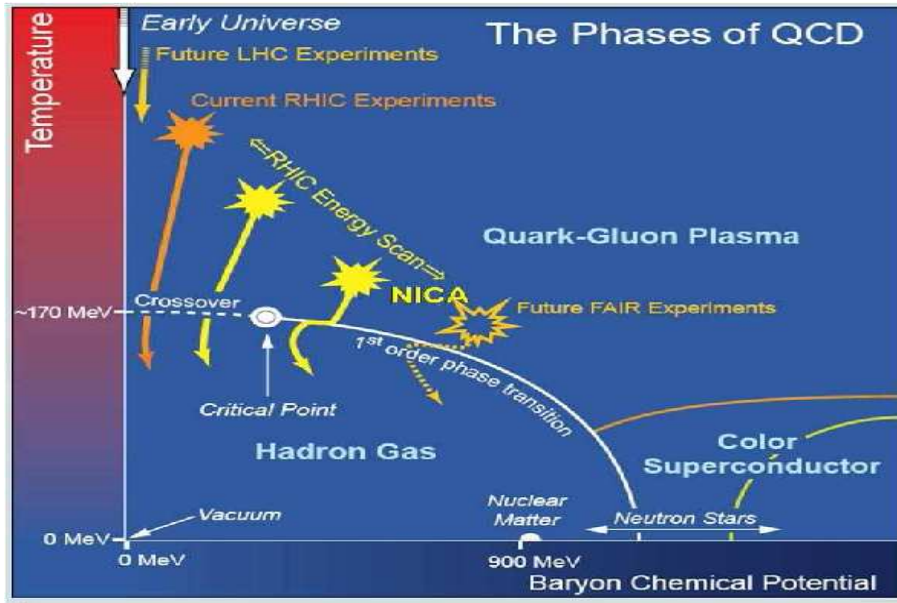
Statistical model describes composition of hadron yields in Heavy-Ion Collisions with few freeze-out parameters.

$$\ln Z[T, V, \{\mu\}] = \pm V \sum_i \frac{g_i}{2\pi^2} \int_0^\infty dp p^2 \ln[1 \pm \lambda_i \exp(-\beta \epsilon_i(p))]$$

$$\lambda_i(T, \{\mu\}) = \exp[\beta(\mu_B B_i + \mu_S S_i + \mu_Q Q_i)]$$

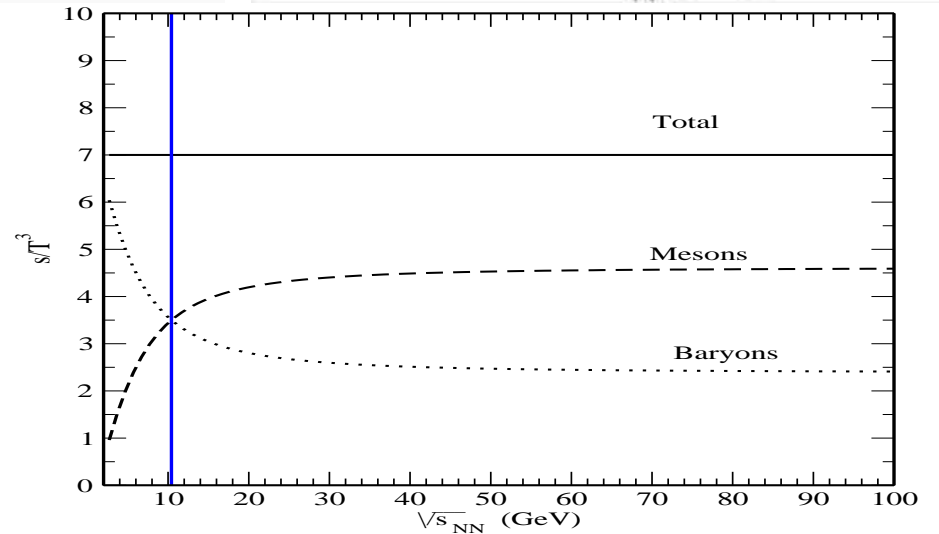
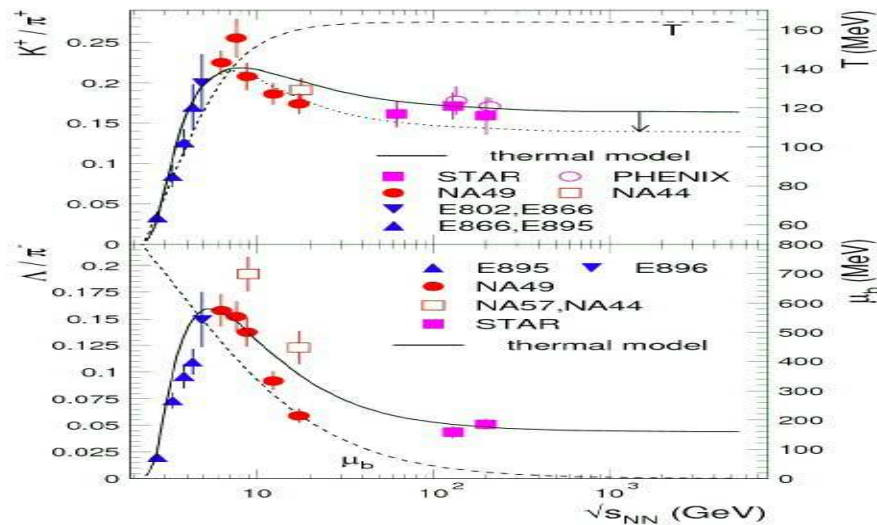
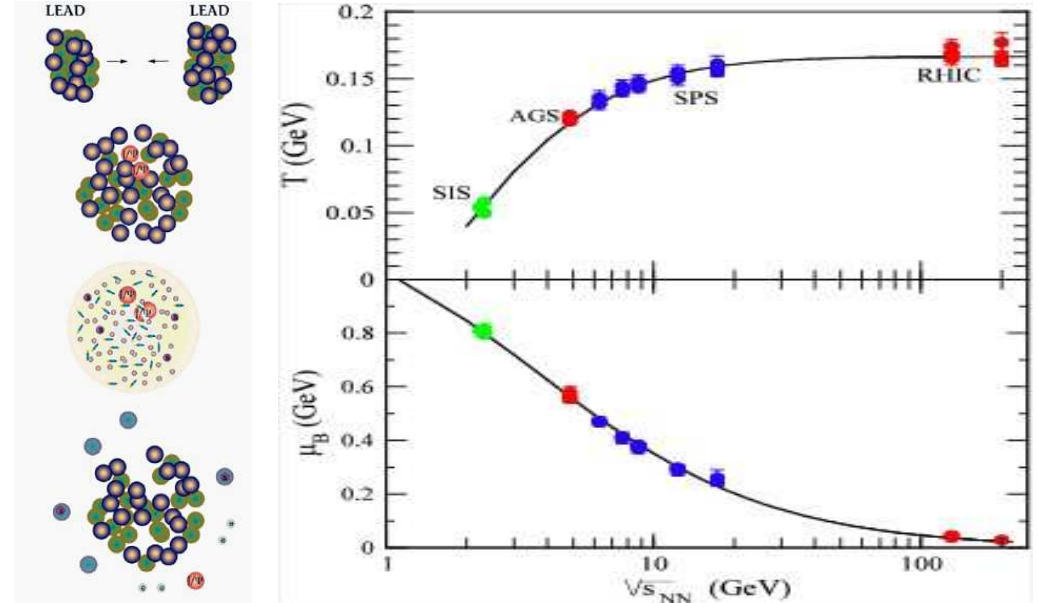
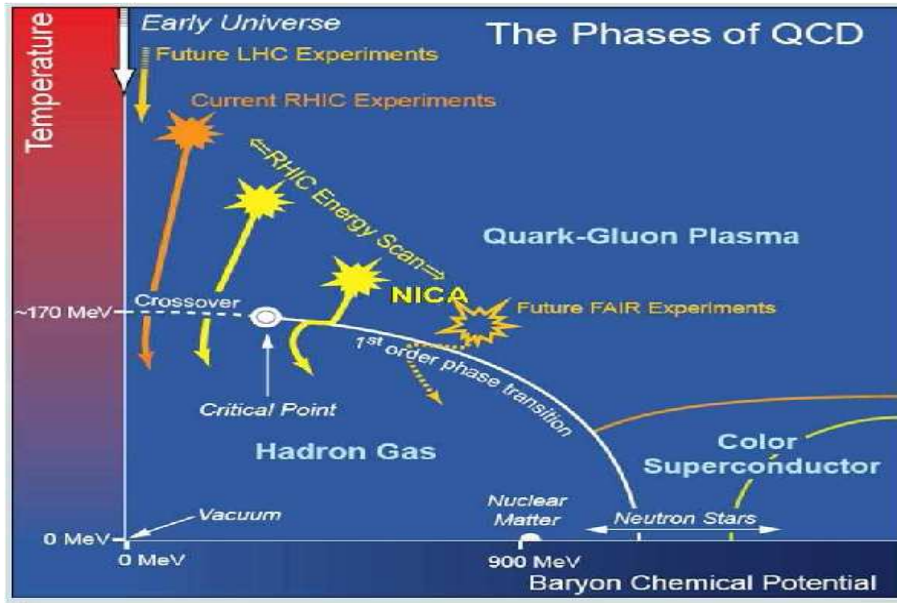
Braun-Munzinger, Redlich, Stachel, in *QGP III* (2003)

PHASE DIAGRAM: FREEZE-OUT IN HEAVY-ION COLLISIONS (III)



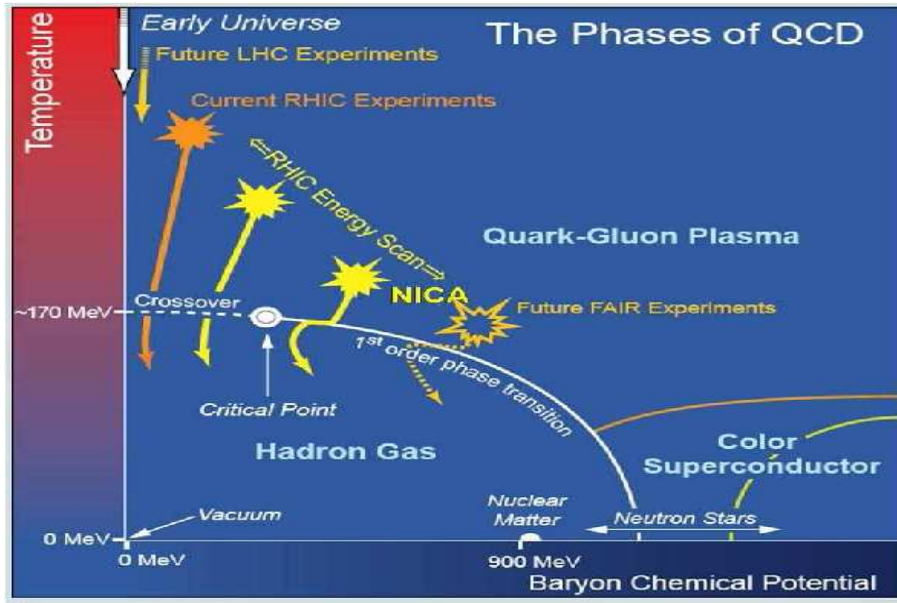
Strange MatterHorn (Pisarski)

PHASE DIAGRAM: FREEZE-OUT IN HEAVY-ION COLLISIONS (III)

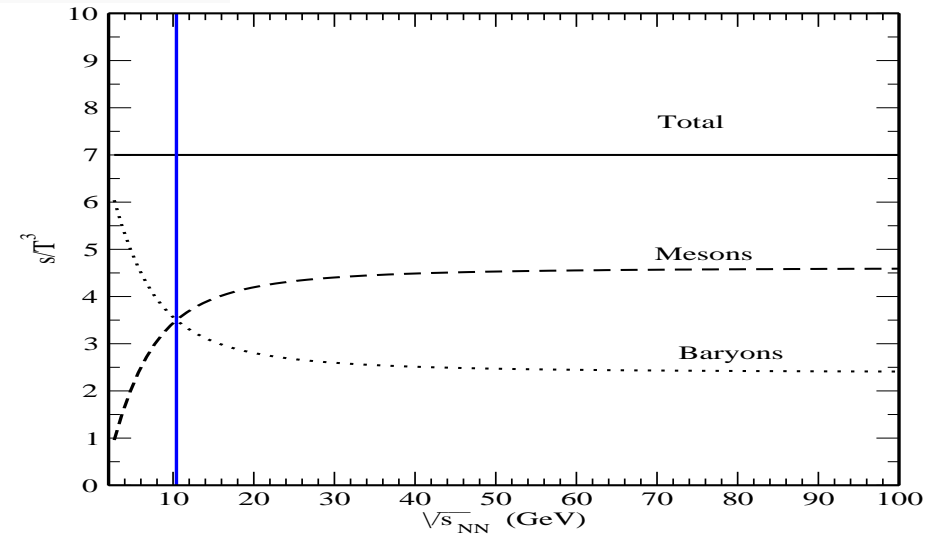
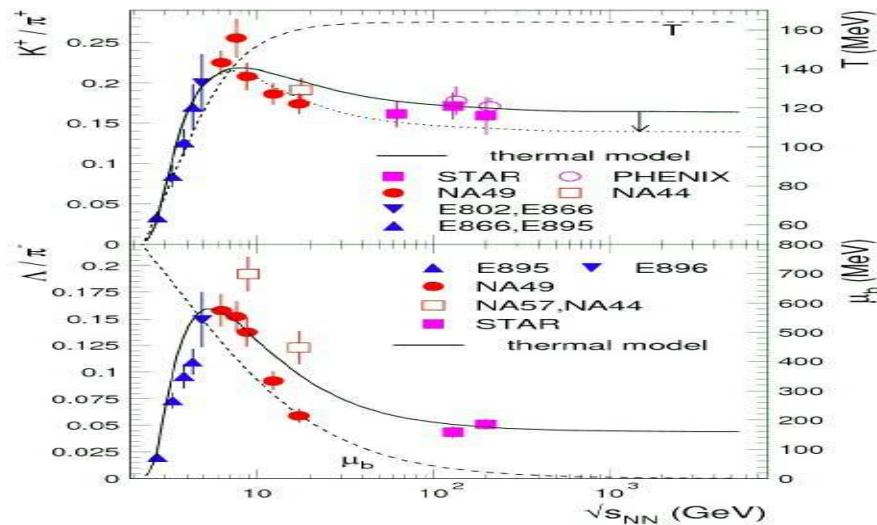
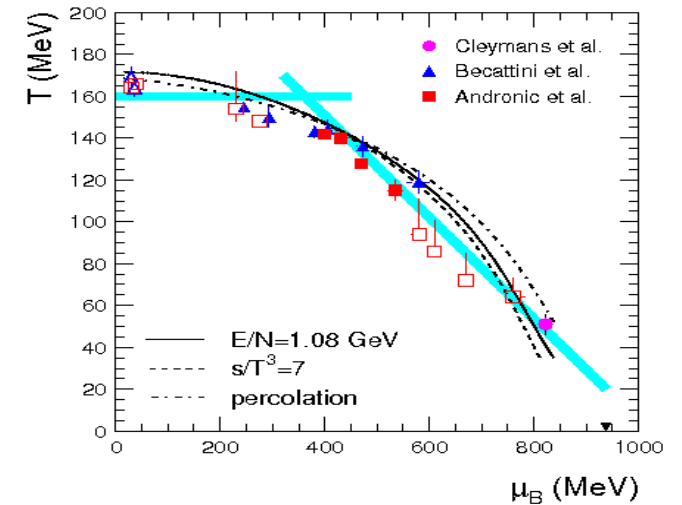


Baryon \rightarrow Meson Dominance

PHASE DIAGRAM: FREEZE-OUT IN HEAVY-ION COLLISIONS (IV)

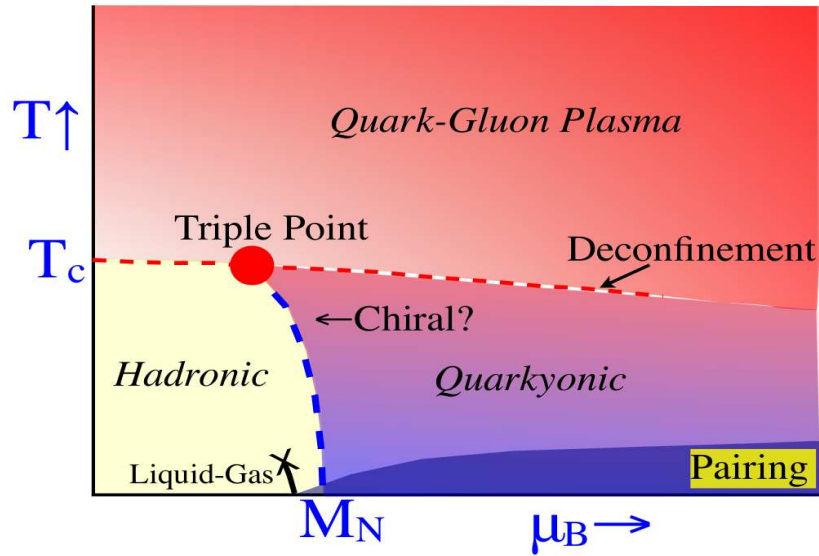


Andronic et al., arxiv:0911.4806

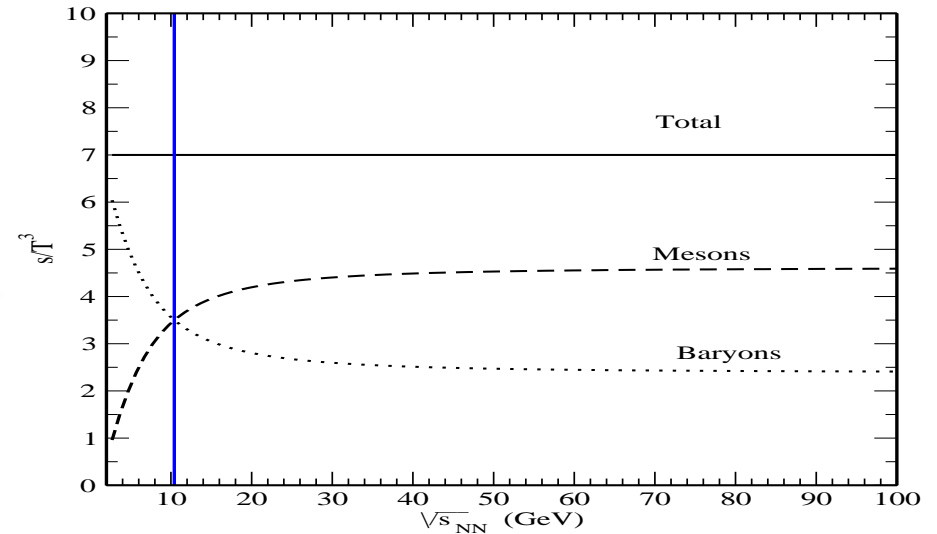
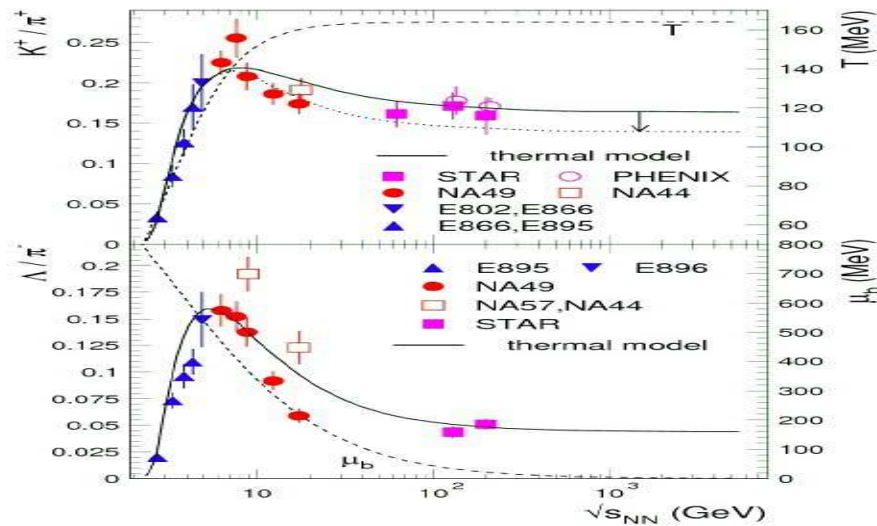
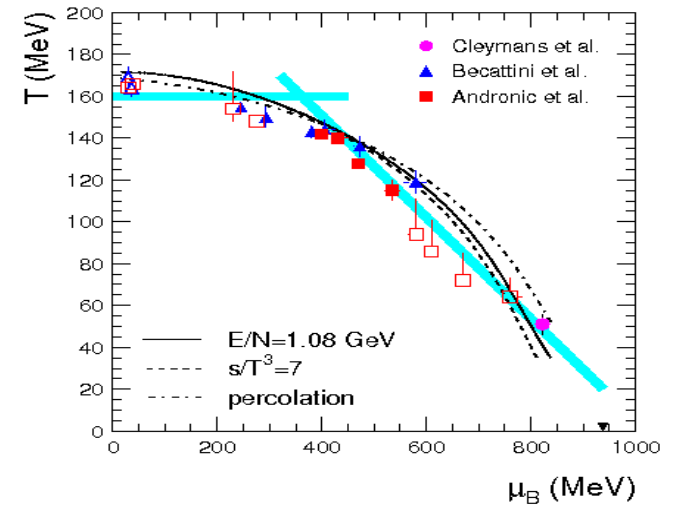


Baryon → Meson Dominance

PHASE DIAGRAM: FREEZE-OUT IN HEAVY-ION COLLISIONS (V)

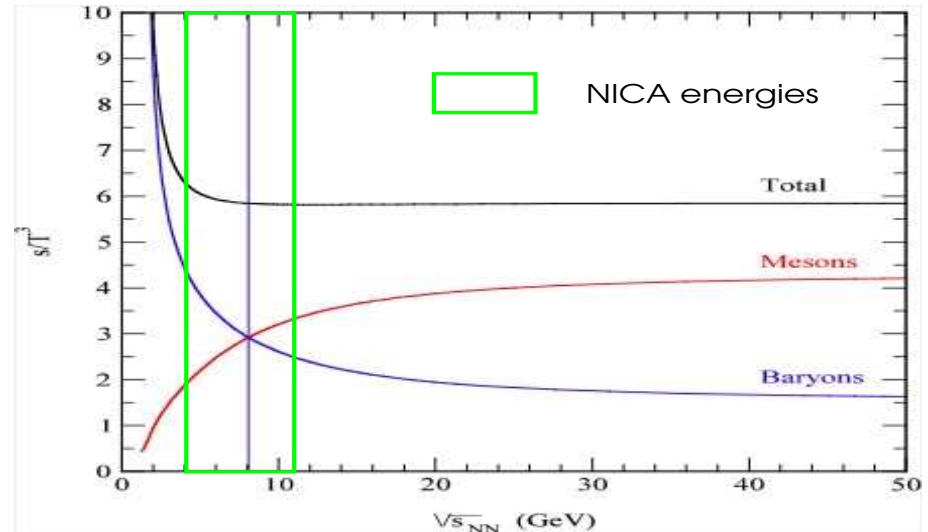
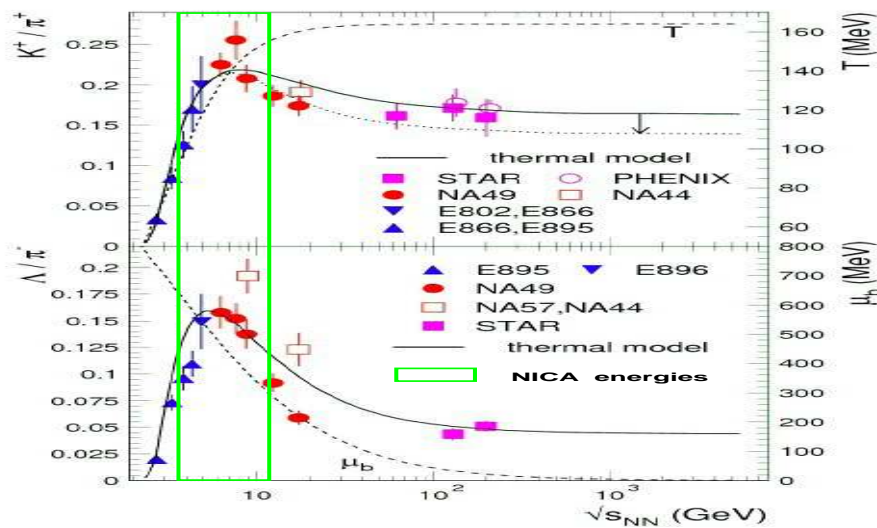
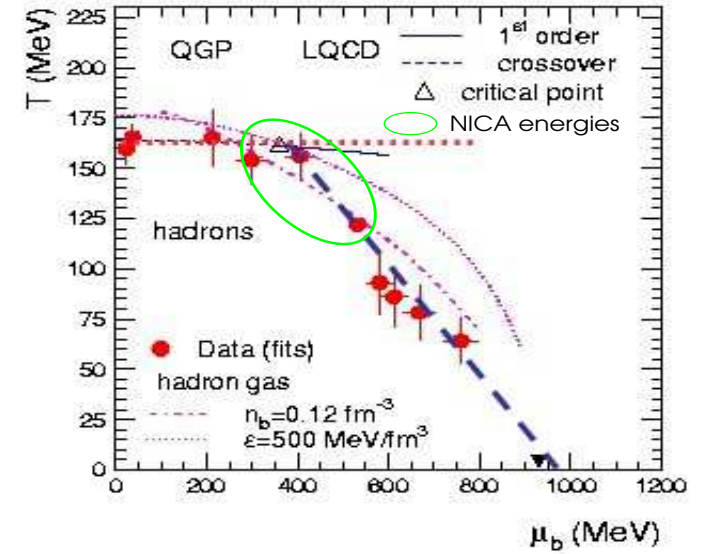
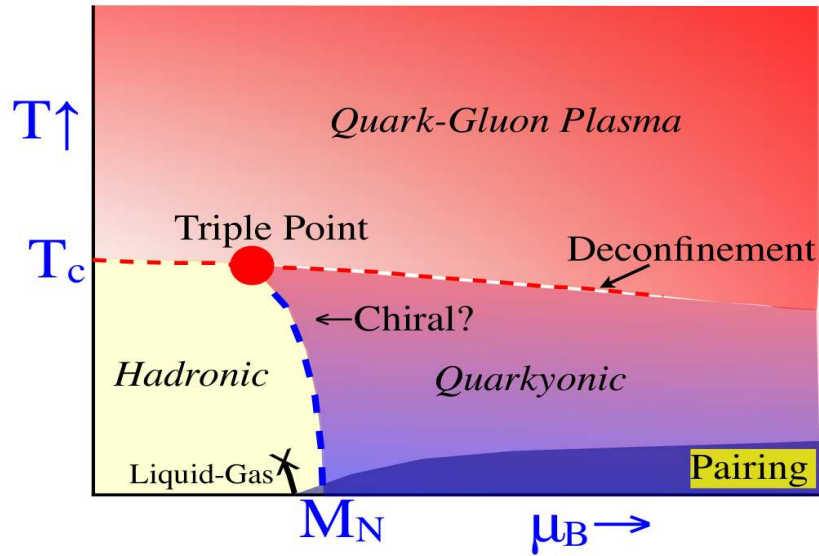


Andronic et al., arxiv:0911.4806



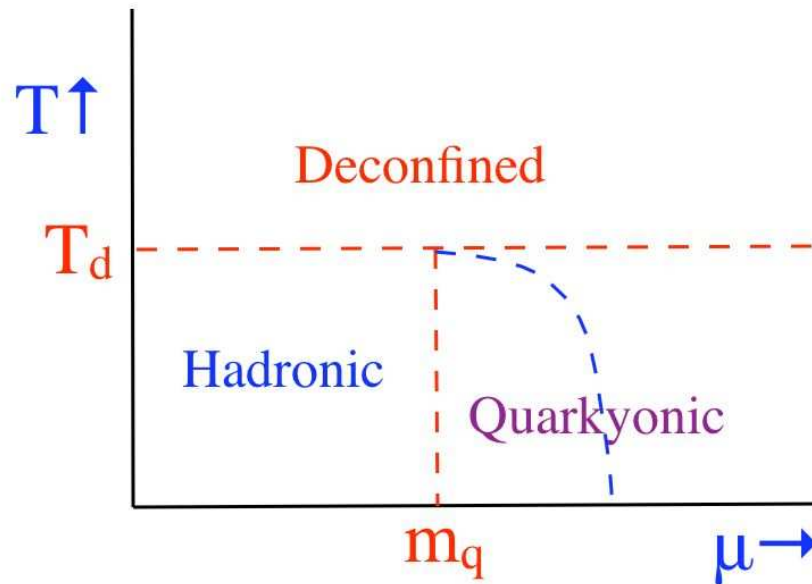
Andronic et al., arxiv:0911.4806; NPA (2010)

PHASE DIAGRAM: FREEZE-OUT IN HEAVY-ION COLLISIONS (V)

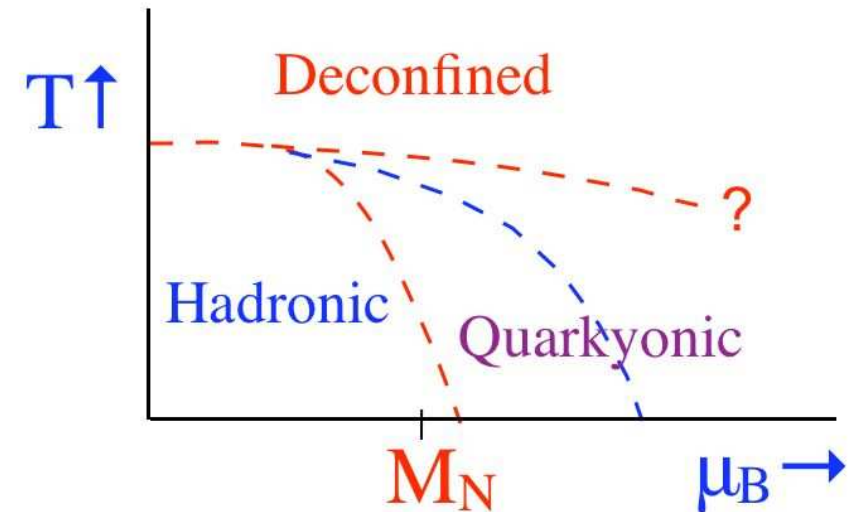


Andronic et al., arxiv:0911.4806; NPA (2010)

QUARKYONIC PHASE = CHIRAL SYMMETRY + CONFINEMENT



Phase diagram for $N_c \rightarrow \infty$ and finite N_f



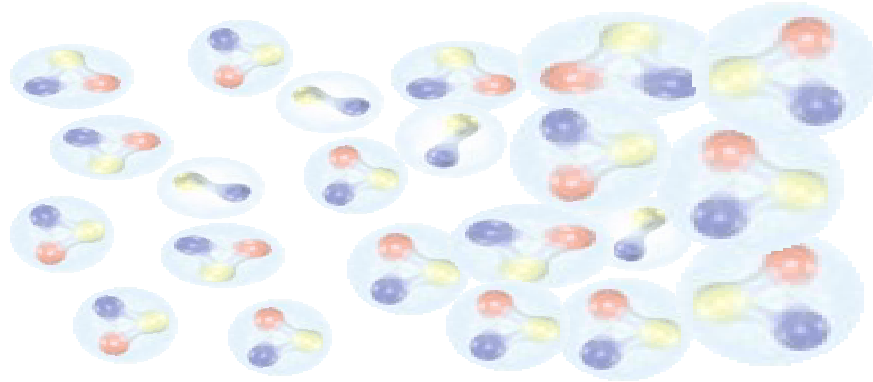
Phase diagram for $N_c \rightarrow \infty$ and small N_f/N_c

Hidaka, McLerran, Pisarski, Nucl. Phys. A 808 (2008) 117.

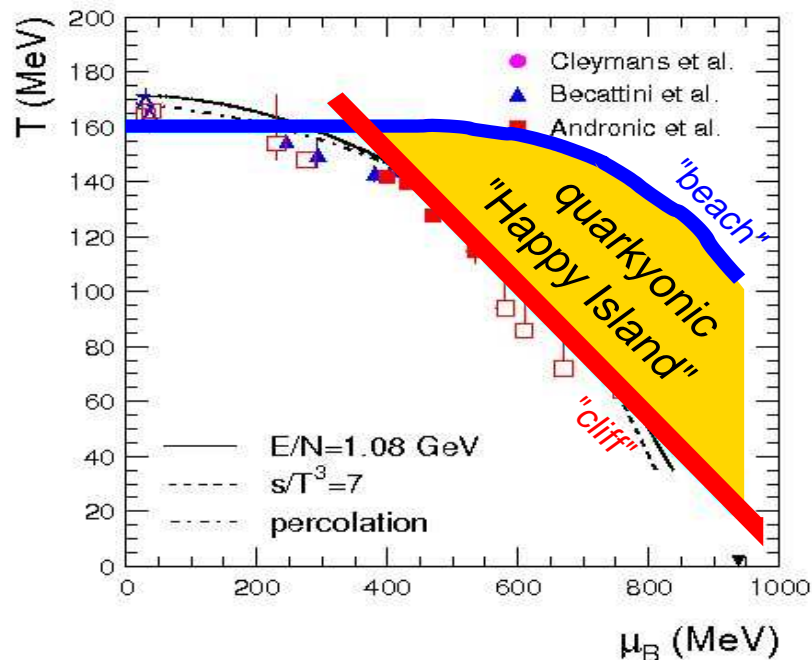
McLerran, Pisarski, Nucl. Phys. A 796 (2007) 83.

McLerran, Redlich, Sasaki, Nucl. Phys. A 824 (2009) 86; arXiv:0812.3585

WHAT HAPPENS ON "HAPPY ISLAND"?



Andronic et al., arxiv:0911.4806



“beach”: later

“cliff”:

- (unmodified) vacuum bound state energies
- fast chemical equilibration

Explanation:

Strong medium dependence of rates for flavor (quark) exchange processes

Reason:

- lowering of thresholds
- increase of hadron size (Pauli principle) → geometrical overlap (percolation)

PNJL BEYOND MF: PION ($q\bar{q}$) AND NUCLEON (qqq) MEDIUM

Idea: melting $\langle \bar{q}q \rangle \rightarrow$ swelling hadrons \rightarrow flavor kinetics = quark percolation \rightarrow freeze-out

$$\langle \bar{q}q \rangle(T, \mu) = \frac{\partial}{\partial m_0} \Omega(T, \mu), \quad \Omega(T, \mu) = \Omega_{\text{PNJL, MF}}(T, \mu) + \Omega_{\text{meson}}(T, \mu) + \Omega_{\text{baryon}}(T, \mu)$$

$$\Omega_{\text{meson}}(T, \mu) = \sum_{M=\pi, \dots} d_M \int \frac{d\omega}{\pi} \int \frac{d^3k}{(2\pi)^3} \left\{ \frac{\omega}{2} + T \ln [1 - e^{-\beta\omega}] \right\} A_M(\omega, k),$$

$$\Omega_{\text{baryon}}(T, \mu) = - \sum_{B=N, \dots} d_B \int \frac{d\omega}{\pi} \int \frac{d^3k}{(2\pi)^3} \left\{ \frac{\omega}{2} + T \ln [1 + e^{-\beta(\omega - \mu_B)}] + (\mu_B \leftrightarrow -\mu_B) \right\} A_B(\omega, k),$$

$$A_M(\omega, k) = \pi \delta(\omega - E_M(k)) + \text{continuum}, \quad A_B(\omega, k) \dots \text{analogous}$$

Remove vacuum terms; neglect continuum (for the freeze-out);

use GMOR: $M_\pi^2 f_\pi^2 = -m_0 \langle \bar{q}q \rangle$ and $\sigma_N = m_0 (\partial m_N / \partial m_0) = 45 \text{ MeV}$,

Enforce $M_\pi(T, \mu) = \text{const}$ by setting $f_\pi^2(T, \mu) = -m_0 \langle \bar{q}q \rangle(T, \mu) / M_\pi^2$, (“BRST”, arxiv:1005.4610)

$$-\langle \bar{q}q \rangle(T, \mu) = -\langle \bar{q}q \rangle_{\text{PNJL, MF}}(T, \mu) + \frac{M_\pi^2 T^2}{8m_0} + \frac{\sigma_N}{m_0} n_{s,N}(T, \mu)$$

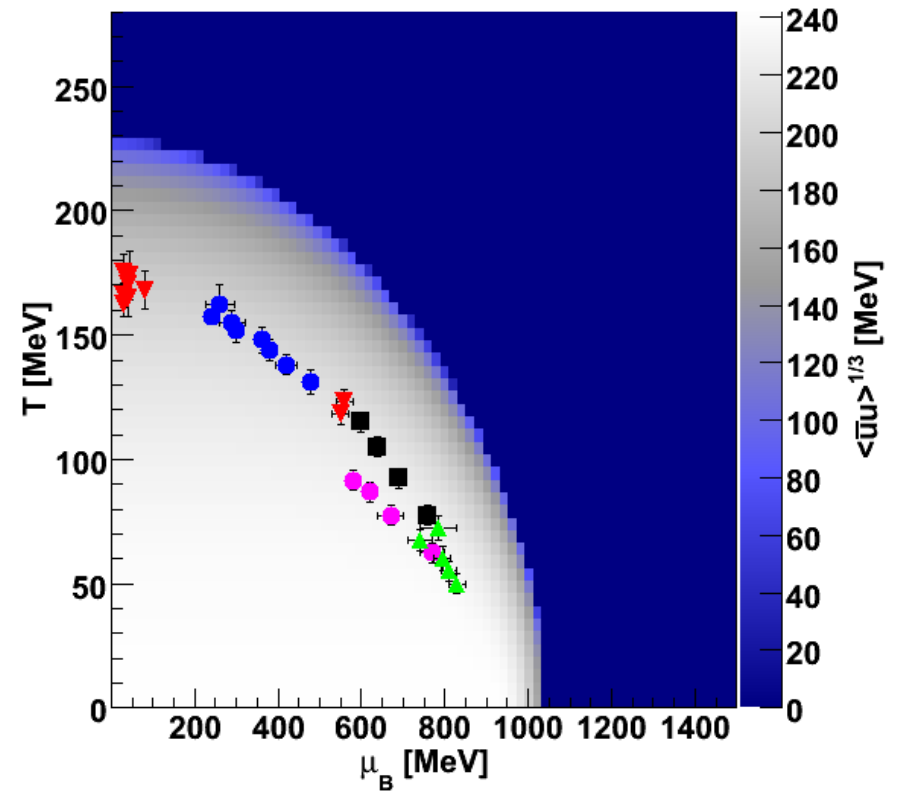
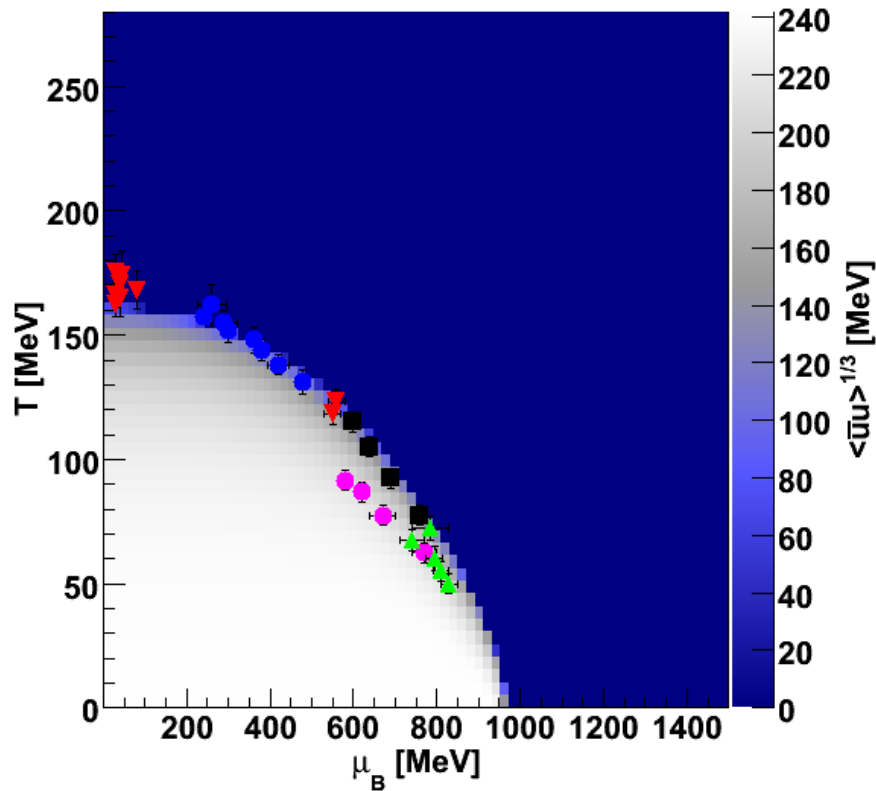
with the scalar nucleon density $n_{s,N}(T, \mu) = \frac{2}{\pi^2} \int_0^\infty dp p^2 \frac{m_N}{E_N(p)} \{ f_N(T, \mu) + f_N(T, -\mu) \}$

J. Berdermann, D.B., J. Cleymans, K. Redlich, in progress (2010)

PNJL MODEL BEYOND MF - RESULTS

$$-\langle \bar{q}q \rangle = -\langle \bar{q}q \rangle_{\text{PNJL, MF}} + \kappa_M \frac{M_\pi^2 T^2}{8m_0} + \kappa_B \frac{\sigma_N}{m_0} n_{s,N}(T, \mu)$$

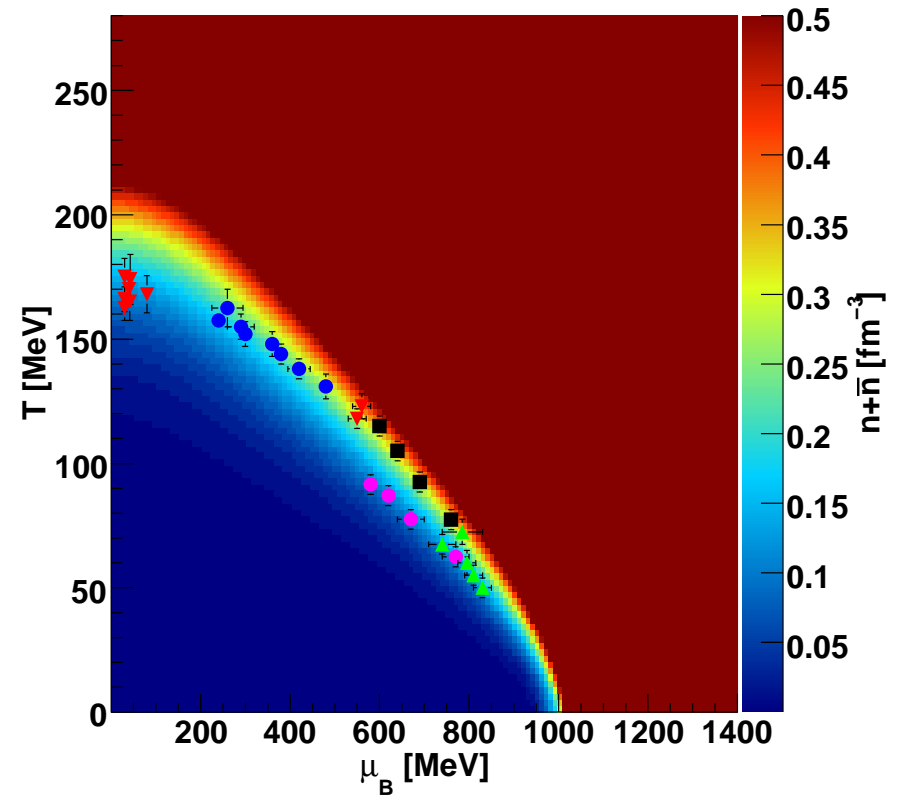
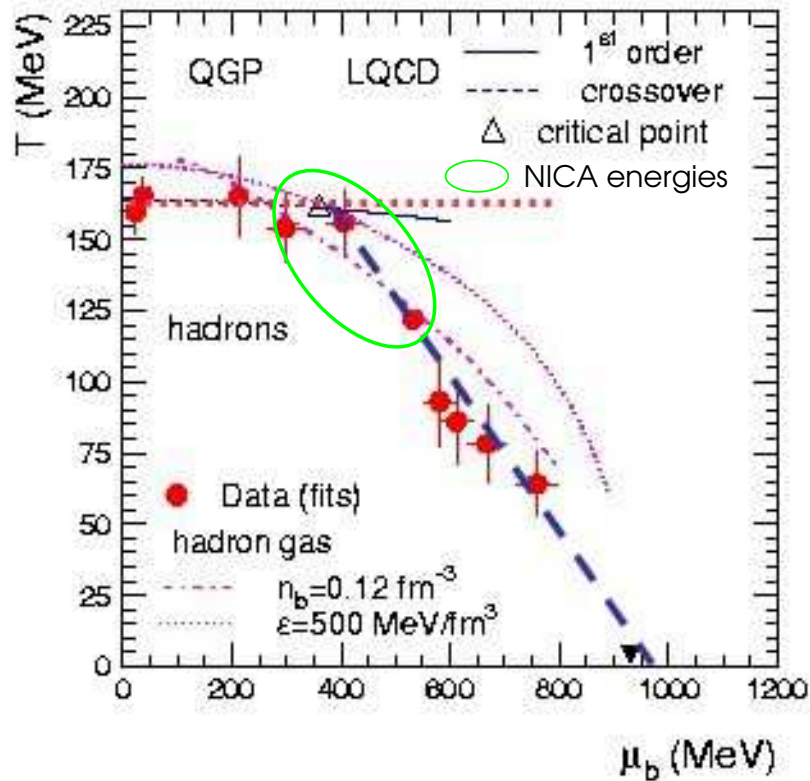
$$-\langle \bar{q}q \rangle = -\langle \bar{q}q \rangle_{\text{PNJL, MF}} + \frac{M_\pi^2 T^2}{8m_0} + \frac{\sigma_N}{m_0} n_{s,N}(T, \mu) + \dots$$



J. Berdermann, D.B., J. Cleymans, K. Redlich, in progress (2010)

PNJL MODEL BEYOND MF vs. PHENOMENOLOGICAL FIT

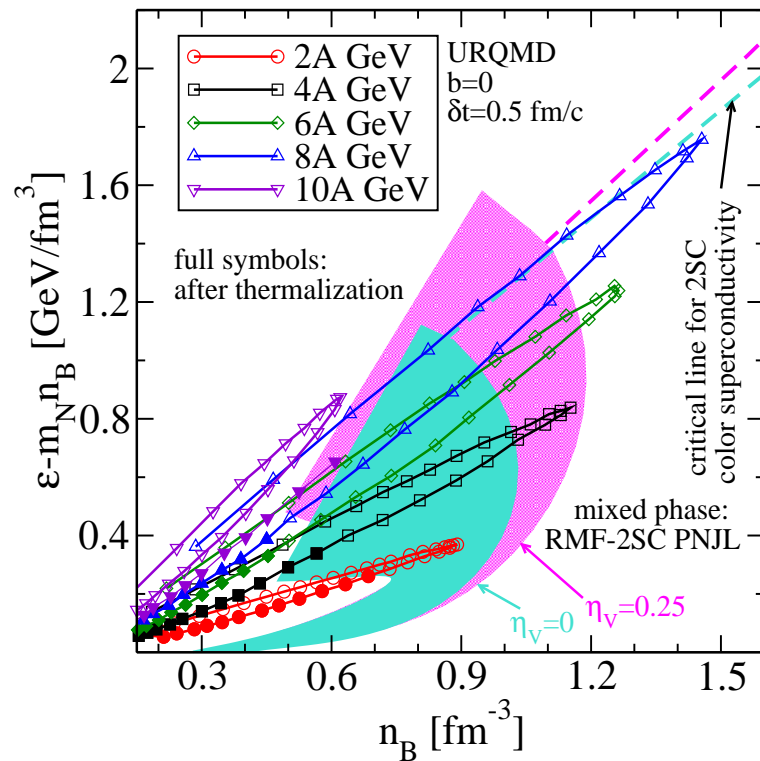
$$n_b = n(T, \mu) + \bar{n}(T, \mu) = \sum_{i=N, \Delta, \pi B} d_i \int \frac{dp p^2}{2\pi^2} \left[\frac{1}{\exp(\beta[E_i(p) - \mu]) + 1} + (\mu \leftrightarrow -\mu) \right]$$



J. Berdermann, D.B., J. Cleymans, K. Redlich, in progress (2010)

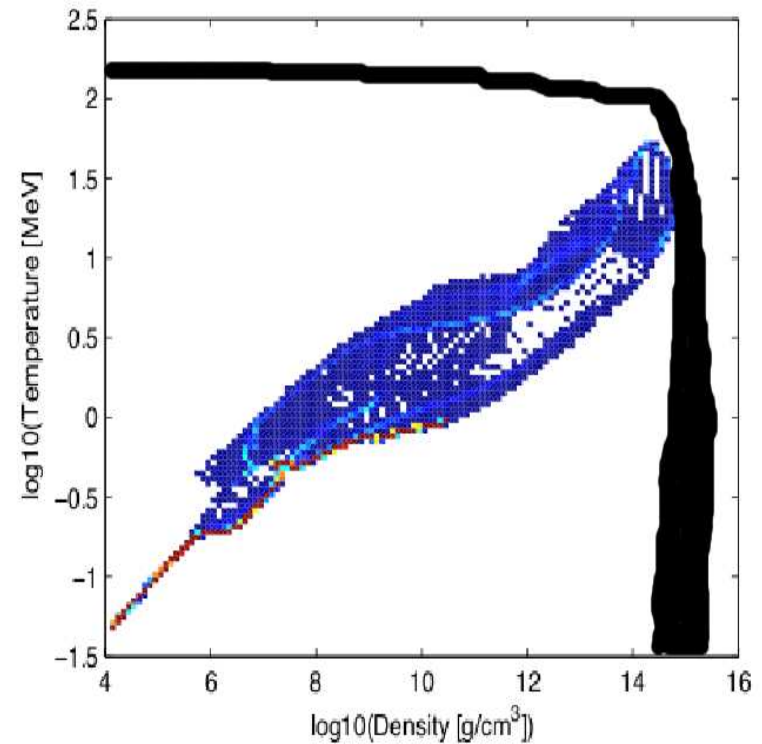
EXPLORING THE QCD PHASE DIAGRAM: TRAJECTORIES

Heavy-Ion Collisions:



D.B., Skokov, Sandin, NICA WhitePaper (2009)

Supernova Explosions (15 M_⊙):



Liebendoefer et al. (2005)

Sagert et al., PRL 102 (2009)

SUMMARY

- Hadron production data suggest the existence of three forms of matter: Hadronic Matter, Quarkyonic Matter and Quark-Gluon Plasma
- Mott-Hagedorn model as alternative interpretation of Lattice data
- Chiral condensate melting may be explained by hadron resonance excitation
- Phenomenological laws for freeze-out curve qualitatively reproduced
- Quarkyonic island can be accessed by NICA and Nuclotron-N
- More, better data have to be provided in the NICA/Nuclotron-M range
- Is the working hypothesis of hadron swelling (multiquark states) as an explanation for increase of flavor exchange reaction rates and fast chemical equilibration testable?

The Joint Institute for Nuclear Research Dubna (Russia)
invites for registrations to

HIC-for-FAIR School and Workshop

*Dense QCD Phases in
Heavy-Ion Collisions*

JINR Dubna, August 21 - September 4, 2010

6th International Workshop on

*Critical Point and
Onset of Deconfinement*

JINR Dubna, August 23-29, 2010

COMMON TOPICS

NONEQUILIBRIUM AND TRANSPORT PHENOMENA IN DENSE MATTER
QCD PHASES IN HEAVY-ION COLLISIONS AND ASTROPHYSICS
EQUATION OF STATE AND QCD PHASE TRANSITION
HADRON PRODUCTION IN HEAVY-ION COLLISIONS
PRESENT AND FUTURE EXPERIMENTS



<http://theor.jinr.ru/~dm10>
<http://theor.jinr.ru/cpod>

Invitations:

International Conference

“Critical Point and Onset of Deconfinement”

Dubna, Russia, August 23-29, 2010

<http://theor.jinr.ru/cpod>

HIC-for-FAIR Summer School

“Dense QCD Phases in HIC”

Dubna, Russia, August 21-September 4, 2010

<http://theor.jinr.ru/~dm10>

XXVIII. Max-Born Symposium

“Three Days on H.I.”

Wroclaw, Poland, May/June 2011

<http://www.ift.uni.wroc.pl>

europhysics news **41/3** (2010)

THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION!



NICA RT-5, JINR DUBNA, 28.08.2010