

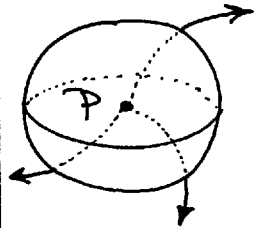
UNIVERSAL DEFORMATIONS OF CLASSICAL POISSON STRUCTURES.

Arthemy Kiselev (JBI GRONINGEN) & $\begin{cases} \text{R. BURING} \\ \text{N. RUTTEN} \end{cases}$ (JBI).

SQS'17
DUBNA
4/08/2017

① AFFINE POISSON MANIFOLD $(N^{n < \infty}, \mathcal{P})$.

②: $\mathcal{P} \mapsto \mathcal{P} + \varepsilon Q(\mathcal{P}) + \bar{o}(\varepsilon)$ POISSON (mod $\bar{o}(\varepsilon)$): $Q(\mathcal{P}) = ? \quad \underline{\exists!}$



$\# \geq |N|$. (2013-15)

$$[\mathcal{P} + \varepsilon Q(\mathcal{P}) + \bar{o}(\varepsilon), \mathcal{P} + \varepsilon Q(\mathcal{P}) + \bar{o}(\varepsilon)] = \bar{o}(\varepsilon)$$

JACOBI

$$\varepsilon^0: [\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{P}] = 0 \quad \checkmark.$$

IDENTITY.

$$\varepsilon^1: 2[\mathcal{P}, Q(\mathcal{P})] \doteq 0 \text{ VIA } [\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{P}] = 0.$$

$$Q_{\mathcal{P}} := [\mathcal{P}, \cdot] - \text{cocycle.}$$

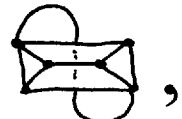
② M. KONTSEVICH (1996, 2017):



$\xrightarrow{10^2}$



$+$

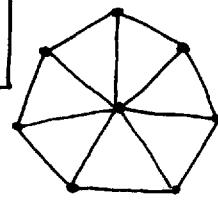
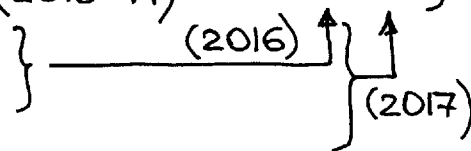


• T. WILLWACHER (2013-14)

• A. K. et al.

• R. BURING

• N. RUTTEN



$+ < 45 \text{ GRAPHS} >$
(now)

Ex. $\dot{\mathcal{P}} = \mathcal{P}$: $\mathcal{P} \mapsto e^{\varepsilon} \mathcal{P}$; (elementary)

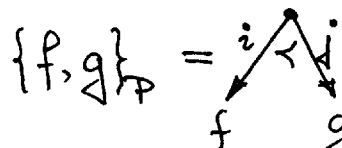
Ex. $\dot{\mathcal{P}} = [\mathcal{P}, \mathfrak{X}] \quad \forall \mathfrak{X} \in \mathfrak{X}$ (trivial)

Ex. $\dot{\mathcal{P}} = \nabla(\mathcal{P}, \text{Jac}(\mathcal{P})) \equiv 0$. (improper)

③ • $\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \mathcal{P}^{ij}(x)$

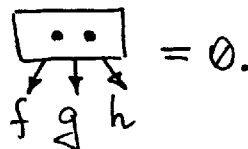
$$\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial}{\partial x^i} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \cdot \xrightarrow{i}$$

$$\text{GRAPH} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \sum_{\{i\}} \prod_{\{\text{VERTEX}\}}$$



$$(f) \frac{\partial}{\partial x^i} \cdot \mathcal{P}^{ij}(x) \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial x^j} (g)$$

$$\text{Jac}(\mathcal{P})(f, g, h) = \begin{matrix} \nearrow & \searrow \\ f & g & h \\ \nwarrow & \nearrow \end{matrix} - \begin{matrix} \nearrow & \searrow \\ f & g & h \\ \nwarrow & \nearrow \end{matrix} - \begin{matrix} \nearrow & \searrow \\ f & g & h \\ \nwarrow & \nearrow \end{matrix} = 0.$$



JACOBI.

④ Th. (2015) $\begin{cases} \text{M.K.} \\ \text{T.W.} \end{cases}$ (NON-ORIENTED) $\xrightarrow{\text{QUASI}}$ (ORIENTED): COCYCLES \rightarrow COCYCLES.
 $d_r^2 = 0 \quad [\mathcal{P}, \cdot]^2 = 0$

Ex.

$$Q_{1: \frac{6}{2}}(\mathcal{P}) = \begin{matrix} \nearrow & \searrow \\ f & g & h \\ \nwarrow & \nearrow \end{matrix} + \frac{6}{2} \left(\begin{matrix} \nearrow & \searrow \\ f & g & h \\ \nwarrow & \nearrow \end{matrix} - \begin{matrix} \nearrow & \searrow \\ f & g & h \\ \nwarrow & \nearrow \end{matrix} \right)$$


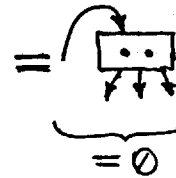

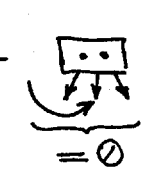
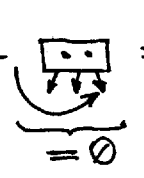
• M.K. (1996)

• A.B., A.K. (2016)

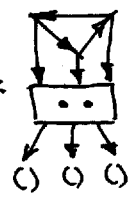
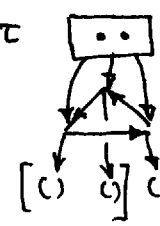
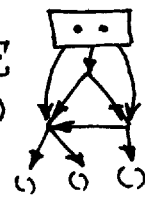
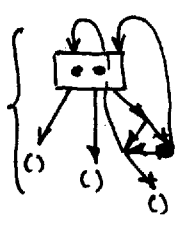
• A.B., R.B., A.K. (2017)

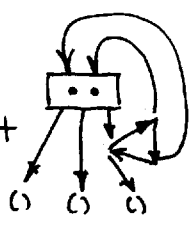
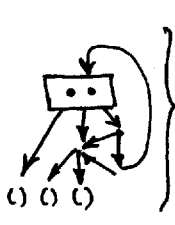
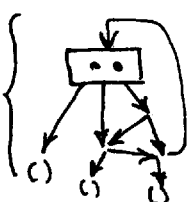
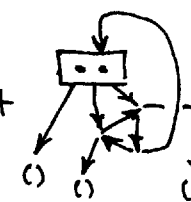
$$4 \cdot 2 : (4 \cdot 3) \cdot 2 = 1 : \frac{6}{2} \quad \left. \begin{matrix} \nearrow & \searrow \\ f & g & h \\ \nwarrow & \nearrow \end{matrix} \right\} \text{ necessary \& sufficient.}$$

⑤ Th. [R.B. & A.K.] (2016). MECHANISM $[[P, Q]] = \diamond(P, \text{JAC}(P))$:

 =  +  +  +  = 0. } LEIBNIZ GRAPHS.

Ex. (JGP(2017)). $[[P, Q_{1:6/2}(P)]] = \diamond(P, \text{JAC}(P))$.

$\diamond =$  + $3 \sum_{\tau \in S_2} (-)^{\tau}$  + $3 \sum_{\tau \in S_2}$  + $3 \sum_{\tau \in S_2}$  +

+  +  + $3 \sum_{\sigma \in S_3} (-)^{\sigma}$  + .

8 SKEW LEIBNIZ GRAPHS \Rightarrow 27 LEIBNIZ GRAPHS \Rightarrow 39 KONTSEVICH GRAPHS.

⑥ Th. [R.B., A.K., N.R.] (2017). $k=1: Q(P)=P$. $k=2: \text{wheel}$ $k=3: \text{wheel}$ $k=4: \diamond$

NB. WE ALLOW 

$k=5: \text{wheel}$

$k=6: Q(P) = 5\text{-wheel} + \frac{5}{2} \text{wheel}$

$k=7: \text{wheel}$


$k=8: Q(P) = 7\text{-wheel} + \langle 45 \text{ terms} \rangle$.

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} |Q| \approx 100 \text{ OR GRAPHS} \\ |[P, Q]| = 3411. \\ \diamond \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 250,000 \text{ UNKNOWN} \\ 500,000 \text{ EQNS.} \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right.$

Th. [DOLGUSHEV (2015), ROGERS, WILLWACHER]: $\forall k \geq 1 \exists Q(P) = (2k+1)\text{-wheel} + ?$.

⑦ ? HOW BIG IS THE LIE ALGEBRA $(Q(P), [\cdot, \cdot]) \text{ mod } \nabla(P, \text{JAC}(P))$?

⑦ TRIVIAL $Q(P) := [[P, \vec{x}]] \forall \vec{x} \text{ ON } N^n$.

Ex.  = $\vec{x}(P)$.

LEMMA. $[\cdot, \vec{x}]$ imitates SMOOTH

DIFFEOMORPHISM $\exp(\epsilon \vec{x}): N^n \rightarrow N^n$ ON AFFINE N^n !

? DYN. SYSTEMS.

REFS.

• [M.K.: ASCONA '96]

• [A.B., R.B., A.K.: 1608.01710]

• [A.B., A.K.: 1609.06677]

• [R.B., A.K.: 1702.00681]

• [R.B., A.K.: 1602.09036]

• [A.B.: 1702.06044]

• [A.K.: 1705.01777]