A 'personal history' of Italian-Russian collaboration

P.Spillantini INFN and University, Firenze

> Efforts in Fundamental Research and Perspectives for Applied S&T and Business Development

> > Dubna, 17-18 December 2009

1970 Novosibirsk 4 months for VEPP2

1981≈1990 ITEF + Katchina + other ...for L3 at LEP

1992→ MEPhI, FIAN, Joffe, Roscosmos for RIM mission:Sieye-1, Sieye-2, NINA, Sieye-3, PAMELA, Alteino, Gamma-400

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Computer code for 4 particles creation in e+ + e-

CETIRI

Used in VEPP2 in 1970

Used in ADONE experiments in 1971 \rightarrow

In L3 experiment at LEP:

Uranium-MPC calorimeter (ITEF+Florence+ETC)

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WiZard: → Russian Italian Missions (RIM)











ALTEA:

SILEYE-4

PAMELA milestones

- Launch from Baikonur: June 15th 2006, 0800 UTC.
- Power On: June 21st 2006, 0300 UTC.
- Detectors operated as expected after launch
- PAMELA in continuous data-taking mode since commissioning phase ended on July 11th 2006
- As of ~ now:
 - ~1263 days of data taking (~73% live-time)
 - ~15 TByte of raw data downlinked
 - >10⁹ triggers recorded and under analysis





Positron fraction $CR + ISM \rightarrow \pi^{\pm} + ... \rightarrow \mu^{\pm} + ... \rightarrow e^{\pm} + ...$ Secondary Production Models $CR + ISM \rightarrow \pi^{0} + ... \rightarrow \gamma\gamma \rightarrow e^{\pm}$



Primary positron sources

Dark Matter

- e⁺ yield depend on the dominant decay channel
 - \rightarrow LSPs seem <u>disfavored</u> due to suppression of e⁺e⁻ final states
 - \rightarrow low yield (relative to p-bar)
 - \rightarrow soft spectrum from cascade decays
 - \rightarrow LKPs seem <u>favored</u> because can annihilate directly in e⁺e⁻
 - \rightarrow high yield (relative to p-bar)
 - \rightarrow hard spectrum with pronounced cutoff @ $\rm M_{\rm LKP}$ (>300 GeV)



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ОБЪЕДИНЕННЫЙ ИНСТИТУТ ЯДЕРНЫХ ИССЛЕДОВАНИЙ

11-6060

Материалы 1-й сесии Программно-консультативного комитета по физике частиц

12-13 апреля 1994 года

Documents of the Programme Advisory Committee for Particle Physics

1st meeting, 12-13 April 1994

(from the 1995 topical plan)



Дубна 1994

PROJECTS RECOMMENDED BY THE JINR INTERNAL BOARD FOR REVIEW OF RESEARCH ACTIVITIES AND PROJECTS TO BE INCLUDED IN THE JINR SCIENTIFIC PROGRAMME FOR THE YEARS 1999-2001

Project	Prio- rity	Period of realization approved by PAC	Project cost on the date of approval (JINR's contribution) k\$	Actual Expenditure Till 1998 k\$	Proposed time of continuation	Request from JINR budget for 1999-2001 k\$
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

					TOTAL	5,934.	0
HEP experim	-	1997-1999		0		0	
CLIC Roffware for	1	1996-1999	300	-	2000	10	4
TESLA	1	1996-1999	400	308.8	2005	58	4
LPP	1	1996-1999	2,600.0	72.1	2005	325	1
LNP	1	1996-2000	285	15	2002	103	2×
LHC							
JINR at IHEP							
Service of	2	1993-1999		0		0	
EXCHARM II	1	1996-2000	134	74	2000	23	
HYPERON	2	1998-2000	74	5.0	2001	27	
v-Detector	2	1997-2000	20.7	0.7	2001	33	
NN-scattering	2	1992-2001	180	155	2001	15	
BOREXINO	2	1997-2005			2005	0	
H1	1	1996-2000	292	15	2005	130	
HERMES	•	1995-2000	615	167	2000	70	
HERA-B	1	1996-2002	530	100	2002	43	
STAR	1	1996-2000	2,820.0	105	2001	245	×
CDF	1	1996-1998	276	162	2002	150	×
DØ	1	1997-1999	1,285.0	185	2002	150	X
LPP LNP		1998-2000	524,5 323	77.8	2005 2005	585 241	k
COMPASS (NA-58)	1	1998-2000					
CMS (LPP,LHE)	1	1994-2005	7,220.0	583.3	2005	910	X
NA-48	1	1996-2000	380	150	2005	260	
ATLAS	1	1994-2005	6210	960	2005	1871	×
NOMAD	1	1997-2000	207	15	2000	45	
DIRAC	1	1996-2001	947	136	2001	290	X
DELPHI	1	1991-1999	1,648.0	1,400.0	2001	350	

Particle Physics

*) The priority for the HERMES experiment is to be reviewed at this meeting of the PAC.

The column "Project cost on the date of approval" indicates the direct expenditures excluding salaries and the Labs' infrastructure costs. As seen from the Table, the budget distribution over the fields of research (Particle Physics-17%, Relativistic Nuclear Physics- 18,5%) corresponds to the Lab's direct expenditures requested for the years 1999-2001, provided 100% budget is available.

x 2 4870 (81%)

The same correspondence for Relativistic Nuclear Physics is to be achieved by the intention of the LHE Directorate to redistribute, beginning 1999, the funds allocated for this field of research.



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- the solenoidal configuration is not adequate and must be adopted a **toroidal configuration** where the field diminishes at the increasing of the radius;
- the outer part of the system must be **deployed or assembled** in space.

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Technological criteria

- Cryogen Free Superconducting Magnet -→ cryocoolers

- -'ideal cable' for space applications (Turin university + Alenia) <u>thin MgB2 cable</u> produced by the in-situ method in a titanium sheath stabilized outside in aluminum:
 - Medium operating temperature (20k)
 - Low density (3 g/cm3)
 - Small section: cables less suffering current and temperature instability, and distributing current in the surrounding cables in case of bad functioning.







System	M (kg)	P (W)
Scintillator counter system (trigger + ToF)	1.0	2.0
Silicon detector System (Si + F.E.E.)	0.5	1.0
Readout and digitisation system	0.5	1.0
Mechanics and Cables	1.0	-
On Board Data Handling	< 2.4	<15
Total	< 5.4	<19



BARTINI instrument (SPHERA) for measuring the arrival direction of SCR

