

Near detector Data-MC Comparison for FHC & RHC modes with the JINR interaction model

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Introduction

We review the GENIE tuning and calculation method for description of the (anti)neutrino-induced events rates recorded in the NO ν A ND at (anti)neutrino energies above ~ 1 GeV.

Outline:

- Model and method updates
- Comparison of models with the ND data in FHC & RHC modes
- Future plans and proposal

Model and method updates

All needed details about GENIE tuning and method of event rates calculation can be found in docs 16335 and 23018 (a bit dated). Here we turn our attention only to what were changed since last analysis.

- Two new additions to the previous JINR-tuned GENIE were made: BBBA07 form factor model (instead of BBBA05) and Pauli blocking for 1π resonance production.
- Now, the full JINR model is implemented in local (JINR) version of GENIE, but it will be included into the future official GENIE 3.0.0 release.
- We can't simulate events directly so we use the procedure of reweighting MC events. The calculation of weights was changed drastically since previous analysis. As before we compute weights as ratios of the cross sections calculated with the JINR and original GENIE used in NO ν A (both are based on version 2.12.8), but now we account for the ND chemical "soup" composition (doc 23132-v3), use real (anti)neutrino fluxes(doc 25266-v5) and generate events with FSI.

ND data comparison

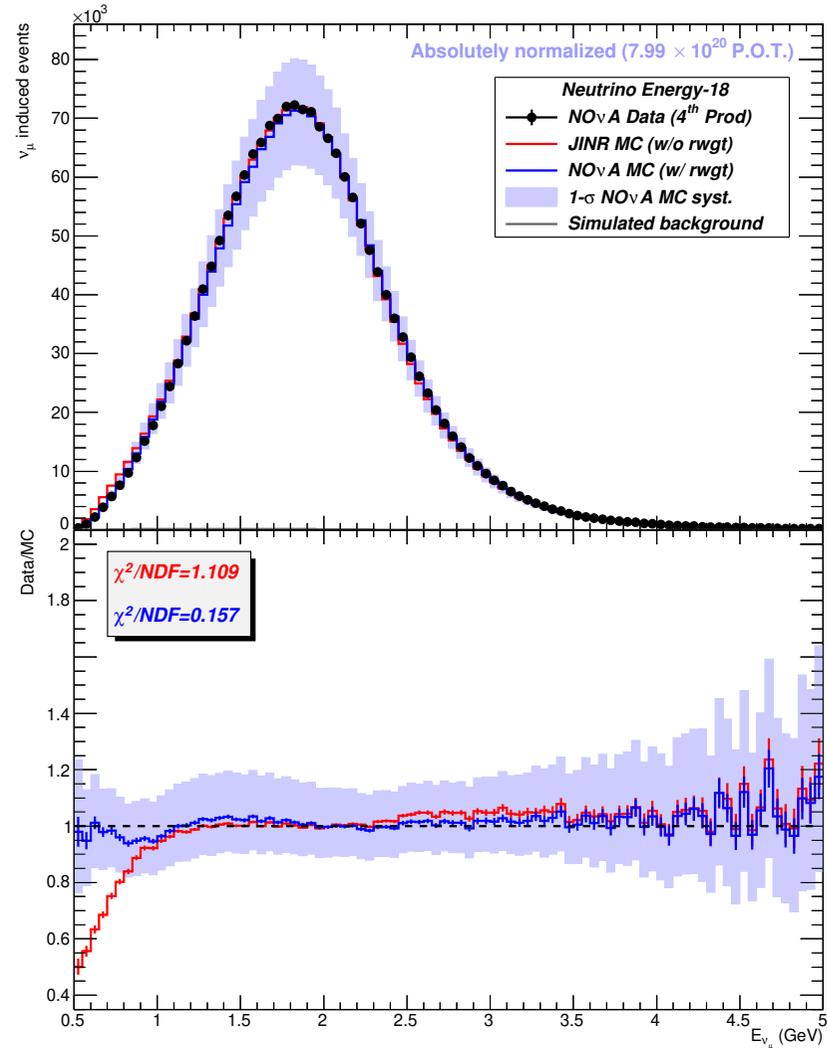
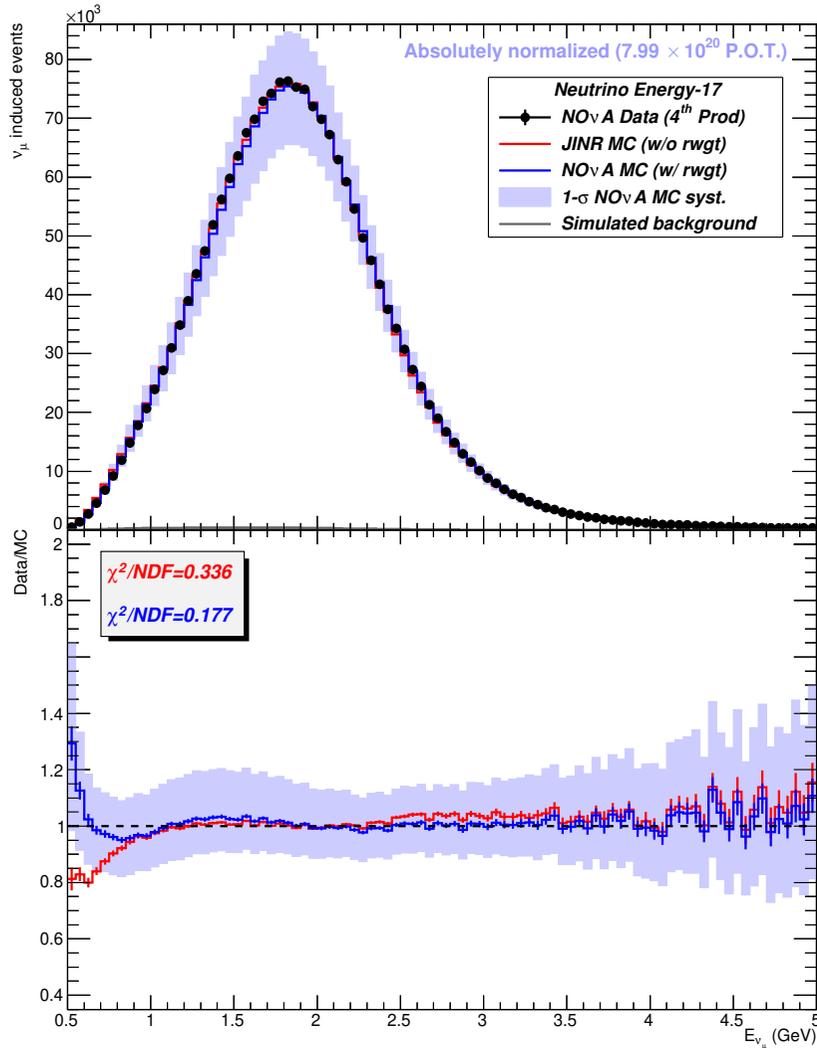
- CAF (release S18-05-06)
- Forth production neutrino datasets (MC & Data):
[prod_caf_R17-11-14-prod4reco.d_nd_genie_nonswap_fhc_nova_v08_full_v1](#)
[prod_caf_R17-09-05-prod4recopreview.f_nd_numi_fhc_full_v1_addShortSimpleCVN_goodruns](#)
- Forth production antineutrino datasets (MC & Data):
[prod_caf_R17-11-14-prod4reco.e_nd_genie_nonswap_rhc_nova_v08_full_v1](#)
[prod_caf_R17-09-05-prod4recopreview.f_nd_numi_rhc_full_v1_addShortSimpleCVN_goodruns](#)
- kStandardSpillCuts
- kCCE, kMuE, kCosNumi, kHadE, kRecoQmag, kRecoQ2, kRecoW
- kNumuCutND2018, kNumuCutND2017Prod4
- kXSecCVWgt2018*kPPFXFluxCVWgt
- Simulated background:
kNumuCutND2018 && !klsNumuCC, kNumuCutND2017Prod4 && !klsNumuCC
- Band: getAna2018LargeXsecSysts(kNumuAna2018)
- $\chi^2/\text{NDF} = \sum_{\text{bins}} \frac{(\text{Data}/\text{MC}-1)^2}{\sigma_{\text{stat}}^2 + \sigma_{\text{syst}}^2} / \#\text{bins}$, where we suppose (off the top of our heads) $\sigma_{\text{syst}} \approx 0.1$.

ND data comparison (FHC mode)

Neutrino energy

kNumuCutND2017Prod4

kNumuCutND2018

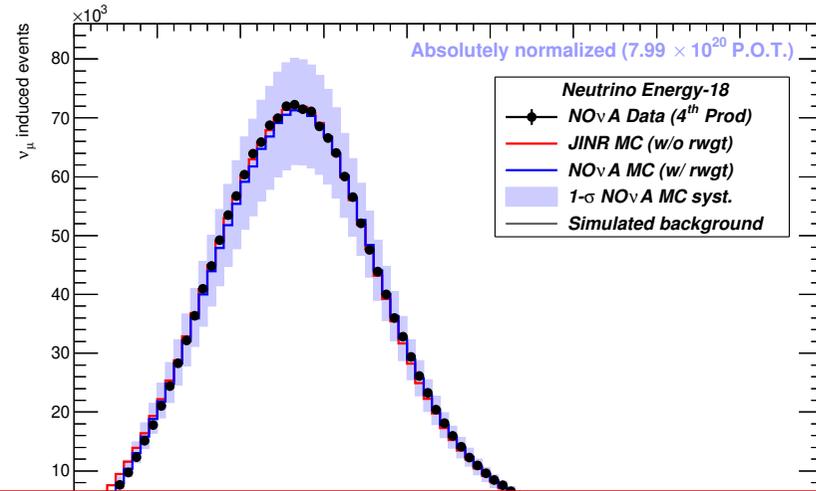
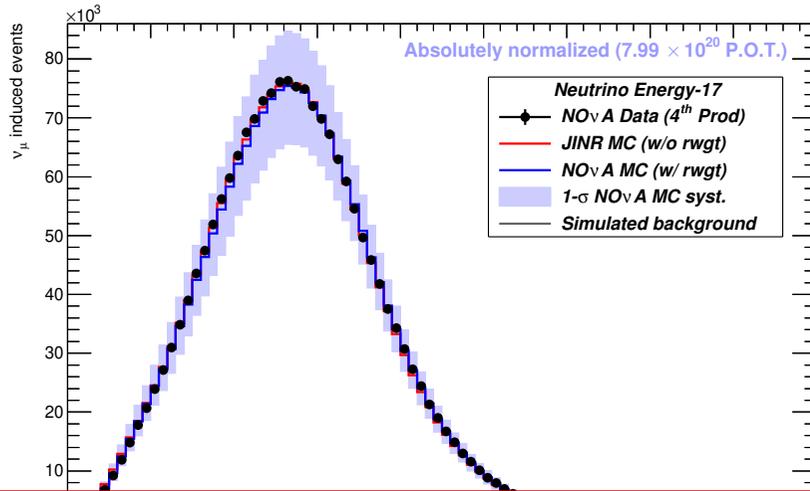


ND data comparison (FHC mode)

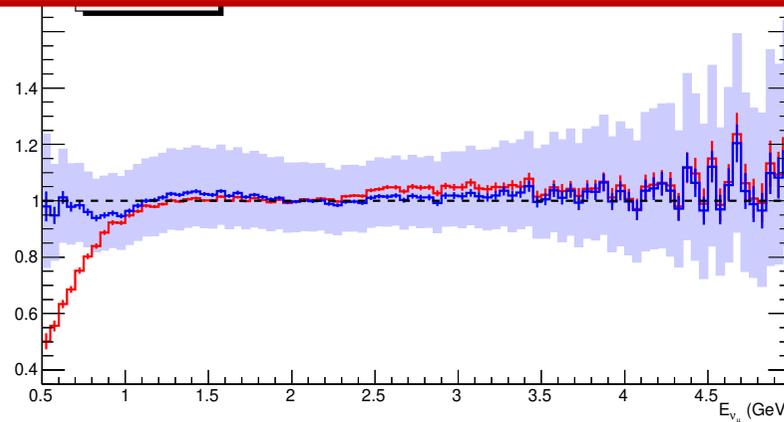
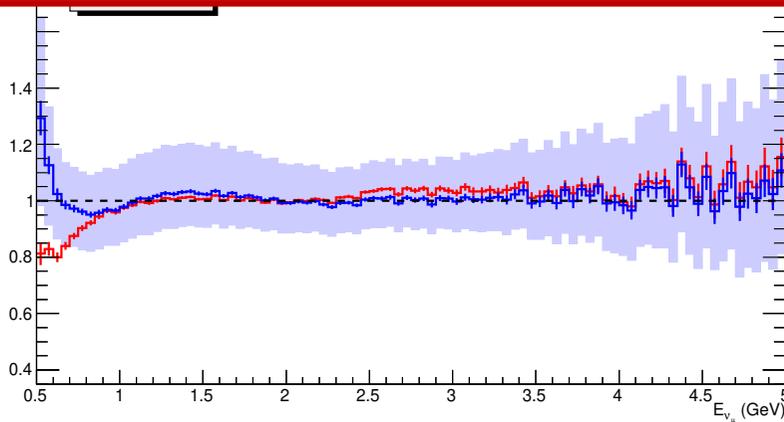
Neutrino energy

kNumuCutND2017Prod4

kNumuCutND2018



JINR model does not use any reweighting based on NO ν A data!

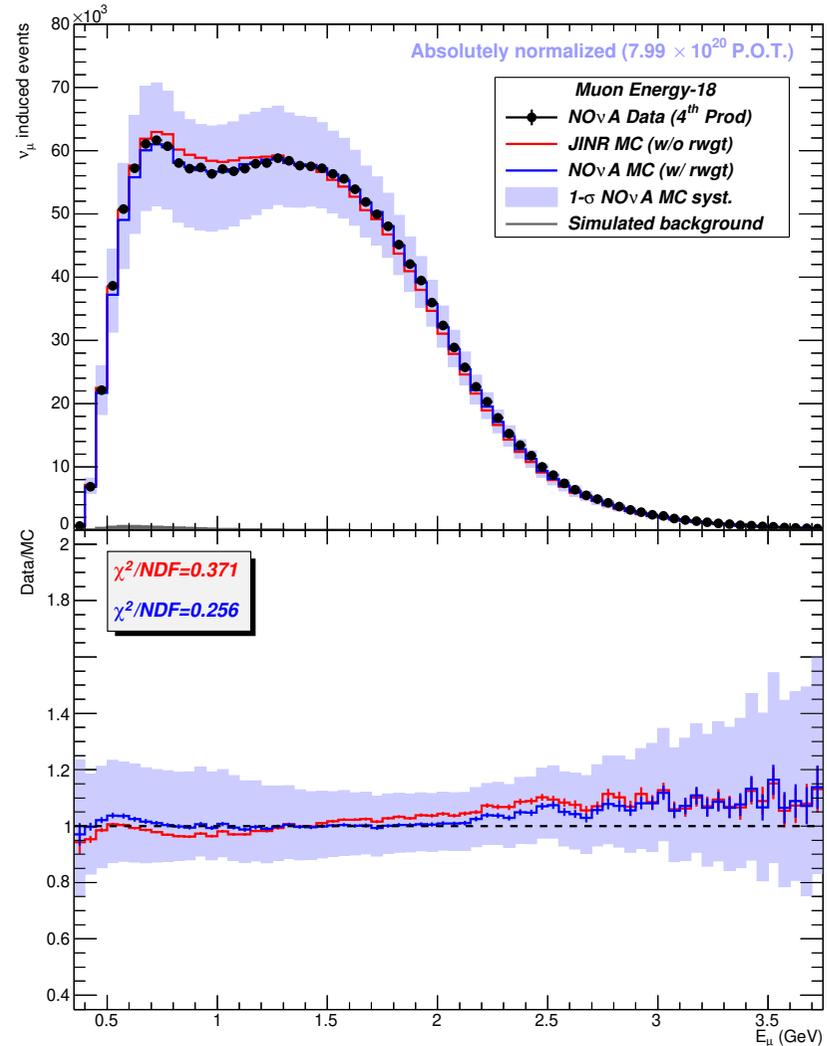
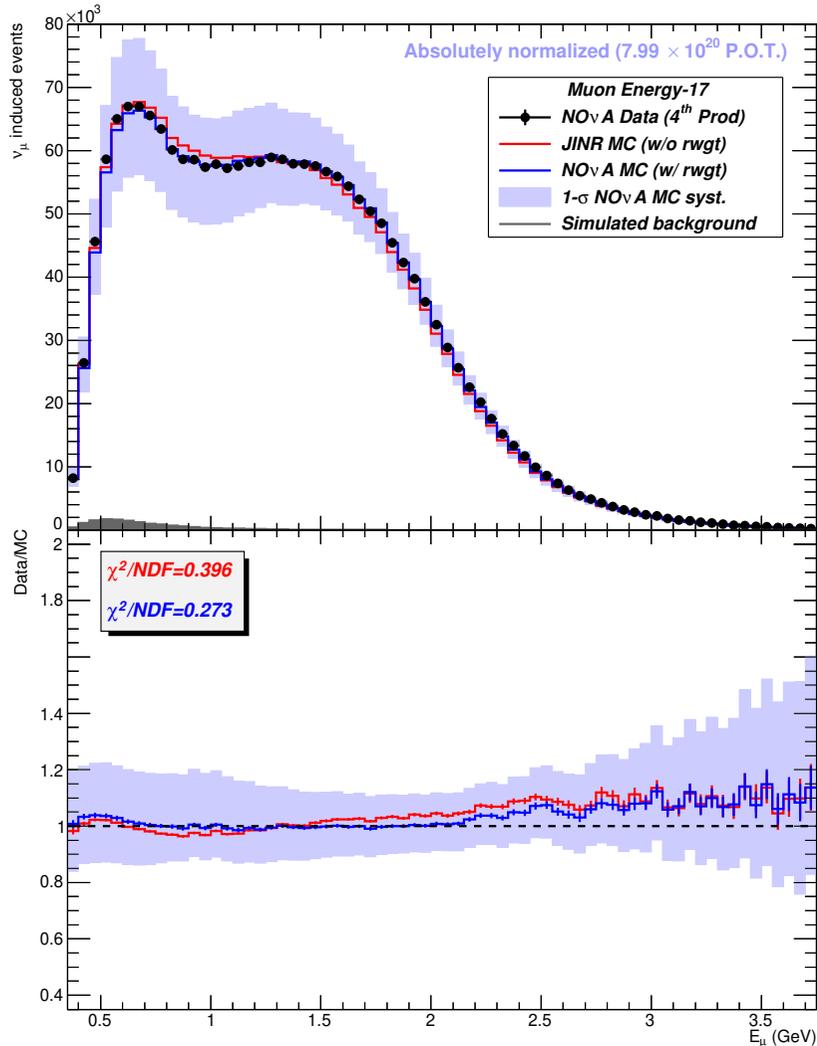


ND data comparison (FHC mode)

Muon energy

kNumuCutND2017Prod4

kNumuCutND2018

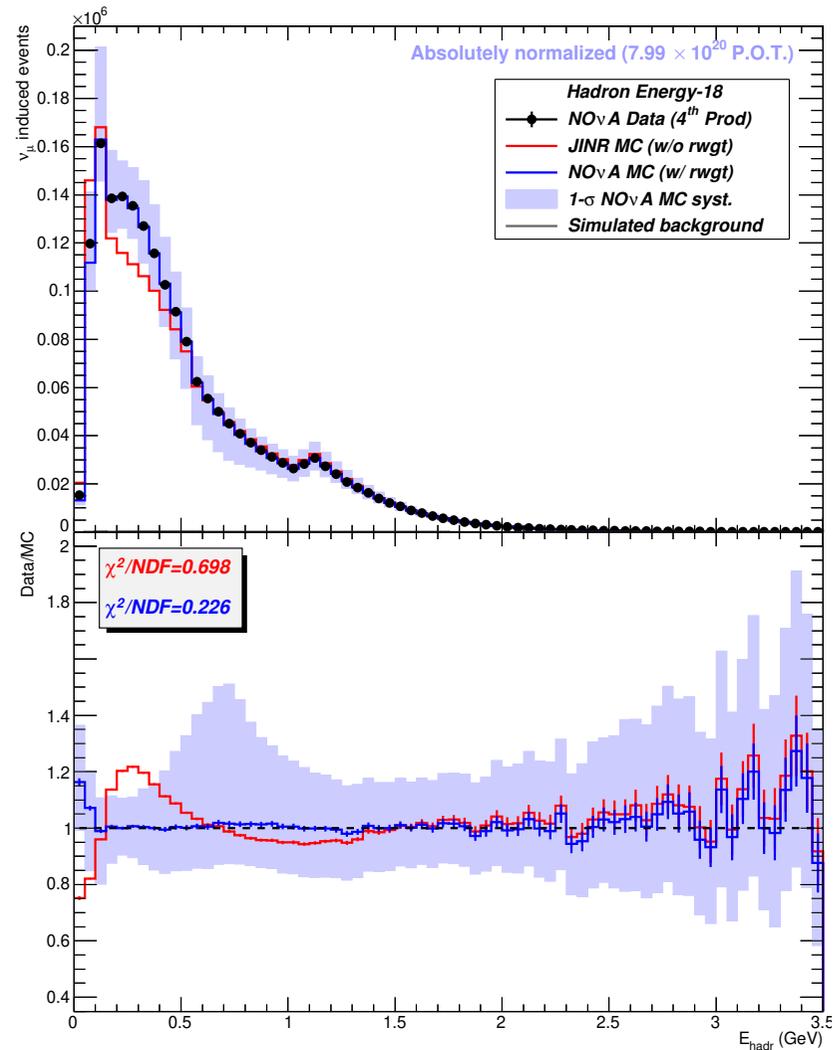
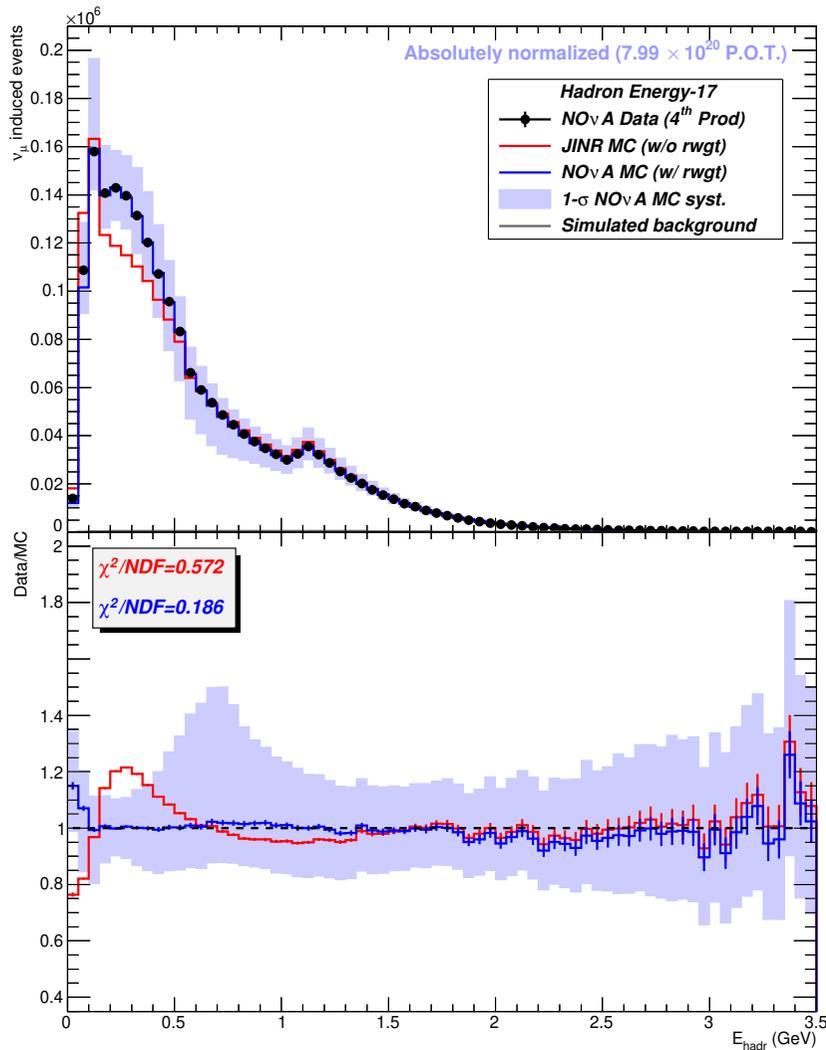


ND data comparison (FHC mode)

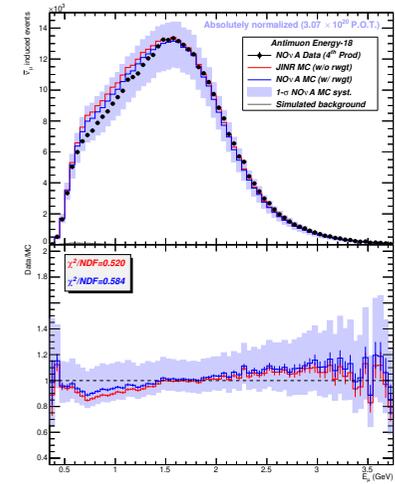
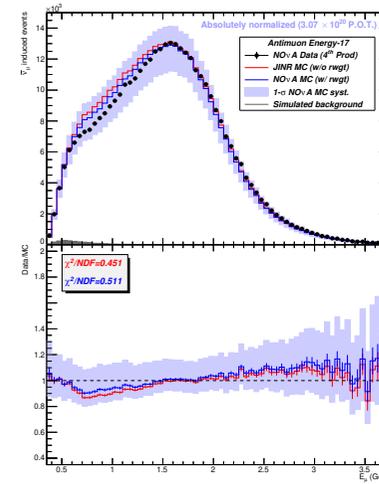
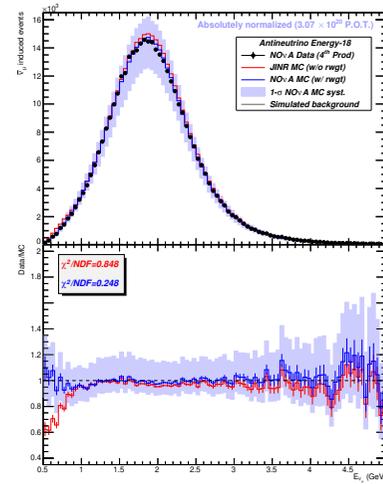
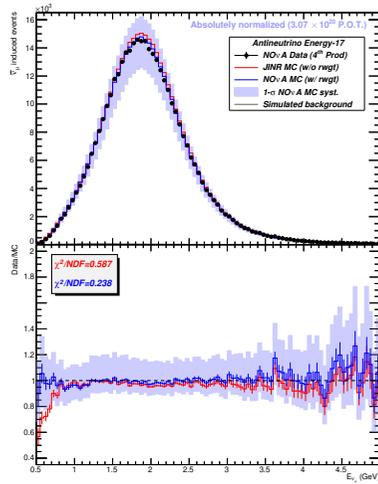
Hadron energy

kNumuCutND2017Prod4

kNumuCutND2018

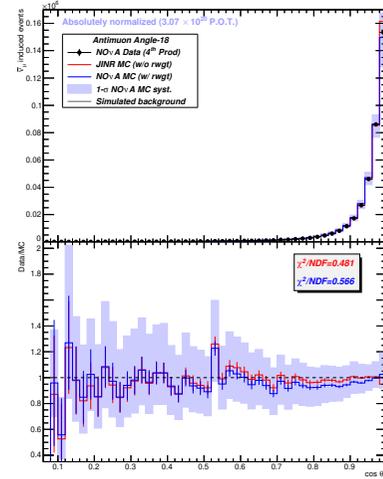
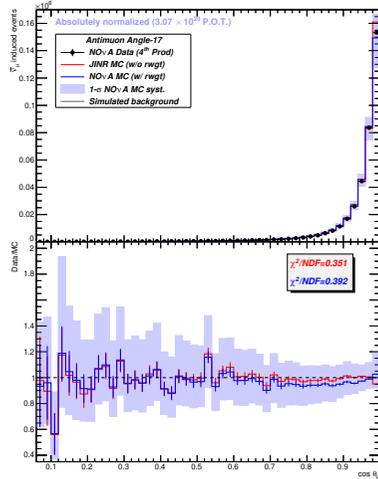


ND data comparison (RHC mode)

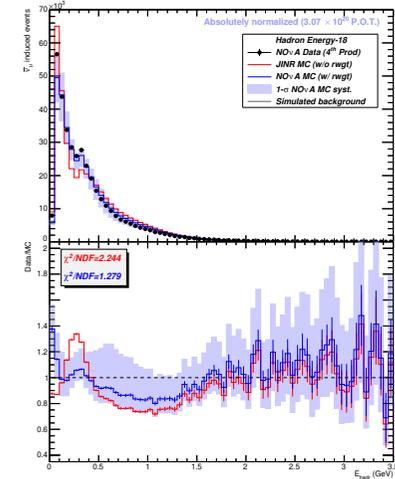
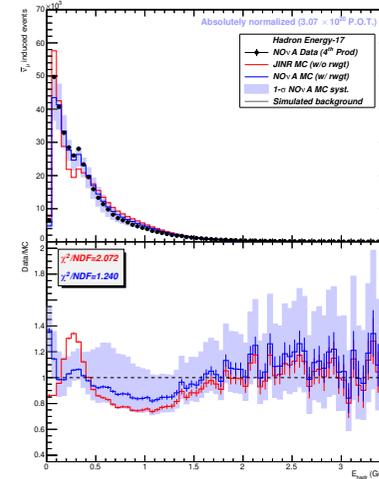


Antineutrino energy

Antimuon energy



Cos of the muon angle

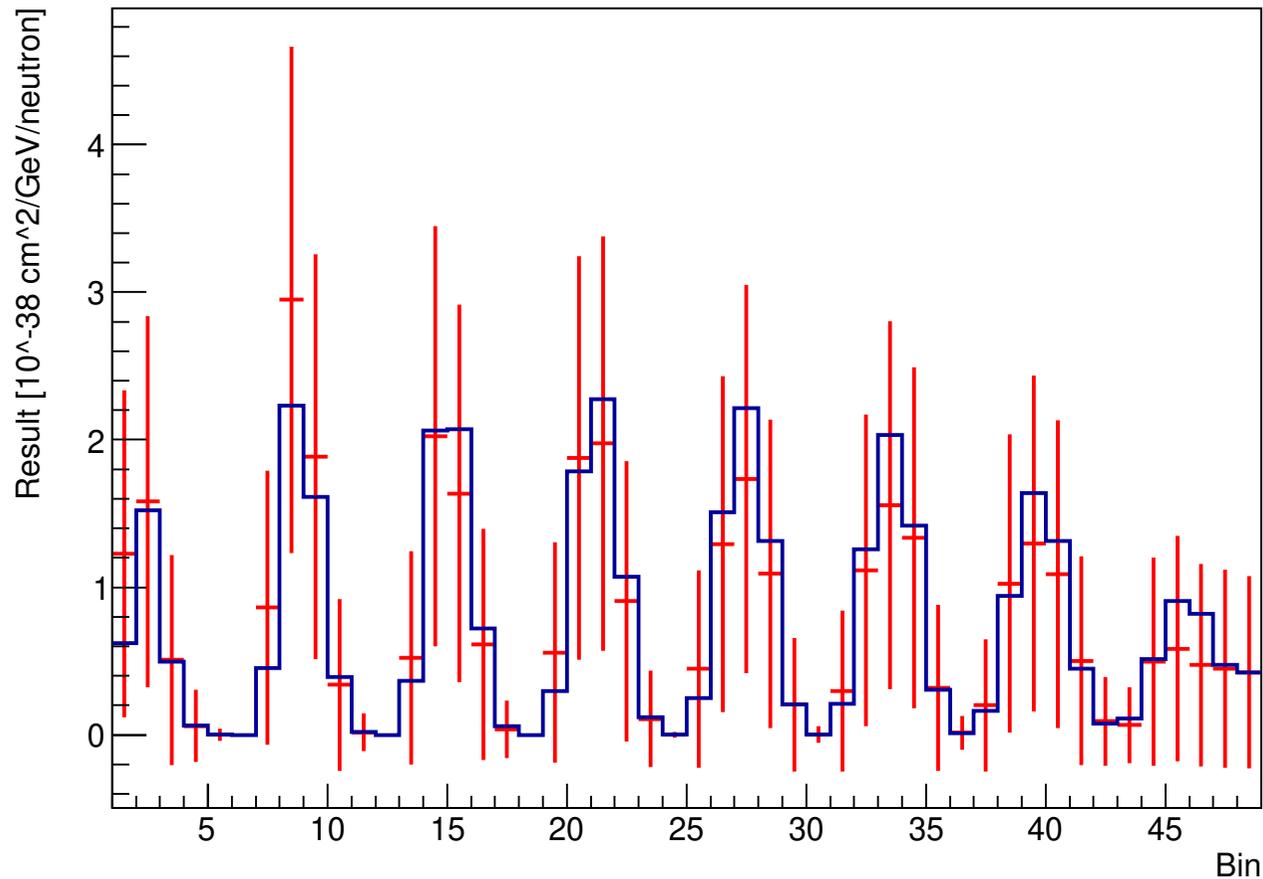


Hadron energy

Many plots in Backup slides (E_ν , E_μ , $\cos \theta_\mu$, E_{had} , $|\vec{q}|$, Q^2 , W)

Comparison with T2K data

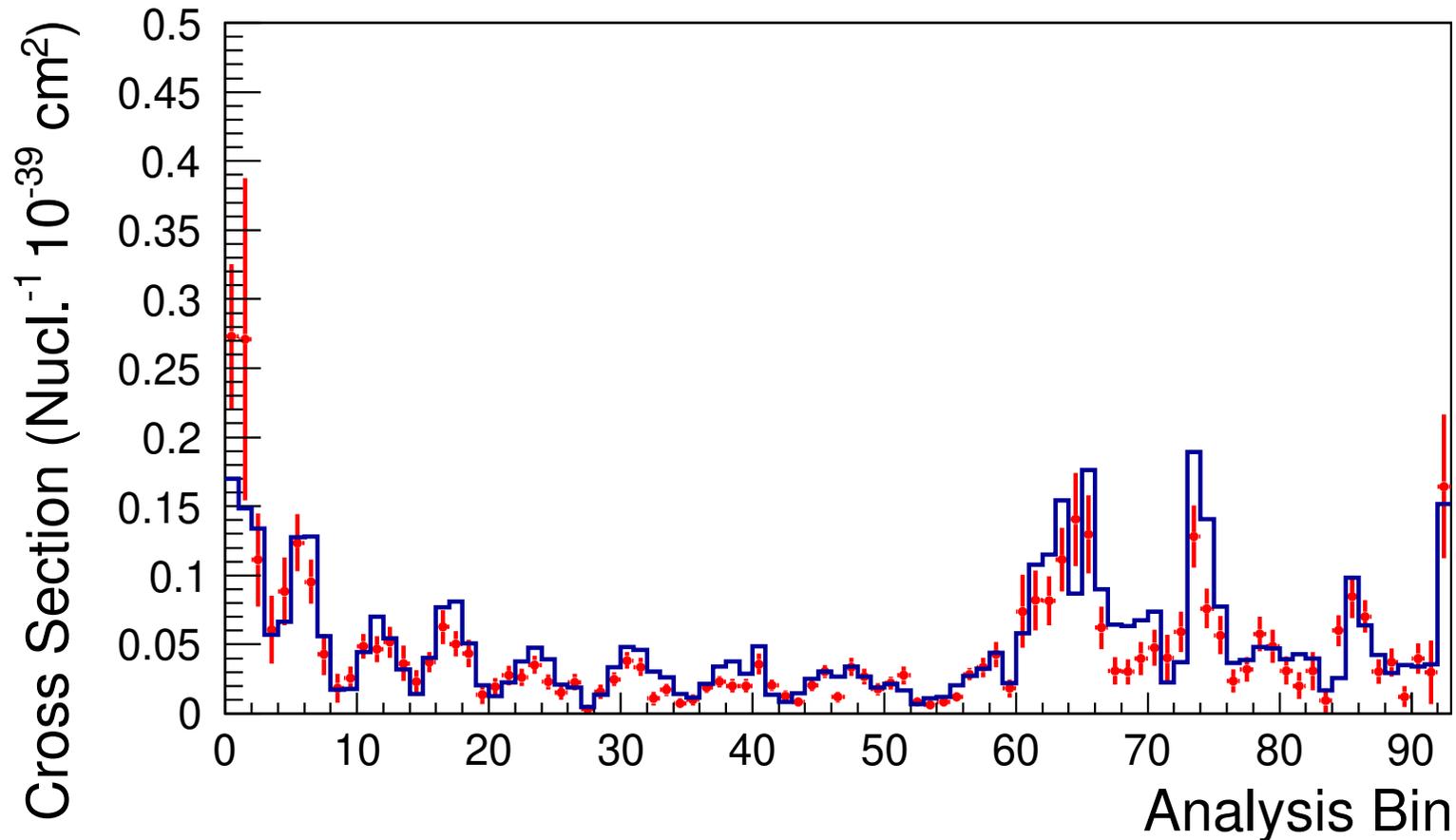
Cross Section Result



Comparison with ν_μ CC cross sections on H_2O with 0π in the final state [PRD97(2018)012001].

Comparison with T2K data

Result in linear binning



Comparison with ν_μ CC cross sections on C_8H_8 with 0π in the final state [PRD98(2018)032003].

Future plans

JINR model could be used as an alternative way to estimate number of events and systematics in the detector. Also the model allows to avoid rebukes in the overfitting and vagueness of reweighting procedure.

Reweighting procedure has some drawbacks, namely:

- The weights are calculated for true kinematic variables, but applied to reconstructed ones. As we think, this may lead to a discrepancy between the data and MC in the low-energy region.
- The procedure is not very accurate, because of MC inaccuracy (especially at regions with low number of events), not too fine-grained fluxes, ignoring of the detector design, etc.

Hence we propose to perform miniproducton with the JINR model.

The validity of the JINR model was tested on the recent experiments MINER ν A and T2K to measure $\nu_{\mu}(\bar{\nu}_{\mu})$ CC cross sections with 0π in final state.

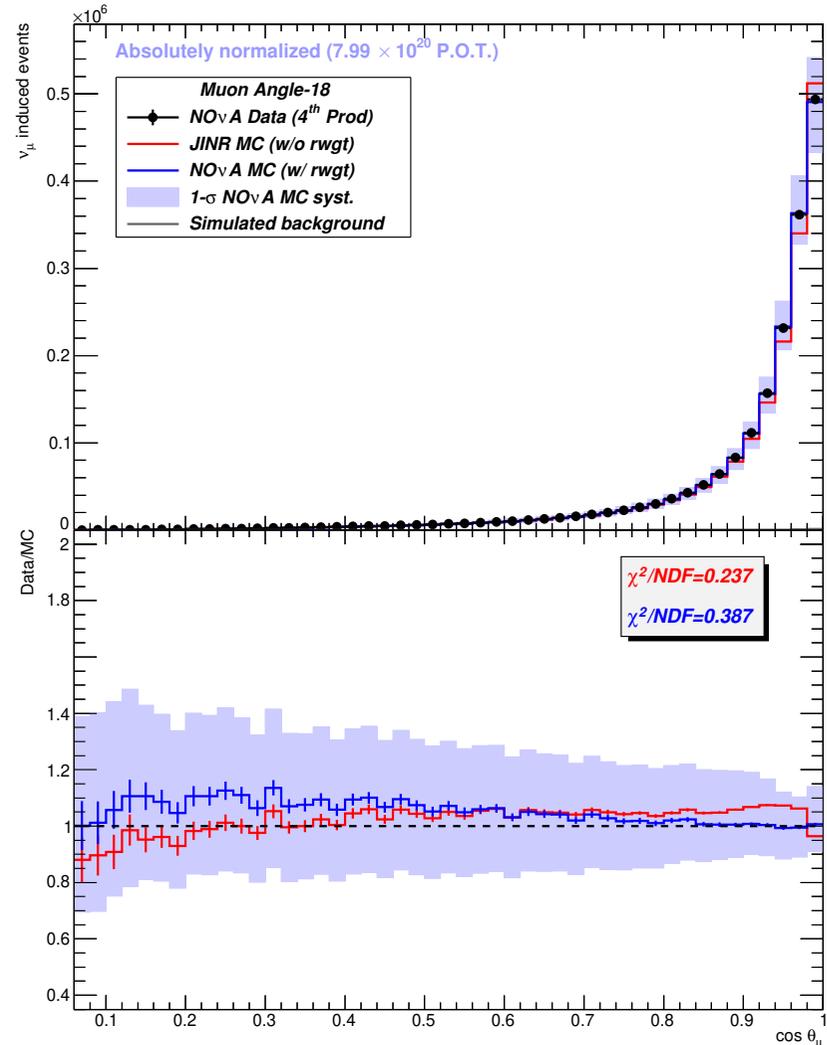
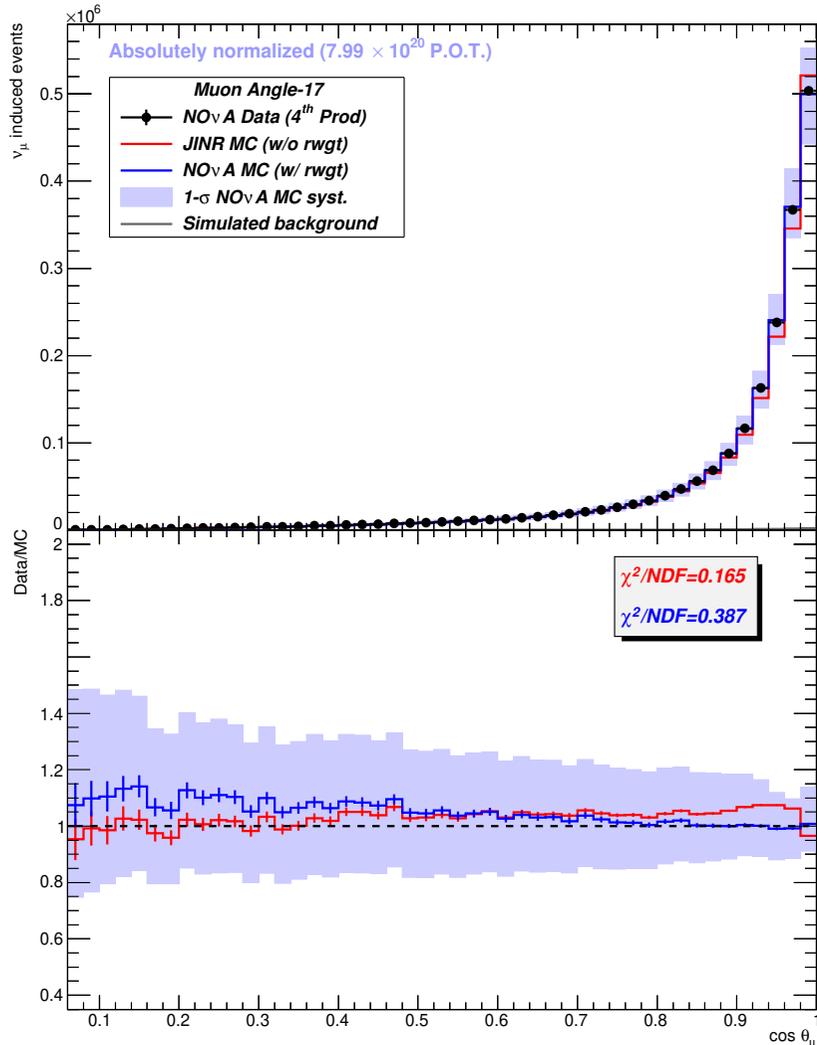
Backup

ND data comparison (FHC mode)

Cos of the muon angle

kNumuCutND2017Prod4

kNumuCutND2018

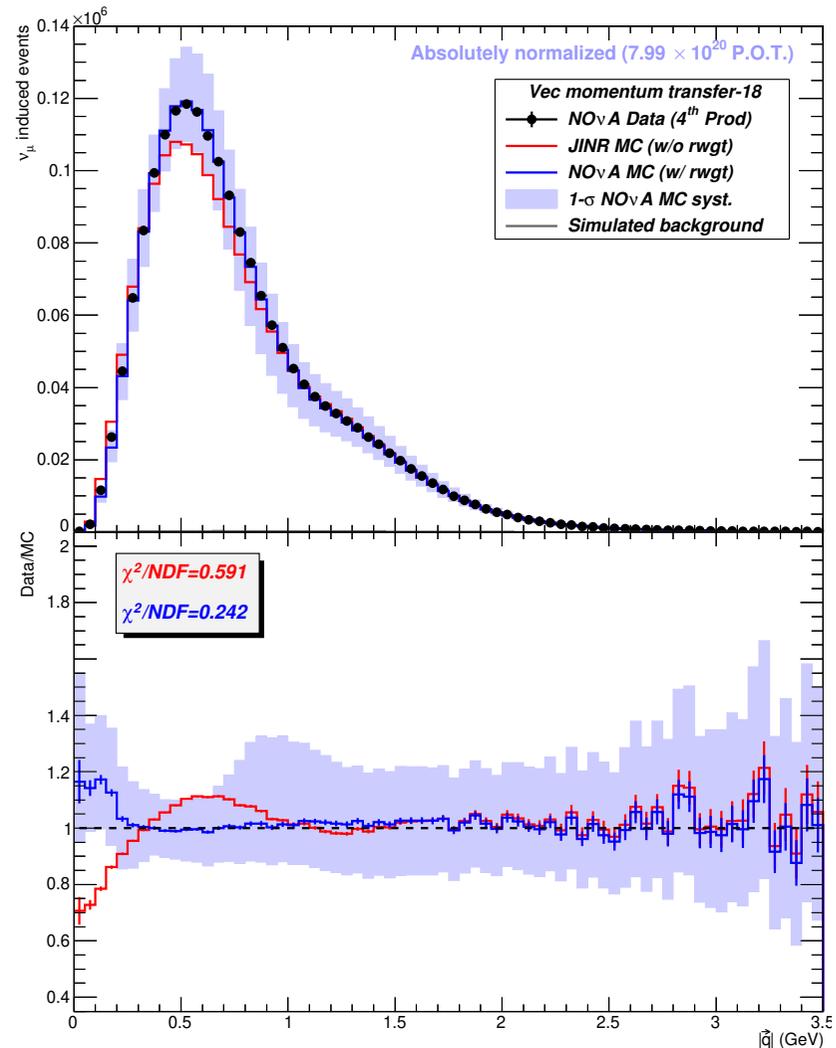
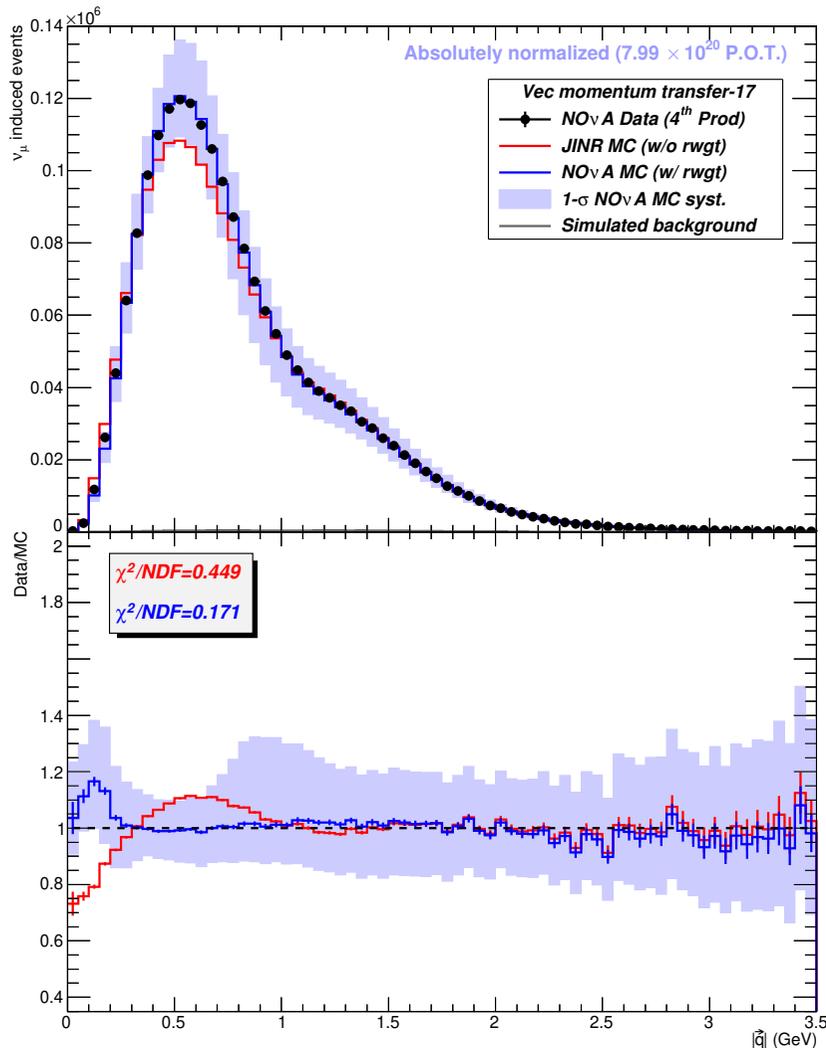


ND data comparison (FHC mode)

Module of vec momentum transfer

kNumuCutND2017Prod4

kNumuCutND2018

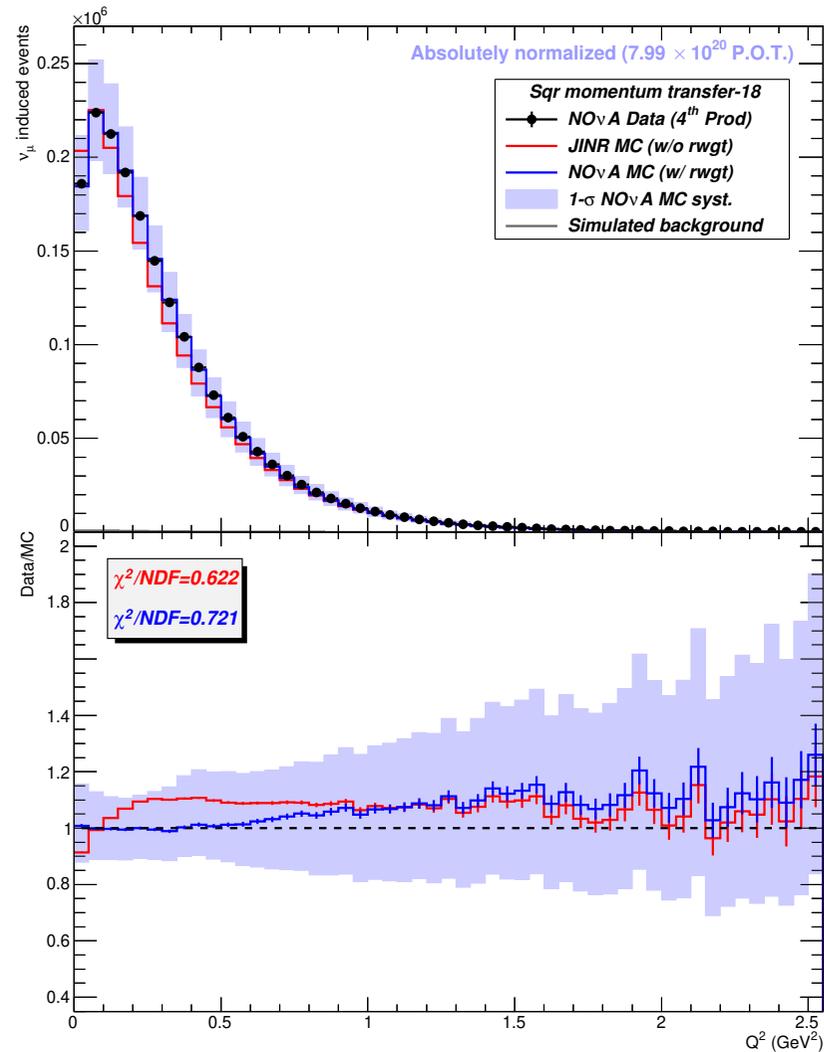
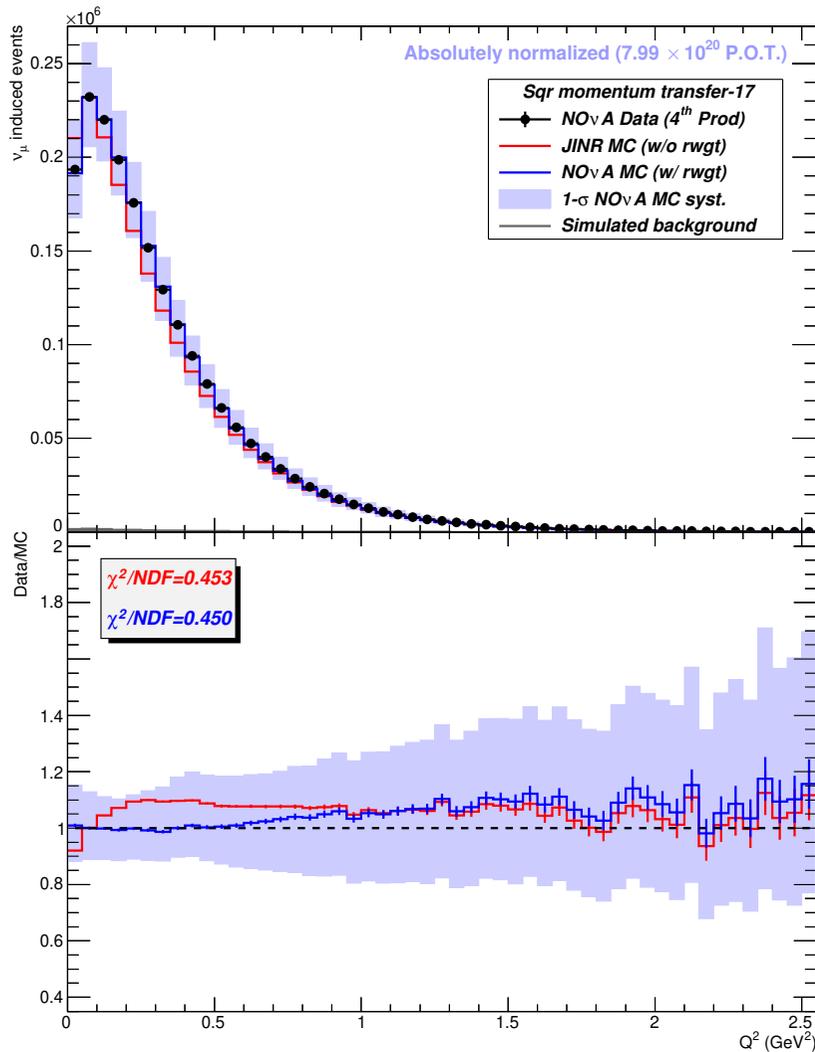


ND data comparison (FHC mode)

Square of momentum transfer

kNumuCutND2017Prod4

kNumuCutND2018

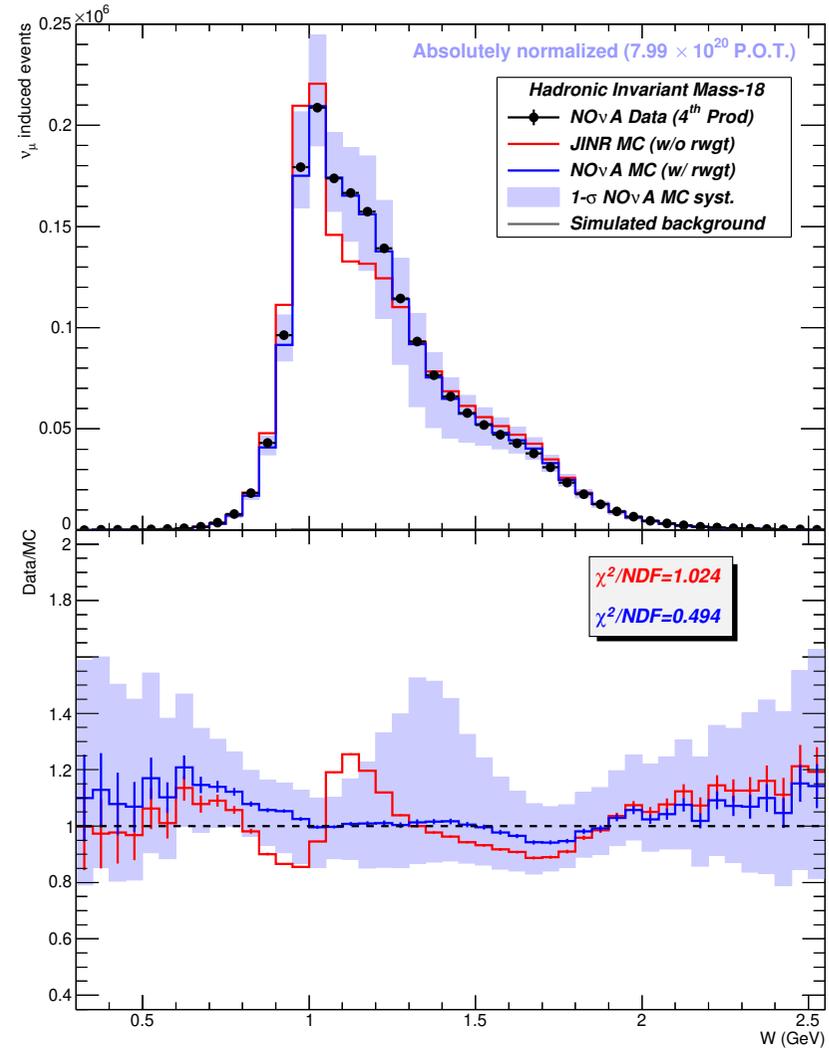
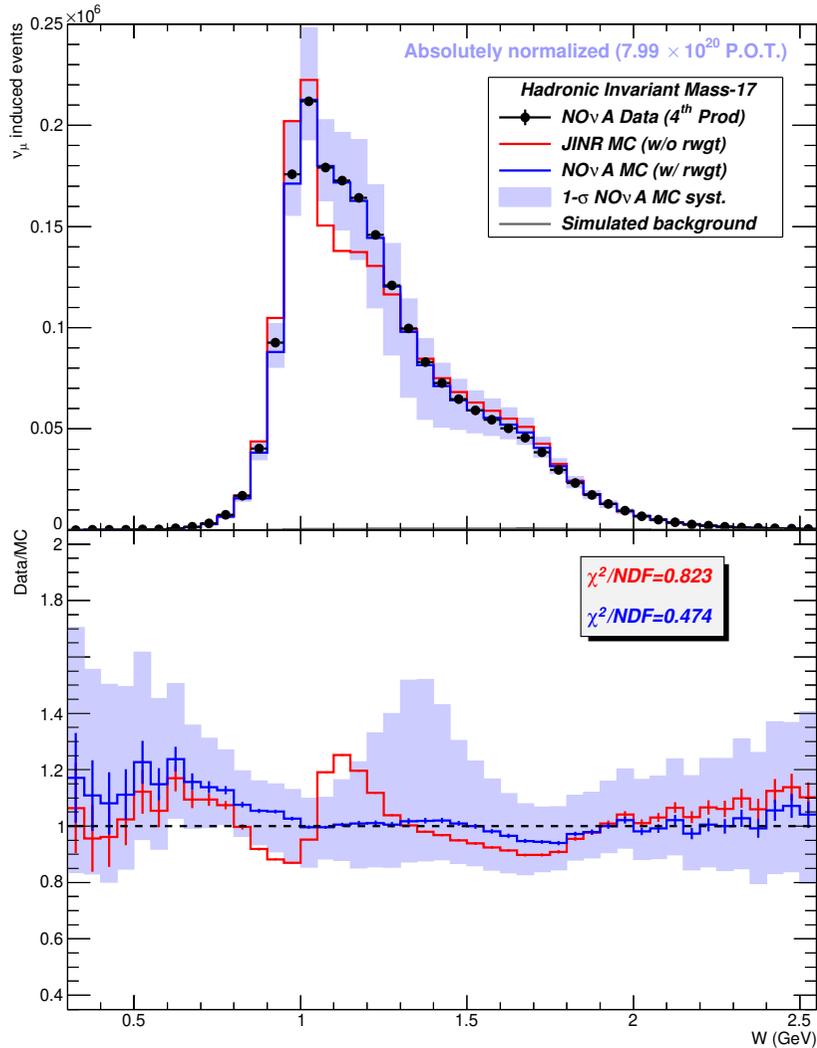


ND data comparison (FHC mode)

Invariant mass

kNumuCutND2017Prod4

kNumuCutND2018

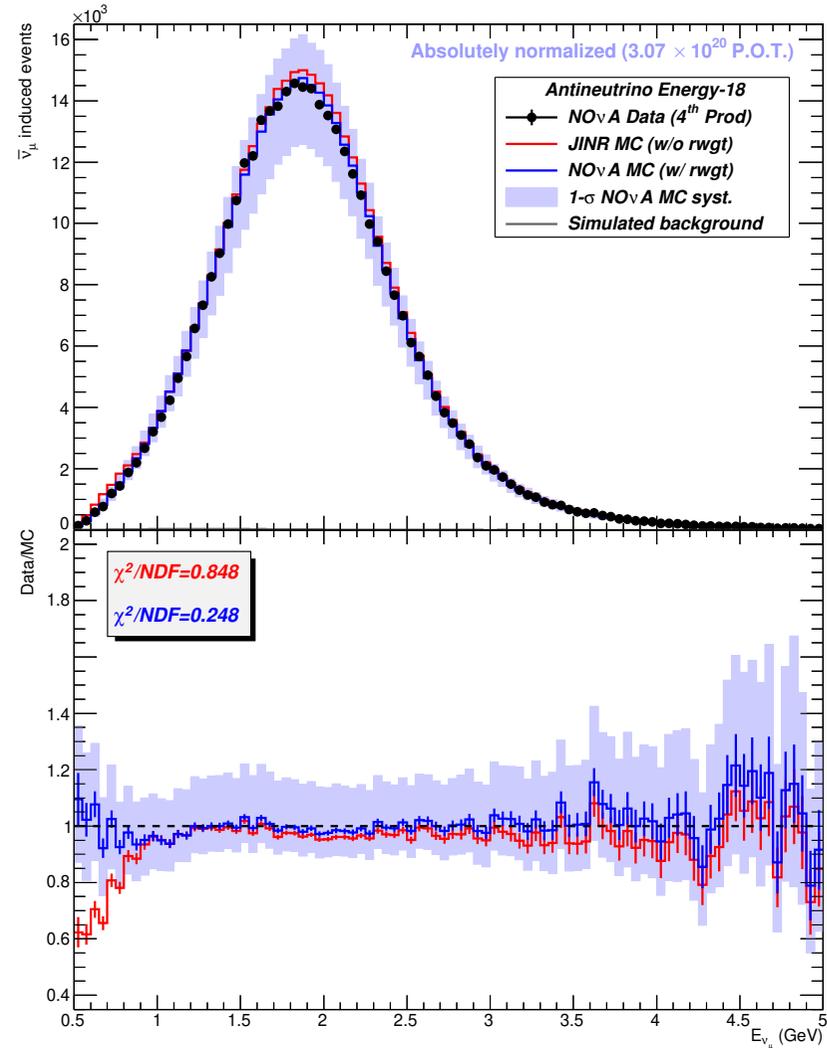
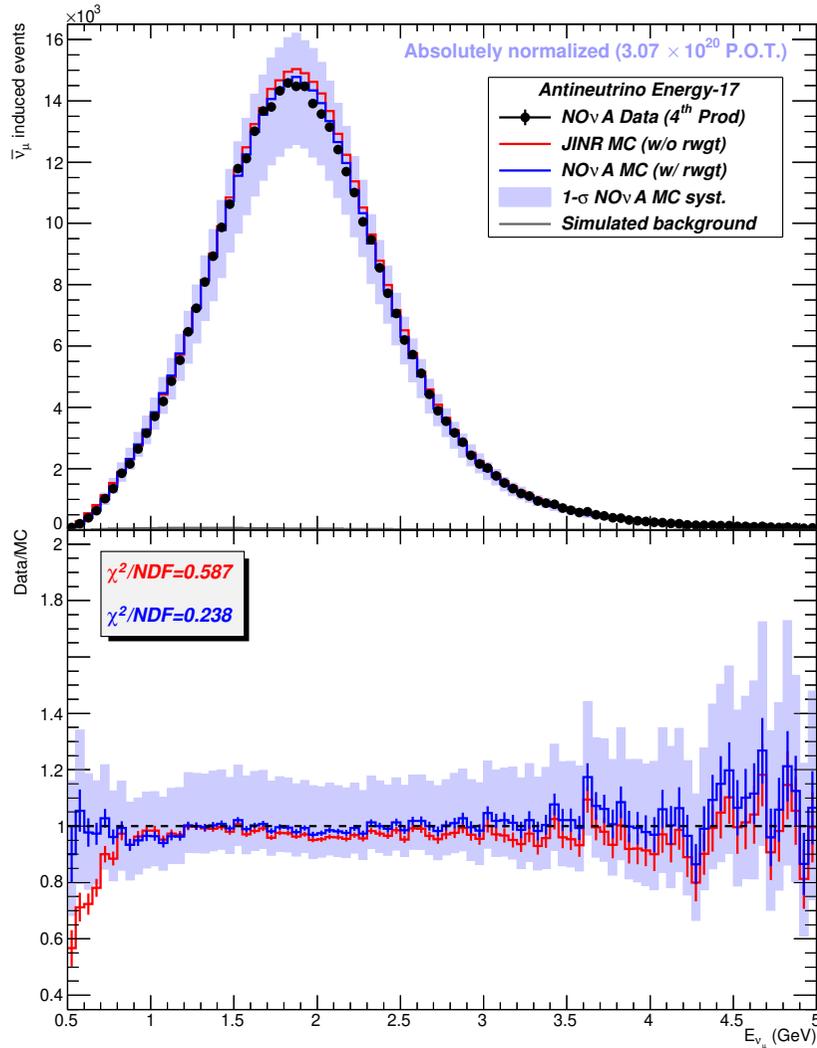


ND data comparison (RHC mode)

Antineutrino energy

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kNumuCutND2018

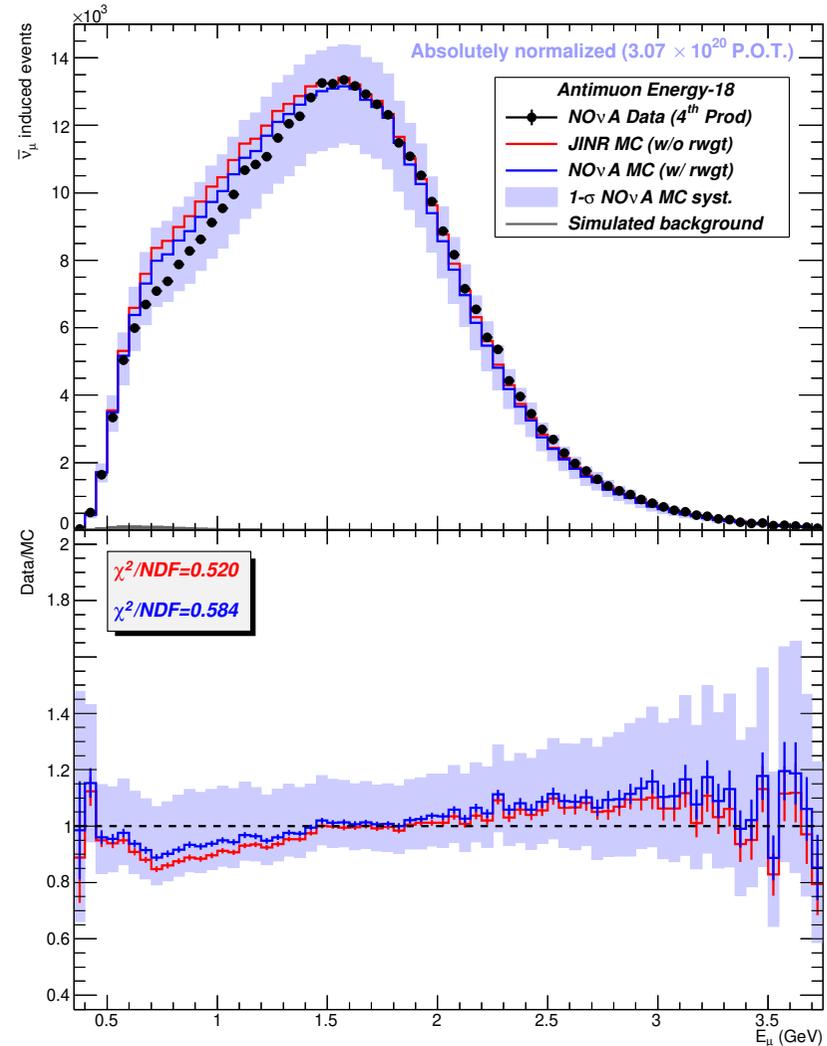
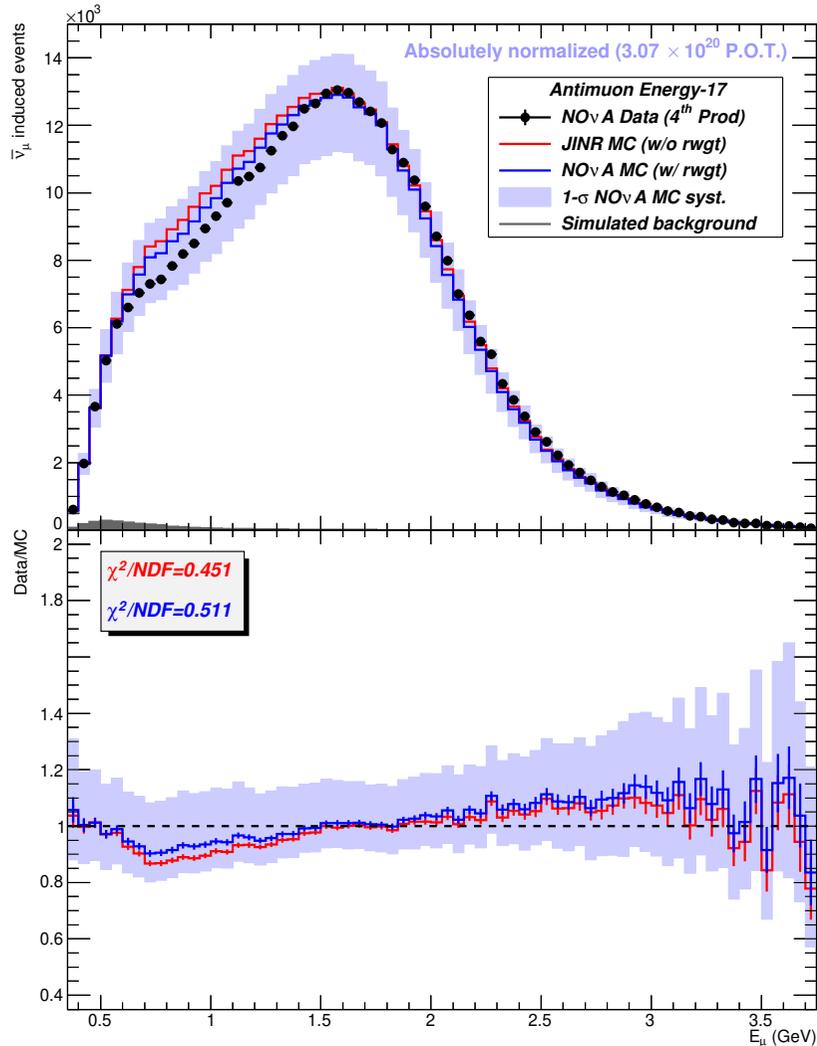


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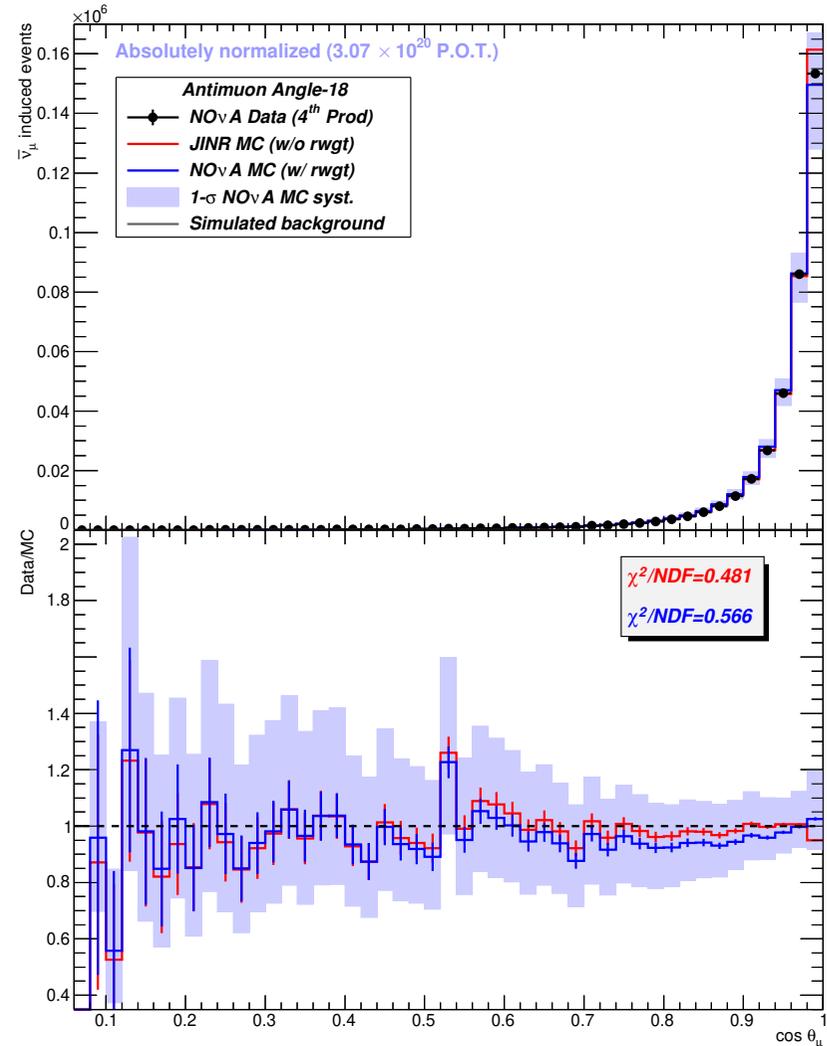
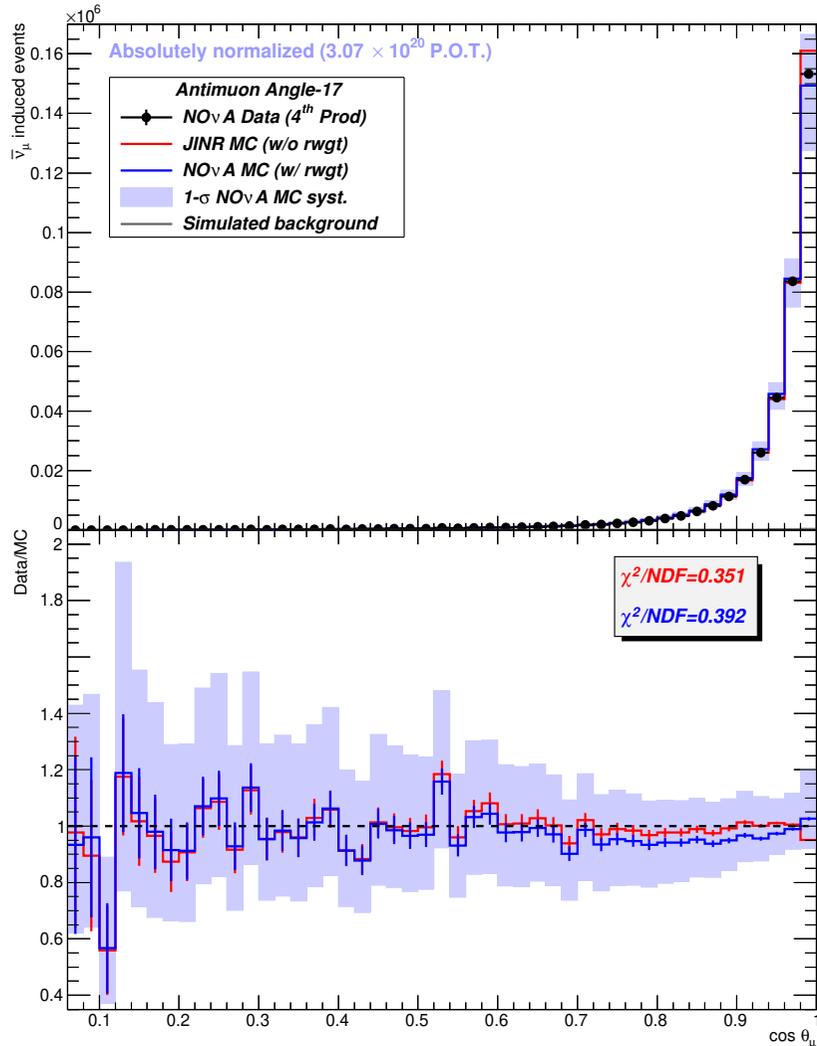


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Cos of the muon angle

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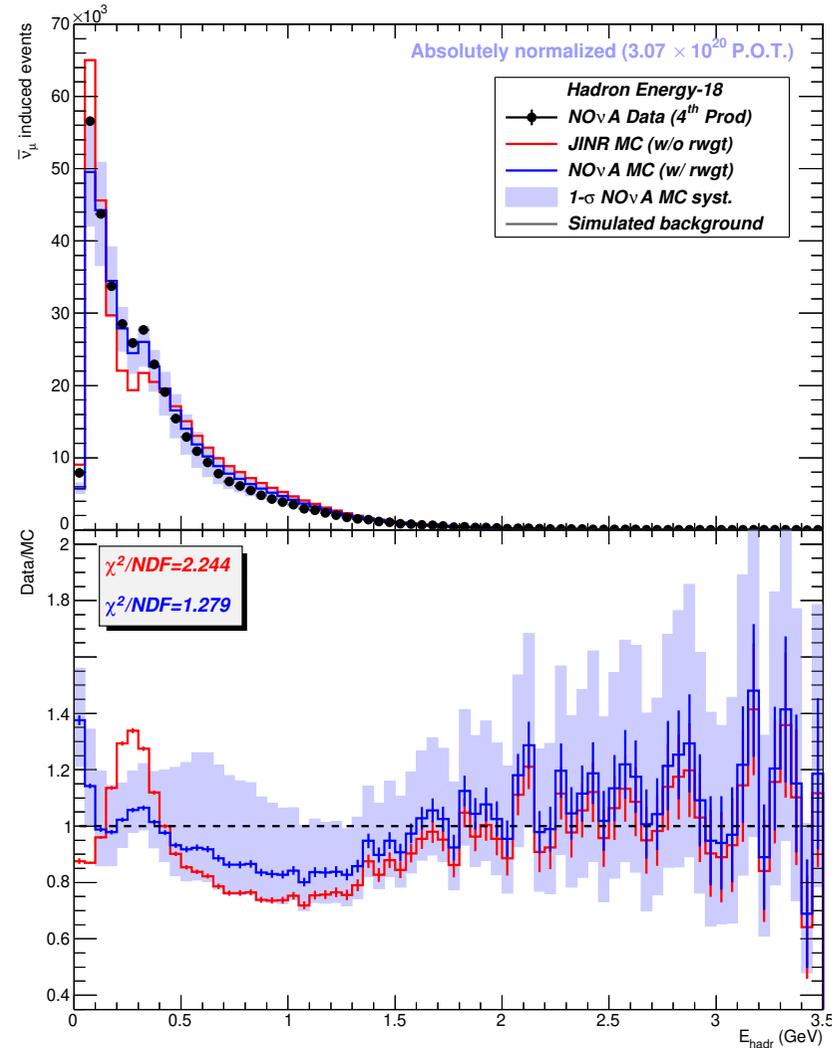
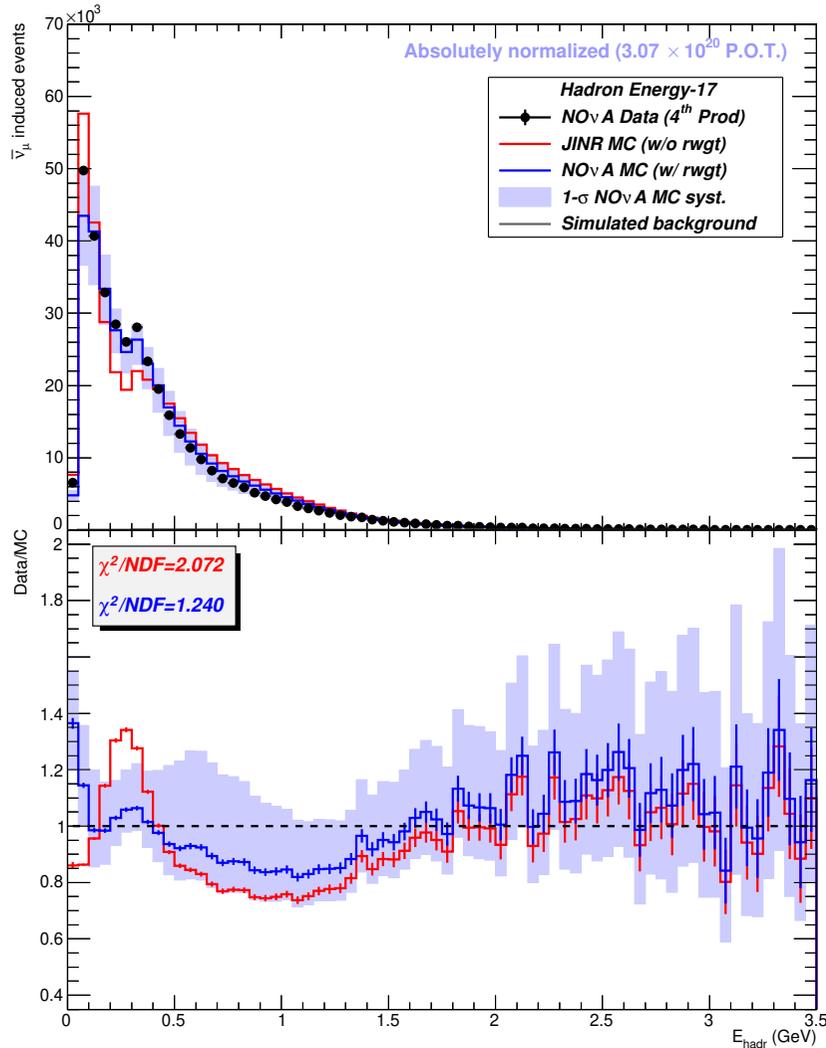


ND data comparison (RHC mode)

Hadron energy

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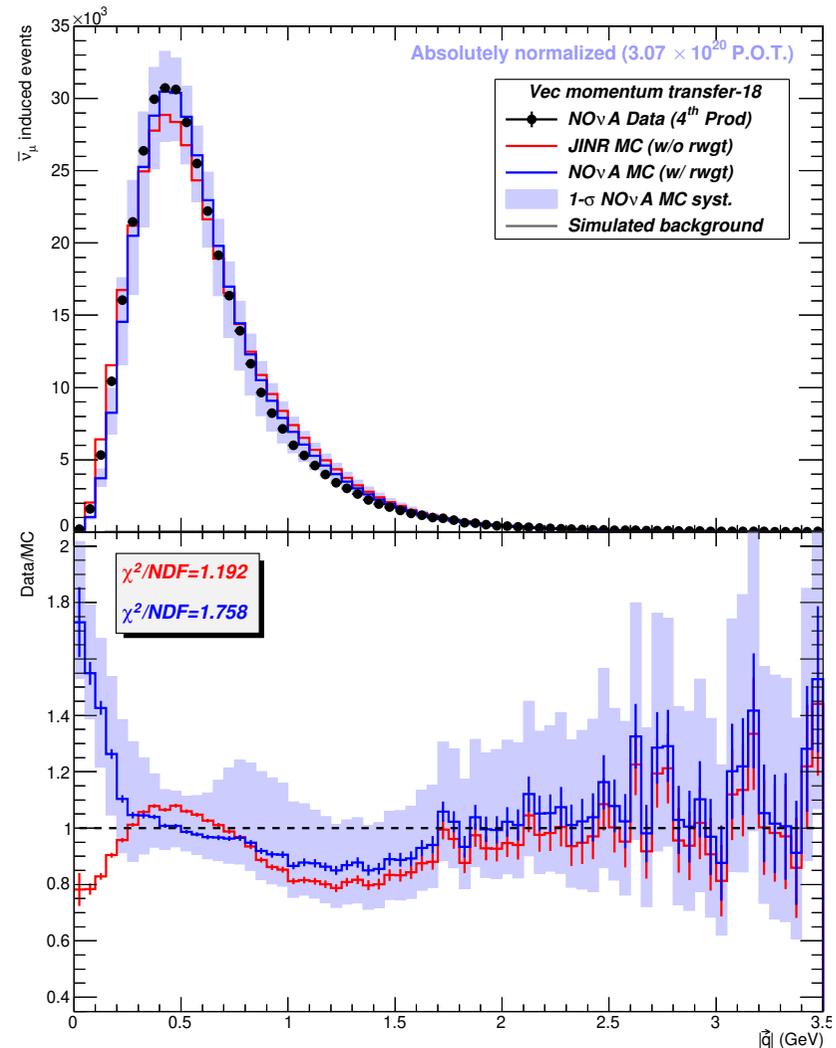
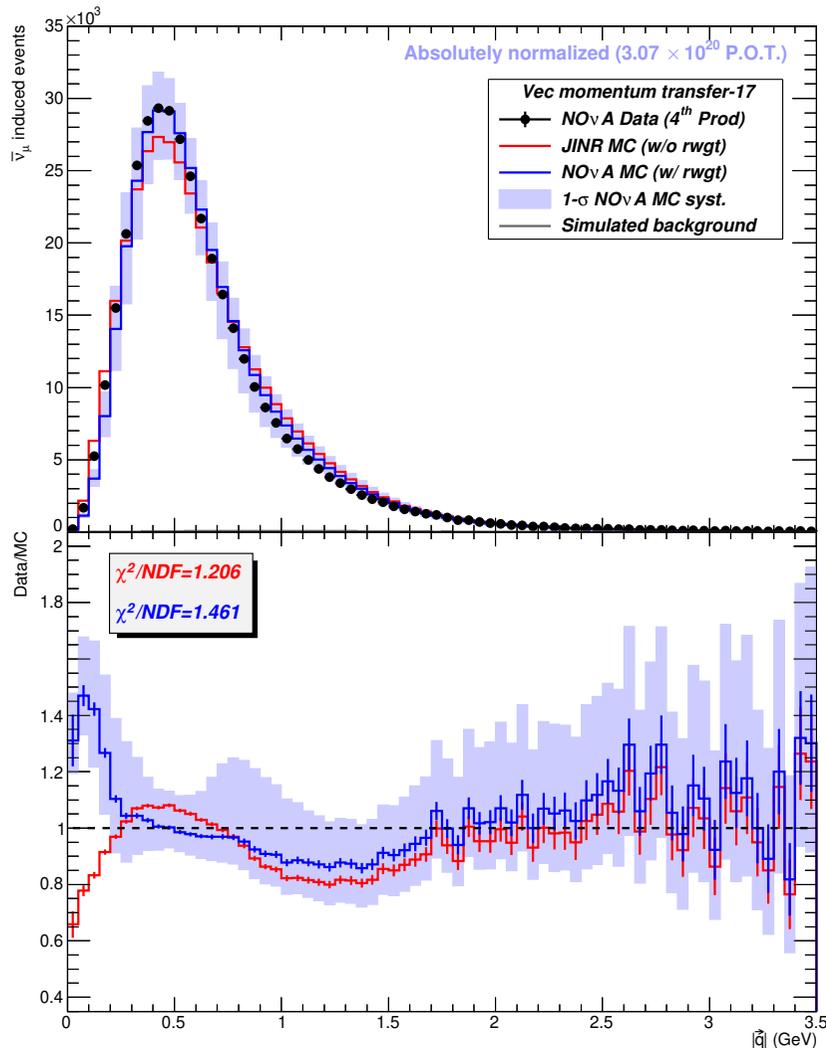


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kNumuCutND2018

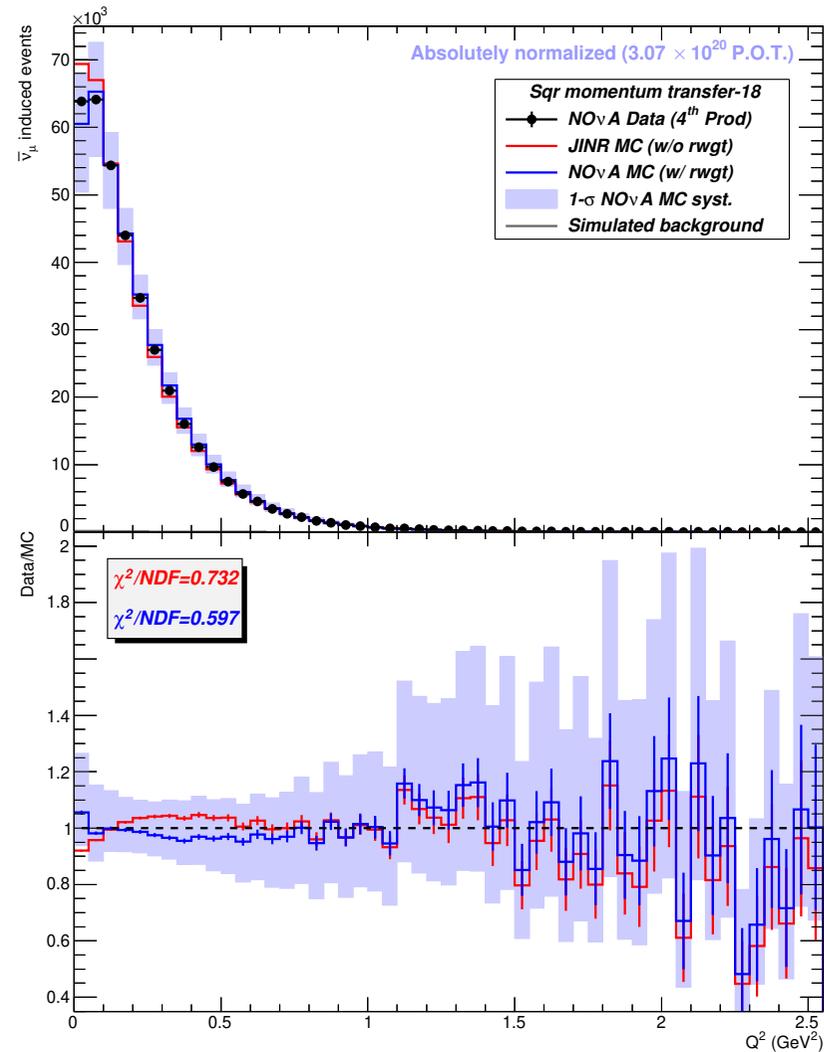
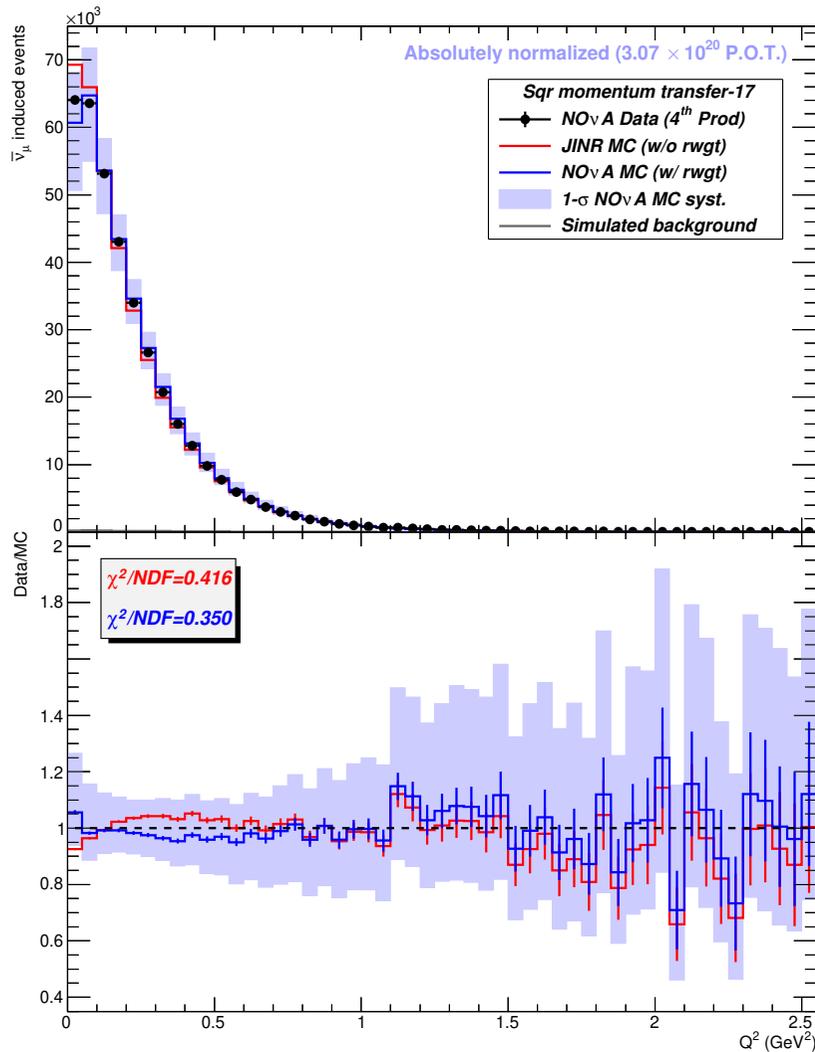


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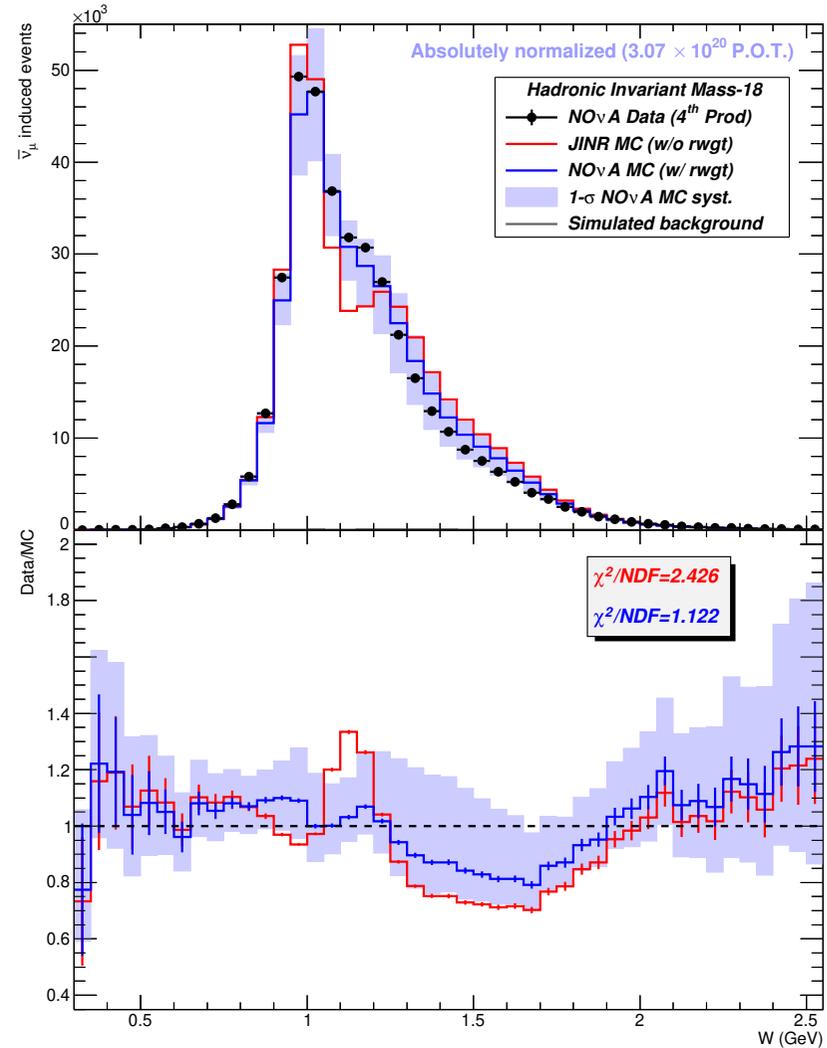
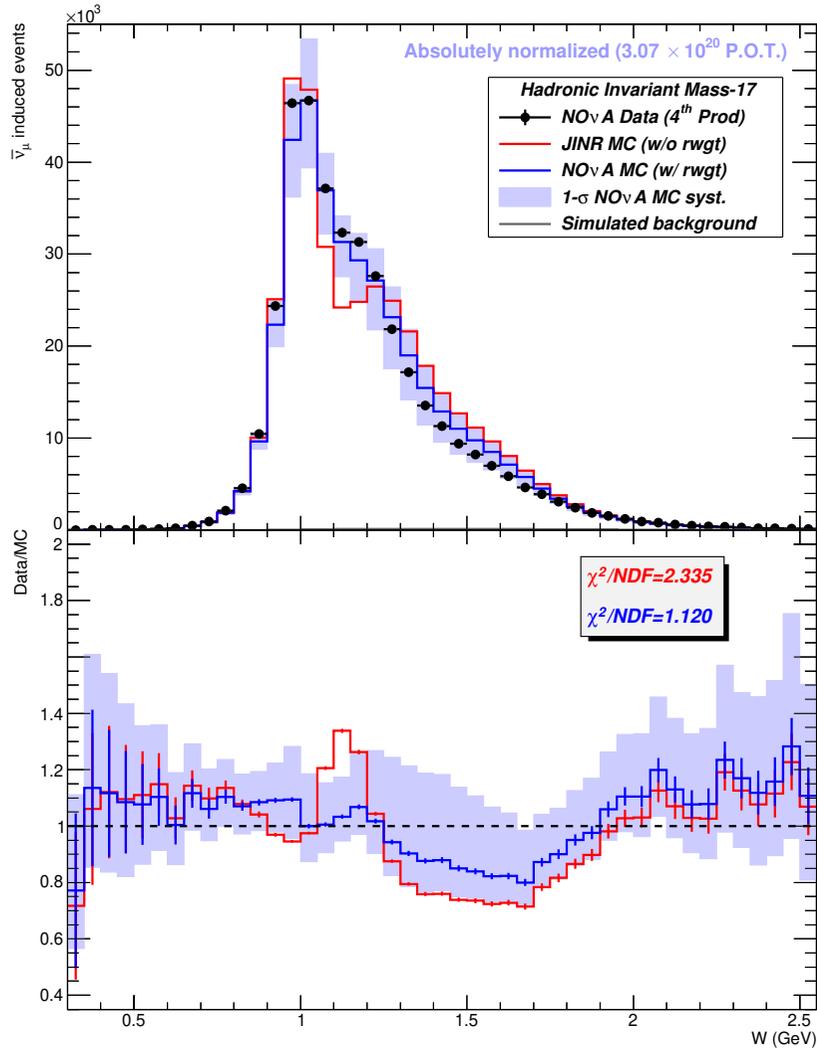


ND data comparison (RHC mode)

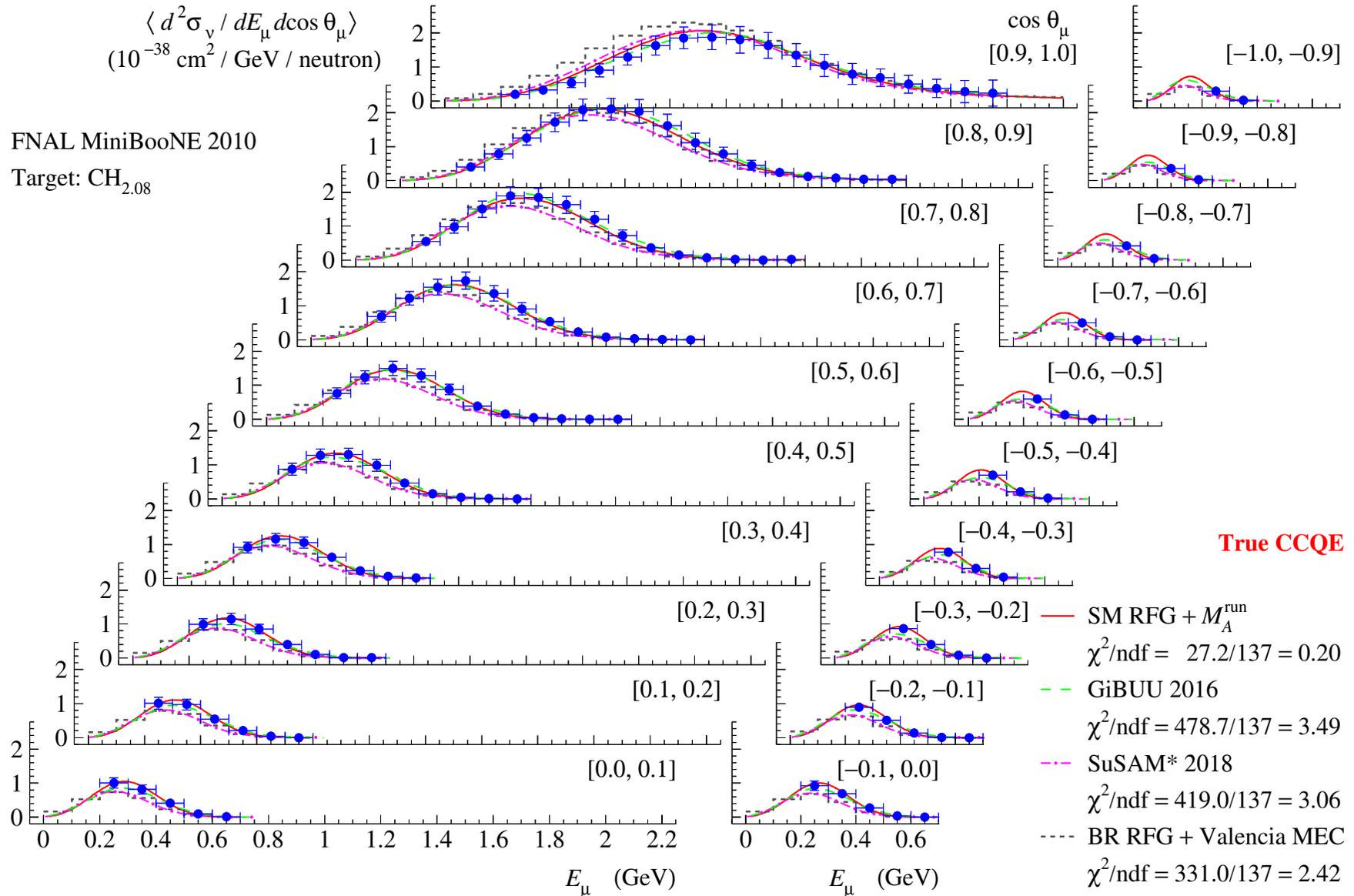
Invariant mass

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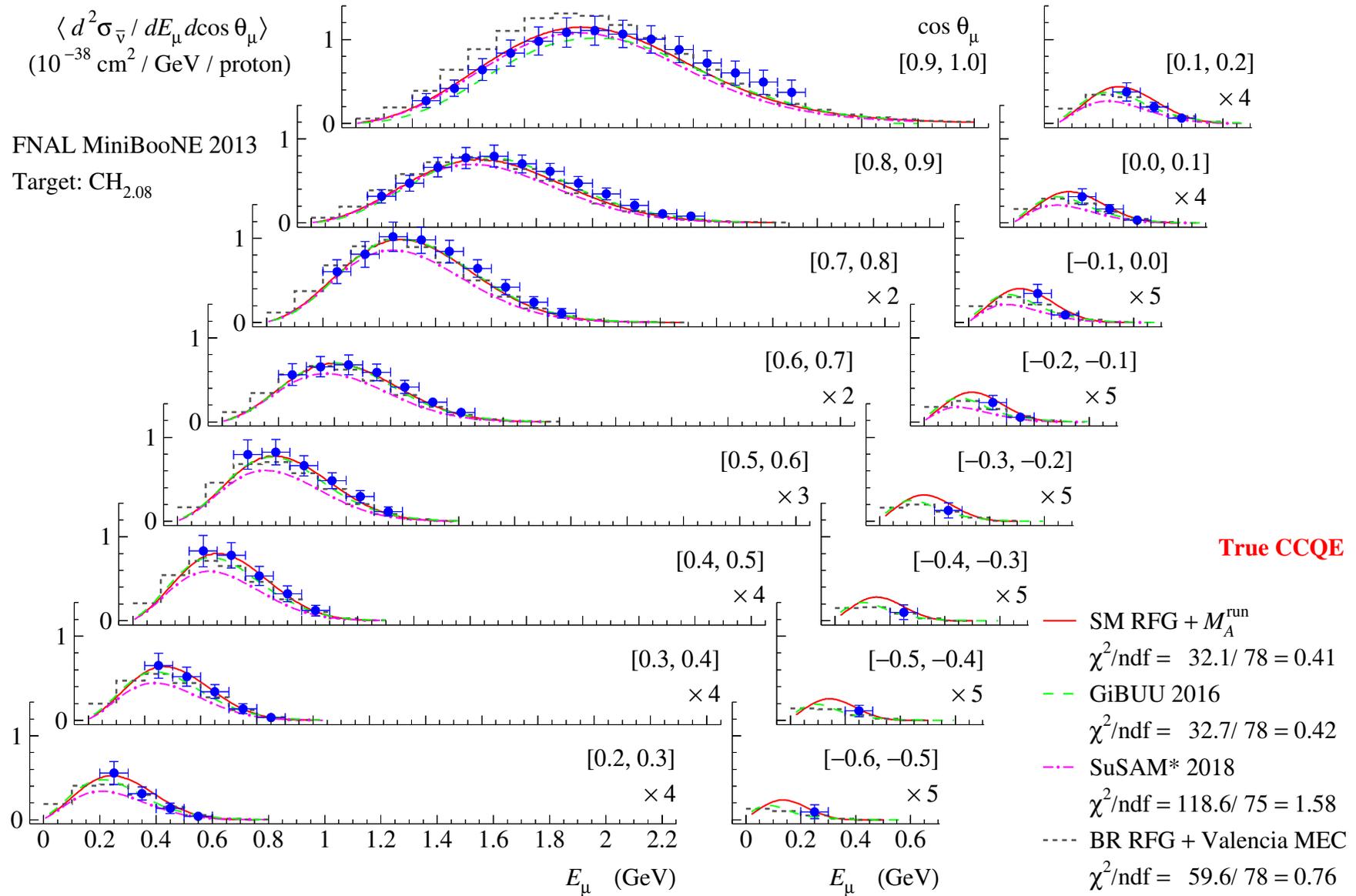
kNumuCutND2018



Comparison with MiniBooNE data



Comparison with MiniBooNE data



Comparison with MINER ν A data

$$\langle d^2\sigma_{\bar{\nu}}(E_{\bar{\nu}}) / dP_T dP_L \rangle$$

($10^{-38} \text{ cm}^2 / \text{GeV}^2 / \text{nucleon}$)
 $\theta_{\mu} < 20^\circ$

FNAL
 MINER ν A 2018
 Target: Hydrocarbon

